REFERENCE TITLE: TPT; contractors; reform

State of Arizona House of Representatives Fifty-fourth Legislature First Regular Session 2019

HB 2734

Introduced by Representative Cobb

AN ACT

AMENDING SECTIONS 41-1516, 41-1532, 42-1103, 42-5001 AND 42-5006, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES: REPEALING SECTIONS 42-5007 AND 42-5008.01. ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTIONS 42-5009, 42-5010, 42-5029, 42-5029.02, 42-5032.01, 42-5032.02 AND 42-5040, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES; AMENDING SECTION 42-5061, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2018, CHAPTER 104, SECTION 15 AND CHAPTER 249, SECTION 1; AMENDING SECTION 42-5061, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2018, CHAPTER 104, SECTION 15, CHAPTER 249, SECTION 1 AND SECTION 263, SECTION 1; REPEALING SECTION 42-5075. ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES: AMENDING TITLE 42. CHAPTER 5. ARTICLE 2, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING A NEW SECTION 42-5075 AND SECTION 42-5077; AMENDING SECTIONS 42-5151, 42-5155, 42-5159 AND 42-5160, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES: AMENDING TITLE 42. CHAPTER 6. ARTICLE 1. ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, BY ADDING SECTION 42-6001.01; AMENDING SECTION 42-6004, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES. AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2018. CHAPTER 17. SECTION 1. CHAPTER 249, SECTION 6 AND CHAPTER 341, SECTION 2; AMENDING SECTION 42-6004, ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES, AS AMENDED BY LAWS 2018, CHAPTER 17, SECTION 1. CHAPTER 249. SECTION 6. CHAPTER 263. SECTION 3 AND CHAPTER 341. SECTION 2; AMENDING SECTIONS 42-6102, 43-1072.01, 43-1072.02, 44-1263 AND 49-290. ARIZONA REVISED STATUTES: RELATING TO STATE AND MUNICIPAL TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE AND USE TAXES.

(TEXT OF BILL BEGINS ON NEXT PAGE)

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 Be it enacted by the Legislature of the State of Arizona:

Section 1. Section 41-1516, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

41-1516. Healthy forest enterprise incentives: definitions

- A. The Arizona commerce authority shall:
- 1. Implement a program to encourage counties, cities and towns to provide local incentives to economic enterprises that promote forest health in this state.
- 2. Identify and certify to the department of revenue the names of and relevant information relating to qualified businesses for the purposes of available state tax incentives for economic enterprises that promote forest health in this state.
- B. To qualify for state tax incentives pursuant to this section, a business:
- 1. Must be primarily engaged in a qualifying project. The business shall submit to the authority evidence that it is engaged in a qualifying project as follows:
- (a) The business operation must enhance or sustain forest health, sustain or recover watershed or improve public safety.
- (b) If the qualifying forest product is on federal land, the business shall submit a letter from the federal agency administering the land, or official records or documents produced in connection with the project, stating that the business is primarily engaged in the business of harvesting or processing qualifying forest products for commercial use as follows:
- (i) At least seventy per cent PERCENT of the harvested or processed products, measured by weight, must be qualifying forest products.
- (ii) At least seventy-five per cent PERCENT of the qualifying forest products, measured by weight, must be harvested from sources in this state.
- (c) If the qualifying forest product is not on federal land, the business shall submit a letter from the state forester stating that the business is primarily engaged in the business of harvesting or processing qualifying forest products for commercial use as follows:
- (i) At least seventy per cent PERCENT of the harvested or processed products must be qualifying forest products.
- (ii) At least seventy-five per cent PERCENT of the harvested or processed products must be from areas in this state.
- (d) If the business is engaged in transporting qualifying forest products, it must submit a letter from the state forester or United States forest service, or official records or documents produced in connection with the project, stating that all of the qualifying forest products it transports are harvested from areas in this state. In addition, the business must submit evidence to the authority that at least seventy-five per cent PERCENT of the mileage traveled by its units each year are for

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transporting qualifying forest products from or to qualifying projects described in subdivision (b) or (c) of this paragraph, unless a lower mileage is due to forest closures or weather conditions that are beyond the control of the business.

- 2. Must employ at least one permanent full-time employee.
- 3. Must agree to furnish to the authority information relating to the amount of state tax benefits that the business receives each year.
- 4. Must enter into a memorandum of understanding with the authority containing:
- (a) Employment goals. Each year the business must report in writing to the authority its performance in achieving the goals.
- (b) A commitment to continue in business and use the qualifying equipment primarily on qualifying projects in this state as described in paragraph 1 of this subsection, other than for reasons beyond the control of the business. The authority shall consult with the department of revenue in designing the memorandum of understanding to incorporate the legal qualifications for the available tax incentives and shall include the requirement that any qualifying equipment that is purchased or leased free of transaction privilege or use tax must continue to be used in this state for the term of the memorandum of understanding or the duration of its operational life, whichever is shorter.
- (c) Provisions considered necessary by the authority to ensure the competency and responsibility of businesses that qualify under this section, including registration or other accreditation with trade and professional organizations and compliance with best management and operational practices used by governmental agencies in awarding forestry contracts.
- (d) The authorization for the authority to terminate, adjust or recapture all or part of the tax benefits provided to the business on noncompliance with the law, noncompliance with the terms of the memorandum or violation of the terms of any contracts with the federal or state government relating to the qualifying project. The authority shall notify the department of revenue of the conditions of noncompliance. The department of revenue may also terminate the certification if it obtains information indicating a failure to qualify and comply. The department of revenue may require the business to file appropriate amended tax returns or to file appropriate use tax returns reflecting the recapture of the direct or indirect tax benefits.
- 5. Must submit a copy of the certification to the department of revenue for approval before using the certification for purposes of any tax incentive. The department of revenue shall review and approve the certification in a timely manner if the business is in good standing with the department and is not delinquent in the payment of any tax collected by the department. A failure to approve or deny the certification within

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sixty days after the date the business submits it to the department constitutes approval of the certification.

C. For the purposes of section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 18, the authority shall certify prime contractors that contract for the construction of any building, or other structure, project, development or improvement owned by a qualified business for purposes of a qualifying project described in subsection B, paragraph 1 of this section.

- $\overline{\text{D.}}$ C. To obtain and maintain certification under this section, a business must:
 - 1. Apply to the authority.
- 2. Submit and retain copies of all required information, including information relating to the actual or projected number of employees in this state.
- 3. Allow inspections and audits to verify the qualification and accuracy of information submitted to the authority.
- E. D. Certification under this section is valid for sixty calendar months from the date of issuance. A business must apply for recertification at least thirty days before the current certification expires. The application for recertification shall be in a form prescribed by the authority and shall confirm that the business is continuing in a qualifying project and is in compliance with all requirements prescribed for certification.
- F. E. Within sixty days after receiving a complete and correct application and all required information as prescribed by this section, the authority shall grant or deny certification and give written notice by certified mail to the applicant. The applicant is certified as a qualified business on the date the notice of certification is delivered to the applicant. A failure to respond within sixty days after receiving a complete and correct application constitutes approval of the application.
- 6. F. The certification shall state an effective date with respect to each authorized tax incentive, which, in each case, must be at the start of a taxable year or taxable period.
- H. G. On or before March 1 of each year, each qualifying business shall make a report to the authority on all business activity in the preceding calendar year. Business information contained in the reports is confidential and shall not be disclosed to the public except as provided by this section and except that a copy of the report shall be transmitted to the department of revenue. The report shall be in a form prescribed by the authority and include:
- 1. Information prescribed by the authority with respect to both qualifying projects and other projects and business activity that do not qualify for purposes of this section.
- 2. Employment information necessary to confirm eligibility for income tax credits as prescribed by sections 43-1076 and 43-1162.

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- 3. The quantity, measured by weight, of qualifying forest products harvested, transported or processed.
- 1. H. On or before May 1 of each year, the authority shall report to the joint legislative budget committee:
- 1. The quantity, measured by weight, of qualifying forest products reported by harvesters, by transporters and by processors in the preceding calendar year.
- 2. The number of new full-time employees hired in qualified employment positions in this state in the preceding calendar year and reported for tax credit purposes.
- 3. The total number of all full-time employees employed in qualified employment positions in this state in the preceding calendar year and reported for tax credit purposes.
- J. I. For purposes of administering and ensuring compliance with this section, agents of the authority may enter, and a qualified business shall allow access to, a qualifying project site at reasonable times and on reasonable notice to:
 - 1. Inspect the facilities at the site.
- 2. Obtain factual data and records pertinent to and required by law to be kept for purposes of tax incentives.
- 3. Otherwise ascertain compliance with law and the terms of the memorandum of understanding.
- K. J. The authority shall revoke the business' certification and notify the department of revenue and county assessor if either:
- 1. Within thirty days after a formal request from the authority or the department of revenue the business fails or refuses to provide the information or access for inspections required by this section.
- 2. The business no longer meets the terms and conditions required for qualification for the applicable tax incentives.
 - ★ K. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Forest health" means the degree to which the integrity of the forest is sustained, including reducing the risk of catastrophic wildfire and destructive insect infestation, benefiting wildland habitats, watersheds and communities.
- 2. "Harvesting" means all operations relating to felling or otherwise removing trees and other forest plant growth and preparing them for transport for subsequent processing.
 - 3. "Processing" means:
- (a) Any change in the physical structure of qualifying forest products removed from a qualifying project into a marketable commercial product or component of a product that has commercial value to a consumer or purchaser and that is ready to be used with or without further altering its form.
- (b) Burning qualifying forest products in the process of commercial electrical generation or commercial thermal energy production for heating

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or cooling, regardless of the physical structure of the forest product before burning.

- 4. "Qualifying equipment" means equipment used directly in harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from a qualifying project. Qualifying equipment does not include self-propelled vehicles required to be licensed by this state, but may include other licensed vehicles as provided by this paragraph. Qualifying equipment includes:
- (a) Forest thinning and residue removal equipment, including mulching and masticating equipment, feller-bunchers, skidders, log loaders, portable chippers and grinders, slash bundlers, delimbers, log trailers, chip trailers and other trailers that are uniquely designed for handling forest products and that are licensed for operation on public highways.
- (b) Forest residue receiving and handling equipment, including truck dumpers, log unloaders, scales, log decking facilities and equipment and chip pile facilities.
- (c) Sorting and processing equipment, including portable and stationary log loaders, front end FRONT-END loaders, fork lifts FORKLIFTS and cranes, chippers and grinders, screens, decks and debarkers, saws and sawmill equipment, firewood processing, wood residue baling and bagging equipment, kilns, planing and molding equipment and laminating and joining equipment.
- (d) Forest waste and residue disposal and processing equipment, including:
- (i) Processing and sizing equipment, hogs, chippers, screens, pelletizers and wood splitters.
- (ii) Transporting and handling equipment, including loaders, conveyors, blowers, receiving hoppers, truck dumpers and dozers.
- (iii) Waste use equipment, including fuel feed, storage bins, boilers and combustors.
- (iv) Waste project use equipment, including generators, switchgear and substations and on-site distribution systems.
- (v) Generated waste disposal equipment, including ash silos and wastewater treatment and disposal equipment.
- (vi) Shop and maintenance equipment and major spares having a value of more than five thousand dollars \$5,000 each.
- 5. "Qualifying forest products" means dead standing and fallen timber, and forest thinnings associated with the harvest of small diameter timber, slash, wood chips, peelings, brush and other woody vegetation, removed from federal, state and other public forest land and from private forest land.
- 6. "Qualifying project" means harvesting, transporting or processing qualifying forest products as required for certification pursuant to this section.

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Sec. 2. Section 41-1532, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

41-1532. <u>Tax incentives; conditions</u>

- A. A prime contractor CONSTRUCTING A HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE IN A MILITARY REUSE ZONE may qualify for an exemption from transaction privilege tax with respect to activities in a military reuse zone as provided, and subject to the terms and conditions prescribed, by section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 4-1.
- B. Taxable property in a military reuse zone that is devoted to providing aviation or aerospace services or to manufacturing, assembling or fabricating aviation or aerospace products qualifies for assessment as class six property as provided, and subject to the terms and conditions prescribed, by sections 42-12006 and 42-15006.
- C. To qualify for a tax incentive described in subsection A or B of this section, the taxpayer shall provide to the authority information relating to the amount of tax benefits the taxpayer receives each year for each year in which the taxpayer claims the incentives on forms prescribed by the authority. If the taxpayer fails to provide the required information, the authority shall immediately revoke the taxpayer's certification of eligibility and notify the department of revenue.
- D. Taxpayers who qualify for tax incentives under subsection B of this section shall be certified by the authority as eligible for a five-year period, subject to termination in the event of changed circumstances rendering the taxpayer no longer eligible.
- Sec. 3. Section 42-1103, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-1103. <u>Enjoining delinquent taxpayer from engaging or continuing in business</u>

- A. In order to ensure or to compel payment of taxes and to aid in enforcing this article, the director may apply to the tax court to enjoin any delinquent taxpayer or person who may be or may become liable for payment of any tax from engaging or continuing in business until the person ceases to be a delinquent taxpayer or complies with other requirements which THAT are reasonably necessary to protect the revenues of this state and which THAT are prescribed by the director.
- B. On application for an injunction against a delinquent taxpayer, the court may forthwith issue an order temporarily restraining the taxpayer from doing business. The court shall hear the matter within three days and, on a showing by a preponderance of evidence that the taxpayer is delinquent and has been given notice of the hearing as required by law, the court may enjoin the taxpayer from engaging or continuing in business in this state until the taxpayer ceases to be delinquent. On issuing an injunction, the court may also order the sheriff to seal the taxpayer's business premises and may allow the taxpayer access to the premises only on the approval of the court.

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- C. On application for an injunction against a person other than a delinquent taxpayer, the court may issue an order temporarily restraining the person from engaging or continuing in business. The court shall hear the matter within three days and, on a showing that the person has been given notice of the hearing as required by law, that demand has been made on the taxpayer to furnish security, that the taxpayer has not furnished security and that the director considers the collection from the primarily responsible person of the total amount of tax due or reasonably expected to become due to be in jeopardy, the court may forthwith enjoin the person from engaging or continuing in business until the person complies in full with the demand of the director for furnishing security.
- D. The court shall not issue a temporary restraining order or injunction under this section against any person who has furnished security pursuant to section 42-1102, OR 42-5006 or 42-5007. On a showing to the court by any person against whom a temporary restraining order or injunction has issued under this section that the person has furnished such security, the court shall dissolve or set aside the temporary restraining order or injunction.
- Sec. 4. Section 42-5001, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5001. <u>Definitions</u>

In this article and article 2 of this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Business" includes all activities or acts, personal or corporate, THAT ARE engaged in or caused to be engaged in with the object of gain, benefit or advantage, either directly or indirectly, but does not include either:
 - (a) Casual activities or sales.
- (b) The transfer of electricity from a solar photovoltaic generation system to an electric utility distribution system.
 - "CONTRACTING" MEANS ENGAGING IN BUSINESS AS A CONTRACTOR.
- 3. "CONTRACTOR" IS SYNONYMOUS WITH THE TERM "BUILDER" AND MEANS ANY PERSON OR ORGANIZATION THAT UNDERTAKES TO OR OFFERS TO UNDERTAKE TO, OR PURPORTS TO HAVE THE CAPACITY TO UNDERTAKE TO, OR SUBMITS A BID TO, OR DOES PERSONALLY OR BY OR THROUGH OTHERS, MODIFY ANY BUILDING, HIGHWAY, ROAD, RAILROAD, EXCAVATION OR OTHER STRUCTURE, PROJECT, DEVELOPMENT OR IMPROVEMENT, OR TO DO ANY PART OF SUCH A PROJECT, INCLUDING THE ERECTION OF SCAFFOLDING OR ANOTHER STRUCTURE OR WORKS IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH A PROJECT, AND INCLUDES SUBCONTRACTORS AND SPECIALTY CONTRACTORS. FOR ALL PURPOSES OF TAXATION OR DEDUCTION, THIS DEFINITION GOVERNS WITHOUT REGARD TO WHETHER THE CONTRACTOR IS ACTING IN FULFILLMENT OF A CONTRACT.
- $\frac{2}{3}$. "Distribution base" means the portion of the revenues derived from the tax levied by this article and articles 5 and 8 of this chapter designated for distribution to counties, municipalities and other purposes according to section 42-5029, subsection D.

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- 3.5. "Engaging", when used with reference to engaging or continuing in business, includes the exercise of corporate or franchise powers.
- 4. 6. "Gross income" means the gross receipts of a taxpayer derived from trade, business, commerce or sales and the value proceeding or accruing from the sale of tangible personal property or service, or both, and without any deduction on account of losses.
- 5. 7. "Gross proceeds of sales" means the value proceeding or accruing from the sale of tangible personal property without any deduction on account of the cost of property sold, expense of any kind or losses, but cash discounts allowed and taken on sales are not included as gross income.
- 6. 8. "Gross income" and "gross proceeds of sales" do not include goods, wares or merchandise, or THE value thereof, returned by customers if the sale price is refunded either in cash or by credit, nor OR the value of merchandise traded in on the purchase of new merchandise when the trade-in allowance is deducted from the sales price of the new merchandise before completion of the sale.
- 7. 9. "Gross receipts" means the total amount of the sale, lease or rental price, as the case may be, of the retail sales of retailers, including any services that are a part of the sales, valued in money, whether received in money or otherwise, including all receipts, cash, credits and property of every kind or nature, and any amount for which credit is allowed by the seller to the purchaser without any deduction from the amount on account of the cost of the property sold, materials used, labor or service performed, interest paid, losses or any other expense. Gross receipts do not include cash discounts allowed and taken nor OR the sale price of property returned by customers if the full sale price is refunded either in cash or by credit.
- 8. 10. "Person" or "company" includes an individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, estate or trust, this state, any county, city, town, district, other than a school district, or other political subdivision and any other group or combination acting as a unit, and the plural as well as the singular number.
 - 9. 11. "Qualifying community health center":
- (a) Means an entity that is recognized as nonprofit under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code, that is a community-based, primary care clinic that has a community-based board of directors and that is either:
 - (i) The sole provider of primary care in the community.
- (ii) A nonhospital affiliated clinic that is located in a federally designated medically underserved area in this state.
- (b) Includes clinics that are being constructed as qualifying community health centers.

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 10. 12. "Qualifying health care organization" means an entity that is recognized as nonprofit under section 501(c) of the United States internal revenue code and that uses, saves or invests at least eighty per cent PERCENT of all monies that it receives from all sources each year only for health and medical related educational and charitable services, as documented by annual financial audits prepared by an independent certified public accountant, performed according to generally accepted auditing standards and filed annually with the department. Monies that are used, saved or invested to lease, purchase or construct a facility for health and medical related education and charitable services are included in the eighty per cent PERCENT requirement.

11. 13. "Qualifying health sciences educational institution" means an entity that is recognized as nonprofit under section 501(c) of the United States internal revenue code and that solely provides graduate and postgraduate education in the health sciences. For the purposes of this paragraph, "health sciences" includes medicine, nursing, physician's assistant studies, pharmacy, physical therapy, occupational therapy, biomedical sciences, podiatry, clinical psychology, cardiovascular science, nurse anesthesia, dentistry, optometry and veterinary medicine.

12. 14. "Qualifying hospital" means any of the following:

- (a) A licensed hospital which THAT is organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- (b) A licensed nursing care institution or a licensed residential care institution or a residential care facility THAT IS operated in conjunction with a licensed nursing care institution or a licensed kidney dialysis center, which provides medical services, nursing services or health related services and is not used or held for profit.
- (c) A hospital, nursing care institution or residential care institution which THAT is operated by the federal government, this state or a political subdivision of this state.
- (d) A facility that is under construction and that on completion will be a facility under subdivision (a), (b) or (c) of this paragraph.
- 13. 15. "Retailer" includes every person engaged in the business classified under the retail classification pursuant to section 42-5061 and, when in the opinion of the department it is necessary for the efficient administration of this article, includes dealers, distributors, supervisors, employers and salesmen, representatives, peddlers or canvassers as the agents of the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, whether in making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers.

14. 16. "Sale" means any transfer of title or possession, or both, exchange, barter, lease or rental, conditional or otherwise, in any manner

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or by any means whatever, including consignment transactions and auctions, of tangible personal property or other activities taxable under this chapter, for a consideration, and includes:

- (a) Any transaction by which the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the title as security for the payment of the price.
- (b) Fabricating tangible personal property for consumers who furnish either directly or indirectly the materials used in the fabrication work.
- (c) Furnishing, preparing or serving for a consideration any tangible personal property consumed on the premises of the person furnishing, preparing or serving the tangible personal property.
- 15. 17. "Solar daylighting" means a device that is specifically designed to capture and redirect the visible portion of the solar beam, while controlling the infrared portion, for use in illuminating interior building spaces in lieu of artificial lighting.
- 16. 18. "Solar energy device" means a system or series of mechanisms THAT ARE designed primarily to provide heating, to provide cooling, to produce electrical power, to produce mechanical power, to provide solar daylighting or to provide any combination of the foregoing by means of collecting and transferring solar generated energy into such uses either by active or passive means, including wind generator systems that produce electricity. Solar energy systems may also have the capability of storing solar energy for future use. Passive systems shall clearly be designed as a solar energy device, such as a trombe wall, and not merely as a part of a normal structure, such as a window.
- $rac{17.}{19.}$ "Tangible personal property" means personal property which may be seen, weighed, measured, felt or touched or THAT is in any other manner perceptible to the senses.
- $\frac{19.}{15}$ 20. "Taxpayer" means any person who is liable for any tax which is imposed by this article.
- 18. 21. "Tax year" or "taxable year" means either the calendar year or the taxpayer's fiscal year, if permission is obtained from the department to use a fiscal year as the tax period instead of the calendar year.
- 20. 22. "Wholesaler" or "jobber" means any person who sells tangible personal property for resale and not for consumption by the purchaser.
- Sec. 5. Section 42-5006, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5006. <u>Taxpayer bonds</u>; <u>out-of-state manufactured building</u> <u>dealers</u>

A. Notwithstanding section 42-1102, the department shall require a surety bond for each taxpayer who is required to be licensed under title 32, chapter 10 or who is regulated under title 41, chapter 37, article 3,

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if the taxpayer's principal place of business is outside this state or if the taxpayer has conducted business in this state for less than one year. The department shall prescribe the form of the bond. The bond shall be maintained for a period of at least two years.

- B. The bond, duly executed by the applicant as principal and with a corporation duly authorized to execute and write bonds in this state as surety, shall be payable to this state and conditioned on the payment of all transaction privilege taxes incurred and imposed on the taxpayer by this state and its political subdivisions. The bond shall be in such AN amount, but not less than two thousand dollars, as will assure \$2,000, TO ENSURE the payment of the transaction privilege taxes which THAT may reasonably be expected to be incurred by the licensed establishment for a period of one hundred fifty days.
- C. The director, by rule, may establish classes of expected tax liability in five thousand dollar \$5,000 increments, beginning with the minimum bond amount prescribed in subsection B of this section. The bond shall provide that after notice and a hearing the director may order forfeited to this state and any affected political subdivision part or all of the bond for nonpayment of taxes, interest and penalties.
- D. A licensee on application for a new license covered by subsection A of this section, renewal of a license covered by subsection A of this section or transfer of a license covered by subsection A of this section is exempt from posting a bond if the licensee has for at least two years immediately preceding the application made timely payment of all transaction privilege taxes incurred.
- E. If a licensee is not exempt from this section, the director may exempt the licensee if the director finds that the surety bond is not necessary to insure ENSURE payment of such taxes to the state and any affected political subdivision or the licensee had good cause for the late or insufficient payment of the transaction privilege tax and affiliated excise taxes incurred.

Sec. 6. Repeal

Sections 42-5007 and 42-5008.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, are repealed.

Sec. 7. Section 42-5009, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5009. <u>Certificates establishing deductions; liability for making false certificate</u>

- A. A person who conducts any business classified under article 2 of this chapter may establish entitlement to the allowable deductions from the tax base of that business by both:
- 1. Marking the invoice for the transaction to indicate that the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the transaction was deducted from the tax base.

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- 2. Obtaining a certificate executed by the purchaser indicating the name and address of the purchaser, the precise nature of the business of the purchaser, the purpose for which the purchase was made, the necessary facts to establish the appropriate deduction and the tax license number of the purchaser to the extent the deduction depends on the purchaser conducting business classified under article 2 of this chapter and a certification that the person executing the certificate is authorized to do so on behalf of the purchaser. The certificate may be disregarded if the seller has reason to believe that the information contained in the certificate is not accurate or complete.
- B. A person who does not comply with subsection A of this section may establish entitlement to the deduction by presenting facts necessary to support the entitlement, but the burden of proof is on that person.
- C. The department may prescribe a form for the certificate described in subsection A of this section. Under such rules as it may prescribe, the department may also describe transactions with respect to which a person is not entitled to rely solely on the information contained in the certificate provided for in subsection A of this section but must instead obtain such additional information as required by the rules in order to be entitled to the deduction.
- D. If a seller is entitled to a deduction by complying with subsection A of this section, the department may require the purchaser that caused the execution of the certificate to establish the accuracy and completeness of the information required to be contained certificate that would entitle the seller to the deduction. If the cannot establish the accuracy and completeness information, the purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest that the seller would have been required to pay under this article if the seller had not complied with subsection A of this section. Payment of the amount under this subsection exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this The amount shall be treated as tax revenues collected from the seller in order to designate the distribution base for purposes of section 42-5029.
- E. If a seller is entitled to a deduction by complying with subsection B of this section, the department may require the purchaser to establish the accuracy and completeness of the information provided to the seller that entitled the seller to the deduction. If the purchaser cannot establish the accuracy and completeness of the information, the purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest that the seller would have been required to pay under this article if the seller had not complied with subsection B of this section. Payment of the amount under this subsection exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter. The amount shall be treated as

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tax revenues collected from the seller in order to designate the distribution base for purposes of section 42-5029.

- F. The department may prescribe a form for a certificate used to establish entitlement to the deductions described in section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 46 and section 42-5063, subsection B, paragraph 3. Under rules the department may prescribe, the department may also require additional information for the seller to be entitled to the deduction. If a seller is entitled to the deductions described in section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 46 and section 42-5063, subsection B, paragraph 3, the department may require the purchaser who executed the certificate to establish the accuracy and completeness of the information contained in the certificate that would entitle the seller to the deduction. If the cannot establish the accuracy and completeness of information, the purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest that the seller would have been required to pay under this article. Payment of the amount under this subsection exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter. The amount shall be treated as tax revenues collected from the seller in order to designate the distribution base for purposes of section 42-5029.
- G. If a seller claims a deduction under section subsection A. paragraph 25 and establishes entitlement to the deduction with an exemption letter that the purchaser received from the department and the exemption letter was based on a contingent event, the department may require the purchaser that received the exemption letter to establish the satisfaction of the contingent event within a reasonable time. If the purchaser cannot establish the satisfaction of the event, the purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest that the seller would have been required to pay under this article if the seller had not been furnished the exemption letter. Payment of the amount under this subsection exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter. The amount shall be treated as tax revenues collected from the seller in order to designate the distribution base for purposes of section 42-5029. For the purposes of this subsection, "reasonable time" means a time limitation that the department determines and that does not exceed the time limitations pursuant to section 42-1104.
- H. The department shall prescribe forms for certificates used to establish the satisfaction of the criteria necessary to qualify the sale of a motor vehicle for the deductions described in section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 14, paragraph 28, subdivision (a) and paragraph 44 and subsection U. Except as provided in subsection J of this section, to establish entitlement to these deductions, a motor vehicle dealer shall retain:

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- 1. A valid certificate as prescribed by this subsection completed by the purchaser and obtained prior to the issuance of the nonresident registration permit authorized by section 28-2154.
- 2. A copy of the nonresident registration permit authorized by section 28-2154.
- 3. A legible copy of a current valid driver license issued to the purchaser by another state or foreign country that indicates an address outside of this state. For the sale of a motor vehicle to a nonresident entity, the entity's representative must have a current valid driver license issued by the same jurisdiction as that in which the entity is located.
- 4. For the purposes of the deduction provided by section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 14, a certificate documenting the delivery of the motor vehicle to an out-of-state location.
- Notwithstanding subsection A, paragraph 2 of this section, if a motor vehicle dealer has established entitlement to a deduction by complying with subsection H of this section, the department may require the purchaser who executed the certificate to establish the accuracy and completeness of the information contained in the certificate that entitled the motor vehicle dealer to the deduction. If the purchaser cannot establish the accuracy and completeness of the information, the purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest that the motor vehicle dealer would have been required to pay under this article and under articles IV and V of the model city tax code as defined in section 42-6051. Payment of the amount under this subsection exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter and any tax imposed under article VI of the model city tax code as defined in section 42-6051. The amount shall be treated as tax revenues collected from the motor vehicle dealer in order to designate the distribution base for purposes of section 42-5029.
- J. To establish entitlement to the deduction described in section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 44, a public consignment auction dealer as defined in section 28-4301 shall submit the valid certificate prescribed by subsection H of this section to the department and retain a copy for its records.
- K. Notwithstanding any other law, compliance with subsection H of this section by a motor vehicle dealer entitles the motor vehicle dealer to the exemption provided in section 42-6004, subsection A, paragraph 4.
- L. The department shall prescribe a form for a certificate to be used by a person that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075 when the person is engaged by a contractor PERSON that is subject to tax under section 42-5075 for a HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION project that is taxable under section 42-5075. The certificate permits ALLOWS the person purchasing tangible personal property to be incorporated or fabricated by the person into any real property, structure, the HIGHWAY,

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 STREET OR BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION project, development or improvement to provide documentation to a retailer that the sale of tangible personal property qualifies for the deduction under section 42-5061, subsection A, paragraph 27, subdivision (b). A prime contractor THE PERSON CONSTRUCTING THE HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE shall obtain the certificate from the department and shall provide a copy to any such person working on the project. The prime contractor PERSON CONSTRUCTING THE HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE shall obtain a new certificate for each project to which this subsection applies. For the purposes of this subsection, the following apply:

- 1. The person that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075 may use the certificate issued pursuant to this subsection only with respect to tangible personal property that will be incorporated into a project for which the gross receipts are subject to tax under section 42-5075.
- 2. The department shall issue the certificate to the prime contractor PERSON CONSTRUCTING THE HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE on receiving sufficient documentation to establish that the prime contractor PERSON meets the requirements of this subsection.
- 3. If any person uses the certificate provided under this subsection to purchase tangible personal property to be used in a project that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075, the person is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest that the seller would have been required to pay under this article if the seller had not complied with subsection A of this section. Payment of the amount under this section SUBSECTION exempts the person from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter. The amount shall be sourced under section 42-5040, subsection A, paragraph 2.
- M. Notwithstanding any other law, compliance with subsection L of this section by a person that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075 entitles the person to the exemption allowed by section 465, subsection (k) of the model city tax code when purchasing tangible personal property to be incorporated or fabricated by the person into any real property, structure, project, development or improvement HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT.
- N. The requirements of subsections A and B of this section do not apply to owners, proprietors or tenants of agricultural lands or farms who sell livestock or poultry feed that is grown or raised on their lands to any of the following:
 - 1. Persons who feed their own livestock or poultry.
- 2. Persons who are engaged in the business of producing livestock or poultry commercially.
- 3. Persons who are engaged in the business of feeding livestock or poultry commercially or who board livestock noncommercially.
- O. A vendor who has reason to believe that a certificate prescribed by this section is not accurate or complete will not be relieved of the

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burden of proving entitlement to the exemption. A vendor that accepts a certificate in good faith will be relieved of the burden of proof and the purchaser may be required to establish the accuracy of the claimed exemption. If the purchaser cannot establish the accuracy and completeness of the information provided in the certificate, the purchaser is liable for an amount equal to the transaction privilege tax, penalty and interest that the vendor would have been required to pay if the vendor had not accepted the certificate.

- P. Notwithstanding any other law, an online lodging operator, as defined in section 42-5076, shall be entitled to an exclusion from any applicable taxes for any online lodging transaction, as defined in section 42-5076, facilitated by an online lodging marketplace, as defined in section 42-5076, for which the online lodging operator has obtained from the online lodging marketplace written notice that the online lodging marketplace is registered with the department to collect applicable taxes for all online lodging transactions facilitated by the online lodging marketplace, and transaction history documenting tax collected by the online lodging marketplace, pursuant to section 42-5005, subsection L.
- Q. The department shall prescribe the form of a certificate to be used by a person purchasing an aircraft to document eligibility for a deduction pursuant to section 42-5061, subsection B, paragraph 7, subdivision (a), item (v) or an exemption pursuant to section 42-5159, subsection B, paragraph 7, subdivision (a), item (v), relating to aircraft. The person must provide this certificate and documentation confirming that the operational control of the aircraft has transferred or will be transferred immediately after the purchase to one or more persons described in section 42-5061, subsection B, paragraph 7, subdivision (a), item (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) or section 42-5159, subsection B, paragraph 7, subdivision (a), item (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv). Operational control of the aircraft must be transferred for at least fifty percent of the aircraft's flight hours. If such operational control is not transferred for at least fifty percent of the aircraft's flight hours during the recapture period, the owner of the aircraft is liable for an amount equal to any tax that the seller or purchaser would have been required to pay under this chapter at the time of the sale, plus penalty and interest. The recapture period begins on the date that operational control of the aircraft is first transferred and ends on the later of the date the aircraft is fully depreciated for federal income tax purposes or five years after operational control was first transferred. For the purposes of this subsection, operational control of the aircraft must be meaning of federal aviation administration within the operations specification A008, or its successor, except that:
- 1. If it is determined that operational control has been transferred for less than fifty percent but more than forty percent of the aircraft's flight hours, the owner of the aircraft is liable for an amount

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equal to any tax that the seller or purchaser would have been required to pay under this chapter at the time of the sale, plus interest.

- 2. If the aircraft is sold during the recapture period, the seller is not liable for the amount determined pursuant to this subsection unless the operational control of the aircraft had not been transferred for at least fifty percent of the aircraft's flight hours at the time of the sale.
- Sec. 8. Section 42-5010, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5010. Rates: distribution base

- A. The tax imposed by this article is levied and shall be collected at the following rates:
- 1. Five percent of the tax base as computed for the business of every person engaging or continuing in this state in the following business classifications described in article 2 of this chapter:
 - (a) Transporting classification.
 - (b) Utilities classification.
 - (c) Telecommunications classification.
 - (d) Pipeline classification.
 - (e) Private car line classification.
 - (f) Publication classification.
 - (g) Job printing classification.
 - (h) Prime contracting classification.
 - (h) HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION CLASSIFICATION.
 - (i) MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER CLASSIFICATION.
 - (i) Amusement classification.
 - (i) (k) Restaurant classification.
 - (k) (1) Personal property rental classification.
- (1) (m) Retail classification and amounts equal to retail transaction privilege tax due pursuant to section 42-5008.01.
- 2. Five and one-half percent of the tax base as computed for the business of every person engaging or continuing in this state in:
- (a) The transient lodging classification described in section 42-5070.
- (b) The online lodging marketplace classification described in section 42-5076 who has entered into an agreement with the department to register for, or has otherwise obtained from the department, a license to collect tax pursuant to section 42-5005, subsection L.
- 3. Three and one-eighth percent of the tax base as computed for the business of every person engaging or continuing in this state in the mining classification described in section 42-5072.
- 4. Zero percent of the tax base as computed for the business of every person engaging or continuing in this state in the commercial lease classification described in section 42-5069.

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- B. Except as provided by subsection J of this section, twenty percent of the tax revenues collected at the rate prescribed by subsection A, paragraph 1 of this section from persons on account of engaging in business under the business classifications listed in subsection A, paragraph 1, subdivisions (a) through $\frac{\text{(h)}}{\text{(i)}}$ of this section is designated as distribution base for purposes of section 42-5029.
- C. Forty percent of the tax revenues collected at the rate prescribed by subsection A, paragraph 1 of this section from persons on account of engaging in business under the business classifications listed in subsection A, paragraph 1, subdivisions $\frac{\text{(i)}}{\text{(j)}}$ through $\frac{\text{(1)}}{\text{(m)}}$ of this section is designated as distribution base for purposes of section 42-5029.
- D. Thirty-two percent of the tax revenues collected from persons on account of engaging in business under the business classification listed in subsection A, paragraph 3 of this section is designated as distribution base for purposes of section 42-5029.
- E. Fifty-three and one-third percent of the tax revenues collected from persons on account of engaging in business under the business classification listed in subsection A, paragraph 4 of this section is designated as distribution base for purposes of section 42-5029.
- F. Fifty percent of the tax revenues collected from persons on account of engaging in business under the business classification listed in subsection A, paragraph 2 of this section is designated as distribution base for purposes of section 42-5029.
- G. In addition to the rates prescribed by subsection A of this section, if approved by the qualified electors voting at a statewide general election, an additional rate increment is imposed and shall be collected through June 30, 2021. The taxpayer shall pay taxes pursuant to this subsection at the same time and in the same manner as under subsection A of this section. The department shall separately account for the revenues collected with respect to the rates imposed pursuant to this subsection and the state treasurer shall distribute all of those revenues in the manner prescribed by section 42-5029, subsection E. The rates imposed pursuant to this subsection shall not be considered local revenues for purposes of article IX, section 21, Constitution of Arizona. The additional tax rate increment is levied at the rate of six-tenths of one per cent of the tax base of every person engaging or continuing in this state in a business classification listed in subsection A, paragraph 1 of this section.
- H. Any increase in the rate of tax that is imposed by this chapter and that is enacted by the legislature or by a vote of the people does not apply with respect to GROSS INCOME DERIVED FROM contracts entered into by prime contractors or pursuant to written bids made by prime contractors SUBMITTED on or before the effective date of the legislation or the date of the election enacting the increase. To qualify for the exemption under

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 this subsection, the prime contractor TAXPAYER must maintain sufficient documentation, in a manner and form prescribed by the department, to verify the date of the contract or written bid.

- I. For taxpayers taxable under this chapter other than prime contractors taxable pursuant to section 42-5075:
- 1. Any increase in the rate of tax that is levied by this article or article 2 of this chapter enacted by the legislature or by a vote of the people does not apply for a period of one hundred twenty days from AFTER the date of the tax rate increase to the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from the business of the taxpayer with respect to written contracts entered into before the effective date of the tax rate increase unless the taxpayer has entered into a contract that contains a provision that entitles the taxpayer to recover from the purchaser the amount of the additional tax levied.
- 2. The provisions of this subsection apply without regard to the accounting method used by the taxpayer to report the taxes imposed under article 2 of this chapter.
- 3. The provisions of this subsection shall not be considered in determining the rate of tax imposed under chapter 6, article 3 of this title.
- J. Zero percent of the tax revenues that are collected at the rate prescribed by subsection A, paragraph 1 of this section from persons on account of engaging in business under the business classification listed in subsection A, paragraph 1, subdivision SUBDIVISIONS (h) AND (i) of this section, and that are subject to any distribution required by section 42-5032.02, is designated as distribution base for the purposes of section 42-5032.02 has reached the maximum amount prescribed by section 42-5032.02, subsection C. Thereafter, twenty percent of the remaining tax revenues is designated as distribution base for the purposes of section 42-5029 as provided by subsection B of this section.
- Sec. 9. Subject to the requirements of article IV, part 1, section 1, Constitution of Arizona, section 42-5029, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5029. Remission and distribution of monies; withholding: definition

- A. The department shall deposit, pursuant to sections 35-146 and 35-147, all revenues collected under this article and articles 4, 5 and 8 of this chapter pursuant to section 42-1116, separately accounting for:
 - 1. Payments of estimated tax under section 42-5014, subsection D.
 - 2. Revenues collected pursuant to section 42-5070.
- 3. Revenues collected under this article and article 5 of this chapter from and after June 30, 2000 from sources located on Indian reservations in this state.

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- 4. Revenues collected pursuant to section 42-5010, subsection G and section 42-5155, subsection $\frac{D}{C}$ E.
- 5. Revenues collected pursuant to section 42-5010.01 and section 42-5155, subsection \leftarrow F.
- B. The department shall credit payments of estimated tax to an estimated tax clearing account and each month shall transfer all monies in the estimated tax clearing account to a fund designated as the transaction privilege and severance tax clearing account. The department shall credit all other payments to the transaction privilege and severance tax clearing account, separately accounting for the monies designated as distribution base under sections 42-5010, 42-5164 and 42-5205. Each month the department shall report to the state treasurer the amount of monies collected pursuant to this article and articles 4, 5 and 8 of this chapter.
- C. On notification by the department, the state treasurer shall distribute the monies deposited in the transaction privilege and severance tax clearing account in the manner prescribed by this section and by sections 42-5164 and 42-5205, after deducting warrants drawn against the account pursuant to sections 42-1118 and 42-1254.
- D. Of the monies designated as distribution base, and subject to the requirements of section 42-5041, the department shall:
- 1. Pay twenty-five percent to the various incorporated municipalities in this state in proportion to their population to be used by the municipalities for any municipal purpose.
- 2. Pay 38.08 percent to the counties in this state by averaging the following proportions:
- (a) The proportion that the population of each county bears to the total state population.
- (b) The proportion that the distribution base monies collected during the calendar month in each county under this article, section 42-5164, subsection B and section 42-5205, subsection B bear to the total distribution base monies collected under this article, section 42-5164, subsection B and section 42-5205, subsection B throughout the state for the calendar month.
- 3. Pay an additional 2.43 percent to the counties in this state as follows:
 - (a) Average the following proportions:
- (i) The proportion that the assessed valuation used to determine secondary property taxes of each county, after deducting that part of the assessed valuation that is exempt from taxation at the beginning of the month for which the amount is to be paid, bears to the total assessed valuations used to determine secondary property taxes of all the counties after deducting that portion of the assessed valuations that is exempt from taxation at the beginning of the month for which the amount is to be paid. Property of a city or town that is not within or contiguous to the

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municipal corporate boundaries and from which water is or may be withdrawn or diverted and transported for use on other property is considered to be taxable property in the county for purposes of determining assessed valuation in the county under this item.

- (ii) The proportion that the distribution base monies collected during the calendar month in each county under this article, section 42-5164, subsection B and section 42-5205, subsection B bear to the total distribution base monies collected under this article, section 42-5164, subsection B and section 42-5205, subsection B throughout the THIS state for the calendar month.
- (b) If the proportion computed under subdivision (a) of this paragraph for any county is greater than the proportion computed under paragraph 2 of this subsection, the department shall compute the difference between the amount distributed to that county under paragraph 2 of this subsection and the amount that would have been distributed under paragraph 2 of this subsection using the proportion computed under subdivision (a) of this paragraph and shall pay that difference to the county from the amount available for distribution under this paragraph. Any monies remaining after all payments under this subdivision shall be distributed among the counties according to the proportions computed under paragraph 2 of this subsection.
- 4. After any distributions required by sections 42-5030, 42-5030.01, 42-5031, 42-5032, 42-5032.01 and 42-5032.02, and after making any transfer to the water quality assurance revolving fund as required by section 49-282, subsection B, credit the remainder of the monies designated as distribution base to the state general fund. From this amount the legislature shall annually appropriate to:
- (a) The department of revenue sufficient monies to administer and enforce this article and articles 5 and 8 of this chapter.
- (b) The department of economic security monies to be used for the purposes stated in title 46, chapter 1.
- (c) The firearms safety and ranges fund established by section 17-273, fifty thousand dollars \$50,000 derived from the taxes collected from the retail classification pursuant to section 42-5061 for the current fiscal year.
- E. If approved by the qualified electors voting at a statewide general election, all monies collected pursuant to section 42-5010, subsection G and section 42-5155, subsection $\stackrel{\bullet}{D}$ E shall be distributed each fiscal year pursuant to this subsection. The monies distributed pursuant to this subsection are in addition to any other appropriation, transfer or other allocation of public or private monies from any other source and shall not supplant, replace or cause a reduction in other school district, charter school, university or community college funding sources. The monies shall be distributed as follows:

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- 1. If there are outstanding state school facilities revenue bonds pursuant to title 15, chapter 16, article 7, each month one-twelfth of the amount that is necessary to pay the fiscal year's debt service on outstanding state school improvement revenue bonds for the current fiscal year shall be transferred each month to the school improvement revenue bond debt service fund established by section 15-2084. The total amount of bonds for which these monies may be allocated for the payment of debt service shall not exceed a principal amount of eight hundred million dollars \$800,000,000 exclusive of refunding bonds and other refinancing obligations.
- 2. After any transfer of monies pursuant to paragraph 1 of this subsection, twelve $\frac{\text{per cent}}{\text{per cent}}$ PERCENT of the remaining monies collected during the preceding month shall be transferred to the technology and research initiative fund established by section 15-1648 to be distributed among the universities for the purpose of investment in technology and research-based initiatives.
- 3. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraph 1 of this subsection, three $\frac{\text{per cent}}{\text{per cent}}$ PERCENT of the remaining monies collected during the preceding month shall be transferred to the workforce development account established in each community college district pursuant to section 15-1472 for the purpose of investment in workforce development programs.
- 4. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, one-twelfth of the amount a community college that is owned, operated or chartered by a qualifying Indian tribe on its own Indian reservation would receive pursuant to section 15-1472, subsection D, paragraph 2 if it were a community college district shall be distributed each month to the treasurer or other designated depository of a qualifying Indian tribe. Monies distributed pursuant to this paragraph are for the exclusive purpose of providing support to one or more community colleges owned, operated or chartered by a qualifying Indian tribe and shall be used in a manner consistent with section 15-1472, subsection B. For the purposes of this paragraph, "qualifying Indian tribe" has the same meaning as defined in section 42-5031.01, subsection D.
- 5. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, one-twelfth of the following amounts shall be transferred each month to the department of education for the increased cost of basic state aid under section 15-971 due to added school days and associated teacher salary increases enacted in 2000:
 - (a) In fiscal year 2001-2002, \$15,305,900.
 - (b) In fiscal year 2002-2003, \$31,530,100.
 - (c) In fiscal year 2003-2004, \$48,727,700.
 - (d) In fiscal year 2004-2005, \$66,957,200.

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- (e) In fiscal year 2005-2006 and each fiscal year thereafter, \$86,280,500.
- 6. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, seven million eight hundred thousand dollars \$7,800,000 is appropriated each fiscal year, to be paid in monthly installments, to the department of education to be used for school safety as provided in section 15-154 and two hundred thousand dollars \$200,000 is appropriated each fiscal year, to be paid in monthly installments, to the department of education to be used for the character education matching grant program as provided in section 15-154.01.
- 7. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, no NOT more than seven million dollars 7,000,000 may be appropriated by the legislature each fiscal year to the department of education to be used for accountability purposes as described in section 15-241 and title 15, chapter 9, article 8.
- 8. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, one million five hundred thousand dollars 1,500,000 is appropriated each fiscal year, to be paid in monthly installments, to the failing schools tutoring fund established by section 15-241.
- 9. After transferring monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, twenty-five million dollars \$25,000,000 shall be transferred each fiscal year to the state general fund to reimburse the STATE general fund for the cost of the income tax credit allowed by section 43-1072.01.
- 10. After the payment of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1 through 9 of this subsection, the remaining monies collected during the preceding month shall be transferred to the classroom site fund established by section 15-977. The monies shall be allocated as follows in the manner prescribed by section 15-977:
- (a) Forty per cent PERCENT shall be allocated for teacher compensation based on performance.
- (b) Twenty per cent PERCENT shall be allocated for increases in teacher base compensation and employee related expenses.
- (c) Forty per cent PERCENT shall be allocated for maintenance and operation purposes.
- F. The department shall credit the remainder of the monies in the transaction privilege and severance tax clearing account to the state general fund, subject to any distribution required by section 42-5030.01.
- G. Notwithstanding subsection D of this section, if a court of competent jurisdiction finally determines that tax monies distributed under this section were illegally collected under this article or articles 5 and 8 of this chapter and orders the monies to be refunded to the taxpayer, the department shall compute the amount of such monies that was distributed to each city, town and county under this section. Each city's, town's and county's proportionate share of the costs shall be

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 based on the amount of the original tax payment each municipality and county received. Each month the state treasurer shall reduce the amount otherwise distributable to the city, town and county under this section by one thirty-sixth 1/36 of the total amount to be recovered from the city, town or county until the total amount has been recovered, but the monthly reduction for any city, town or county shall not exceed ten percent of the full monthly distribution to that entity. The reduction shall begin for the first calendar month after the final disposition of the case and shall continue until the total amount, including interest and costs, has been recovered.

- H. On receiving a certificate of default from the greater Arizona development authority pursuant to section 41-2257 or 41-2258 and to the extent not otherwise expressly prohibited by law, the state treasurer shall withhold from the next succeeding distribution of monies pursuant to this section due to the defaulting political subdivision the amount specified in the certificate of default and immediately deposit the amount withheld in the greater Arizona development authority revolving fund. The state treasurer shall continue to withhold and deposit the monies until the greater Arizona development authority certifies to the state treasurer that the default has been cured. In no event may the state treasurer withhold any amount that the defaulting political subdivision certifies to the state treasurer and the authority as being necessary to make any required deposits then due for the payment of principal and interest on bonds of the political subdivision that were issued before the date of the loan repayment agreement or bonds and that have been secured by a pledge of distributions made pursuant to this section.
- I. Except as provided by sections 42-5033 and 42-5033.01, the population of a county, city or town as determined by the most recent United States decennial census plus any revisions to the decennial census certified by the United States bureau of the census shall be used as the basis for apportioning monies pursuant to subsection D of this section.
- J. Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, on notice from the department of revenue pursuant to section 42-6010, subsection B, the state treasurer shall withhold from the distribution of monies pursuant to this section to the affected city or town the amount of the penalty for business location municipal tax incentives provided by the city or town to a business entity that locates a retail business facility in the city or town. The state treasurer shall continue to withhold monies pursuant to this subsection until the entire amount of the penalty has been withheld. The state treasurer shall credit any monies withheld pursuant to this subsection to the state general fund as provided by subsection D, paragraph 4 of this section. The state treasurer shall not withhold any amount that the city or town certifies to the department of revenue and the state treasurer as being necessary to make any required deposits or payments for debt service on bonds or other long-term obligations of the

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 city or town that were issued or incurred before the location incentives provided by the city or town.

- K. On notice from the auditor general pursuant to section 9-626, subsection D, the state treasurer shall withhold from the distribution of monies pursuant to this section to the affected city the amount computed pursuant to section 9-626, subsection D. The state treasurer shall continue to withhold monies pursuant to this subsection until the entire amount specified in the notice has been withheld. The state treasurer shall credit any monies withheld pursuant to this subsection to the state general fund as provided by subsection D, paragraph 4 of this section.
- L. Except as otherwise provided by this subsection, on notice from attorney general pursuant to section 41-194.01, subsection B, paragraph 1 that an ordinance, regulation, order or other official action adopted or taken by the governing body of a county, city or town violates state law or the Constitution of Arizona, the state treasurer shall withhold the distribution of monies pursuant to this section to the affected county, city or town and shall continue to withhold monies pursuant to this subsection until the attorney general certifies to the state treasurer that the violation has been resolved. The state treasurer shall redistribute the monies withheld pursuant to this subsection among all other counties, cities and towns in proportion to their population as provided by subsection D of this section. The state treasurer shall not withhold any amount that the county, city or town certifies to the attorney general and the state treasurer as being necessary to make any required deposits or payments for debt service on bonds or other long-term obligations of the county, city or town that were issued or incurred before committing the violation.
- M. For the purposes of this section, "community college district" means a community college district that is established pursuant to sections 15-1402 and 15-1403 and that is a political subdivision of this state and, unless otherwise specified, includes a community college tuition financing district established pursuant to section 15-1409.

Sec. 10. Section 42-5029.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5029.02. <u>Distribution of revenues for education:</u> <u>definitions</u>

A. All monies collected pursuant to section 42-5010.01 and section 42-5155, subsection \mathbf{E} F shall be distributed each fiscal year pursuant to this subsection. The monies distributed pursuant to this subsection are in addition to any other appropriation, transfer or other allocation of public or private monies from any other source and may not supplant, replace or cause a reduction in other school district, charter school, university or community college funding sources. The monies shall be distributed as follows:

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- 1. \$64,100,000 is appropriated each fiscal year, to be paid in monthly installments, to the classroom site fund established by section 15-977.
- 2. After any transfer of monies pursuant to paragraph 1 of this subsection, twelve percent of the remaining monies collected during the preceding month shall be transferred to the technology and research initiative fund established by section 15-1648 to be distributed among the universities under the jurisdiction of the Arizona board of regents for the purpose of investment in technology and research-based initiatives.
- 3. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection, three percent of the remaining monies collected during the preceding month shall be transferred to the workforce development account established in each community college district pursuant to section 15-1472 for the purpose of investment in workforce development programs.
- 4. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, one-twelfth of the amount a community college that is owned, operated or chartered by a qualifying Indian tribe on its own Indian reservation would receive pursuant to section 15-1472, subsection D, paragraph 2 if it were a community college district shall be distributed each month to the treasurer or other designated depository of the qualifying Indian tribe. Monies distributed pursuant to this paragraph are for the exclusive purpose of providing support to one or more community colleges that are owned, operated or chartered by a qualifying Indian tribe and shall be used in a manner consistent with section 15-1472, subsection B.
- 5. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, one-twelfth of \$86,280,500 shall be transferred each month to the department of education for the increased cost of basic state aid under section 15-971 due to added school days and associated teacher salary increases that were enacted in 2000.
- 6. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, \$7,800,000 is appropriated each fiscal year, to be paid in monthly installments, to the department of education to be used for school safety as provided in section 15-154 and \$200,000 is appropriated each fiscal year, to be paid in monthly installments, to the department of education to be used for the character education matching grant program as provided in section 15-154.01.
- 7. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, the legislature may not appropriate more than 7,000,000 each fiscal year to the department of education to be used for accountability purposes as described in section 15-241.02 and title 15, chapter 9, article 8.
- 8. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, \$1,500,000 is appropriated each fiscal year, to be

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 paid in monthly installments, to the failing schools tutoring fund established by section 15-241.

- 9. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of this subsection, \$25,000,000 shall be transferred each fiscal year to the state general fund to reimburse the state general fund for the cost of the income tax credit allowed by section 43-1072.02.
- 10. After the transfer of monies pursuant to paragraphs 1 through 9 of this subsection, the remaining monies collected during the preceding month shall be transferred to the classroom site fund established by section 15-977. The monies shall be allocated as follows in the manner prescribed by section 15-977:
- (a) Forty percent shall be allocated for teacher compensation based on performance.
- (b) Twenty percent shall be allocated for increases in teacher base compensation and employee-related expenses.
- (c) Forty percent shall be allocated for maintenance and operation purposes.
 - B. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Community college district" means a community college district that is established pursuant to sections 15-1402 and 15-1403 and that is a political subdivision of this state and, unless otherwise specified, includes a community college tuition financing district established pursuant to section 15-1409.
- 2. "Qualifying Indian tribe" has the same meaning as defined in section 42-5031.01.
- Sec. 11. Section 42-5032.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5032.01. <u>Distribution of revenues for tourism and sports</u> <u>authority</u>

- A. Each month the state treasurer shall pay, from the amount designated as distribution base pursuant to section 42-5029, subsection D, the amount determined under subsection B of this section to the tourism and sports authority for deposit in the authority's facility revenue clearing account established by section 5-834.
- B. The amount to be paid under subsection A of this section is the total amount of state transaction privilege tax revenues received from persons conducting business under:
- 1. The retail, amusement and restaurant classifications at, or with respect to events held at, a multipurpose facility that is owned or operated by the authority pursuant to title 5, chapter 8.
- 2. The retail, amusement and restaurant classifications at, or with respect to, professional football contests that are held beginning July 2001 in a stadium located on the campus of an institution under the jurisdiction of the Arizona board of regents.

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 C. Each month the state treasurer shall pay, from the amount designated as distribution base pursuant to section 42-5029, subsection D, the total amount of state transaction privilege tax revenues received from persons conducting business under the prime contracting classification at a multipurpose facility that is owned or operated by the tourism and sports authority pursuant to title 5, chapter 8 for deposit in the authority's construction account established by section 5-833.

Sec. 12. Section 42-5032.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5032.02. <u>Distribution of revenues for city, town or county infrastructure improvements related to manufacturing facilities; definitions</u>

- A. Subject to subsection B of this section, from and after September 30, 2013 through September 30, 2023, each month the state treasurer shall pay a city, town or county the amount determined under subsection C of this section for the purpose of funding up to eighty percent of the cost of public infrastructure improvements for the benefit of a manufacturing facility.
- B. The state treasurer shall not make any payments under subsection C of this section until both of the following apply:
- 1. Ten percent of the qualifying capital investment that is certified under subsection D of this section and that constitutes construction phase services, as defined in section 42-5075, CONTRACTING ACTIVITY has been made by the manufacturing facility.
 - 2. From and after June 30, 2014.
- C. The amount to be paid to a city, town or county under subsection A of this section is the total amount of state transaction privilege tax revenues collected under section 42-5010, subsection A from persons conducting business under section 42-5075 derived from FOR SALES OF MATERIALS USED IN contracts to construct buildings and associated improvements for the benefit of a manufacturing facility. THE AMOUNT TO BE DISTRIBUTED EACH MONTH SHALL BE PAID IN EQUAL INSTALLMENTS OVER THE LIFE OF THE CONTRACT TO CONSTRUCT BUILDINGS AND ASSOCIATED IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE MANUFACTURING FACILITY. The total amount paid to all cities, towns and counties under this subsection shall not exceed a maximum of fifty million dollars \$50,000,000.
- D. Within one hundred eighty days after the commencement of the construction of buildings and associated improvements for the benefit of a manufacturing facility that will require a city, town or county to make infrastructure improvements, the manufacturing facility shall file a sworn certification with the Arizona commerce authority and submit a copy of this sworn certification to the applicable city, town or county that the manufacturing facility agrees TO PROVIDE A COPY OF THE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT SHOWING THE COST OF THE MATERIALS TO BE USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION

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 OF BUILDINGS AND ASSOCIATED IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE MANUFACTURING FACILITY AND to either:

- 1. Make at least <u>five hundred million dollars</u> \$500,000,000 in capital investment if the manufacturing facility is located in a county that has a population of eight hundred thousand persons or more.
- 2. Make at least <u>fifty million dollars</u> \$50,000,000 in capital investment if the manufacturing facility is located in a county that has a population of less than eight hundred thousand persons.
- E. The certification under subsection D of this section shall contain a sworn statement or certification, signed by an officer of the manufacturing facility under penalty of perjury, that the information contained is true and correct according to the best belief and knowledge of the person submitting the information after a reasonable investigation of the facts.
- F. Before submitting the certification to the Arizona commerce authority, the manufacturing facility and the city, town or county must enter into a written agreement that:
- 1. Identifies and states the cost of the public infrastructure improvements that will be constructed.
- 2. Identifies the sources of monies, including monies received pursuant to this section, that will be used to pay for the public infrastructure improvements.
- G. On receipt of the sworn certification from a manufacturing facility pursuant to subsection D of this section, the city, town or county shall enter into a written agreement with the department. This agreement and any amendments or changes to the agreement shall:
- 1. State the cost of the public infrastructure improvements and separately identify the particular improvements that will be made, INCLUDING SPECIFICALLY IDENTIFYING THE COST OF MATERIALS USED.
- 2. State that the monies received under this section will be used exclusively to pay for public infrastructure improvements that are necessary to support the activities of the manufacturing facility.
- 3. State that the city, town or county will commit all of its portion of the revenue received pursuant to section 42-5029, subsection D derived from contracts subject to section 42-5075 for the construction of buildings and associated improvements for the benefit of the manufacturing facility for public infrastructure improvements that benefit the manufacturing facility.
- 4. State that the city, town or county will immediately notify the department when monies received under this section exceed eighty percent of the cost of the infrastructure improvements and will return the amount of the excess to the state treasurer for deposit in the state general fund.
- 5. Stipulate the actual amount of the construction funding that will be derived from sources other than the state.

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- 6. Identify the persons who will be prime contractors on the construction of buildings and associated improvements for the benefit of a manufacturing facility and state that each prime contractor has been notified as to which portion of the contractor's income shall be separately identified to the department pursuant to section 42-5075, subsection H.
- 7. 6. State that the city, town or county agrees that any amounts paid by the department to a prime contractor as identified under paragraph 6 of this subsection resulting from an audit adjustment or claim for credit or refund of taxes described in subsection C of this section THE CITY, TOWN OR COUNTY THAT EXCEED THE AMOUNT OF THE TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE TAX PAID ON THE SALE OF MATERIALS USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF BUILDINGS OR OTHER ASSOCIATED IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE MANUFACTURING FACILITY shall be recovered by the department from the city, town or county by reducing the amount paid to the city, town or county under section 42-5029 from monies designated as distribution base in the month next succeeding the month in which the adjustment or claim is paid.
- 8. 7. State that the city, town or county agrees that the department will use the amounts subject to any distribution required under subsection A of this section in calculating the maximum amount set by subsection C of this section.
- 9. State that the city, town or county agrees that if, on notification by the department, the state treasurer ceases payments because of the condition described in subsection H of this section, the city, town or county has no claim to additional payments if the department subsequently pays amounts to a prime contractor identified in an agreement with any city, town or county, as described in paragraph 6 of this subsection, due to an audit adjustment or claim for credit or refund of taxes described in subsection C of this section.
- $\frac{10.}{10.}$ 8. Provide any other information deemed necessary by the department.
- H. EACH YEAR AND ON COMPLETION OF THE CONTRACT TO CONSTRUCT BUILDINGS AND OTHER ASSOCIATED IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE BENEFIT OF A MANUFACTURING FACILITY, THE MANUFACTURING FACILITY SHALL PROVIDE A RECONCILIATION OF THE COST OF MATERIALS USED IN THE CONSTRUCTION OF THE BUILDINGS AND OTHER ASSOCIATED IMPROVEMENTS, INCLUDING AMOUNTS REPRESENTING A REIMBURSEMENT OF TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE TAXES PAID BY THE RETAILER.
- H. I. On notification by the department, the state treasurer shall cease payments under subsection A of this section if either of the following occurs:
- 1. The city, town or county has received monies that meet or exceed eighty percent of the cost of the public infrastructure improvements that are necessary to support the activities related to the manufacturing

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 facility as described in the written agreement pursuant to subsection G of this section.

- 2. The total amount subject to any distribution required under subsection A of this section has met the maximum amount set by subsection C of this section.
 - T. J. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Associated improvement" includes any public infrastructure improvement that is made for the benefit of the manufacturing facility outside of the parcel or parcels of real property where the manufacturing facility is located.
- 2. "Capital investment" means an expenditure to acquire, lease or improve property that is used for the benefit of a manufacturing facility, including land, buildings, machinery and fixtures.
 - 3. "Manufacturing facility":
- (a) Means an establishment that is engaged in the mechanical, physical or chemical transformation or fabrication of materials, substances or components into new products in this state, that is classified within sections 31 through 33 inclusive of the 2007 edition of the north American industry classification system as published by the national technical information service of the United States department of commerce and that agrees to either:
- (i) Make at least <u>five hundred million dollars</u> \$500,000,000 in capital investment if the manufacturing facility is located in a county that has a population of eight hundred thousand persons or more.
- (ii) Make at least <u>fifty million dollars</u> \$50,000,000 in capital investment if the manufacturing facility is located in a county that has a population of less than eight hundred thousand persons.
- (b) Does not include mining, milling or smelting mineral ore or generating electricity.
- 4. "Population" means the population determined in the most recent United States decennial census or the most recent special census as provided in section 28-6532.
- 5. "Public infrastructure" means water production, delivery and disposal facilities, wastewater production, delivery and disposal facilities and roads that are necessary to support the activities of the manufacturing facility.
- Sec. 13. Section 42-5040, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5040. <u>Sourcing of certain transactions involving tangible personal property; definitions</u>

- A. Except as provided in section 42-5075, retail sales of tangible personal property shall be sourced as follows:
- 1. To the seller's business location if the seller receives the order at a business location in this state.

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- 2. Except as provided in section 42-5008.01, To the purchaser's location in this state if the seller receives the order at a business location outside this state.
- B. For the purposes of this section, an order is received when all of the information necessary to accept the order has been received by or on behalf of the seller, regardless of where the order is accepted or approved. The place of business or residence of the purchaser does not determine where the order is received.
- C. The gross receipts from leasing or renting tangible personal property shall be sourced as follows:
- 1. To the lessor's business location if the lessor has a business location in this state.
- 2. To the lessee's address if the lessor does not have a business location in this state. The gross receipts are taxable when the property is shipped, delivered or otherwise brought into this state for use in this state.
 - D. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Lessee's address" means the residential address of an individual lessee and the primary business address of any other lessee.
- 2. "Lessor's business location" means the business address that appears on the lessor's transaction privilege tax license.
- Sec. 14. Section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 104, section 15 and chapter 249, section 1, is amended to read:

42-5061. Retail classification; definitions

- A. The retail classification is comprised of the business of selling tangible personal property at retail. The tax base for the retail classification is the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the business. The tax imposed on the retail classification does not apply to the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from:
- 1. Professional or personal service occupations or businesses that involve sales or transfers of tangible personal property only as inconsequential elements.
- 2. Services rendered in addition to selling tangible personal property at retail.
- 3. Sales of warranty or service contracts. The storage, use or consumption of tangible personal property provided under the conditions of such contracts is subject to tax under section 42-5156.
- 4. Sales of tangible personal property by any nonprofit organization organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and recognized by the United States internal revenue service under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.
- 5. Sales to persons engaged in business classified under the restaurant classification of articles used by human beings for food, drink or condiment, whether simple, mixed or compounded.

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- 6. Business activity that is properly included in any other business classification that is taxable under this article.
 - 7. The sale of stocks and bonds.
- 8. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, regulator and tank, on the prescription of a member of the medical, dental or veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.
- 9. Prosthetic appliances as defined in section 23-501 and as prescribed or recommended by a health professional who is licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 or 29.
 - 10. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.
 - 11. Prescription eyeglasses or contact lenses.
 - 12. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.
- 13. Durable medical equipment that has a centers for medicare and medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, chapter 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in the home.
- 14. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the motor vehicle dealer ships or delivers the motor vehicle to a destination out of this state.
- 15. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3 of this chapter and section 42-5074.
- 16. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture coupons issued under the supplemental nutrition assistance program pursuant to the food and nutrition act of 2008 (P.L. 88-525; 78 Stat. 703; 7 United States Code sections 2011 through 2036b) by the United States department of agriculture food and nutrition service or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; P.L. 111-296; 42 United States Code section 1786).
- 17. Textbooks by any bookstore that are required by any state university or community college.
- 18. Food and drink to a person that is engaged in a business that is classified under the restaurant classification and that provides such food and drink without monetary charge to its employees for their own consumption on the premises during the employees' hours of employment.
- 19. Articles of food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible personal property to a school district or charter school if such articles and accessory tangible personal property are to be prepared and served to persons for consumption on the premises of a public school within the district or on the premises of the charter school during school hours.

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- 20. Lottery tickets or shares pursuant to title 5, chapter 5.1, article 1.
- 21. The sale of cash equivalents and the sale of precious metal bullion and monetized bullion to the ultimate consumer, but the sale of coins or other forms of money for manufacture into jewelry or works of art is subject to the tax and the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the redemption of any cash equivalent by the holder as a means of payment for goods or services that are taxable under this article is subject to the tax. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Cash equivalents" means items or intangibles, whether or not negotiable, that are sold to one or more persons, through which a value denominated in money is purchased in advance and may be redeemed in full or in part for tangible personal property, intangibles or services. Cash equivalents include gift cards, stored value cards, gift certificates, vouchers, traveler's checks, money orders or other instruments, orders or electronic mechanisms, such as an electronic code, personal identification number or digital payment mechanism, or any other prepaid intangible right to acquire tangible personal property, intangibles or services in the future, whether from the seller of the cash equivalent or from another person. Cash equivalents do not include either of the following:
- (i) Items or intangibles that are sold to one or more persons, through which a value is not denominated in money.
- (ii) Prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for telecommunications services made taxable by subsection P of this section.
- (b) "Monetized bullion" means coins and other forms of money that are manufactured from gold, silver or other metals and that have been or are used as a medium of exchange in this or another state, the United States or a foreign nation.
- (c) "Precious metal bullion" means precious metal, including gold, silver, platinum, rhodium and palladium, that has been smelted or refined so that its value depends on its contents and not on its form.
- 22. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel that are subject to a tax imposed under title 28, chapter 16, article 1, sales of use fuel to a holder of a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 28-5739, sales of aviation fuel that are subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344 and sales of jet fuel that are subject to the tax imposed under article 8 of this chapter.
- 23. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property under the personal property rental classification if such property is to be leased or rented by such person.
- 24. Tangible personal property sold in interstate or foreign commerce if prohibited from being so taxed by the constitution of the United States or the constitution of this state.

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- 25. Tangible personal property sold to:
- (a) A qualifying hospital as defined in section 42-5001.
- (b) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 42-5001 if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide health and medical related educational and charitable services.
- (c) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for blind and visually impaired children and children with multiple disabilities from the time of birth to age twenty-one.
- (d) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 42-5001.
- (e) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.
- (f) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that provides residential apartment housing for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide residential apartment housing for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy.
- (g) A qualifying health sciences educational institution as defined in section 42-5001.
- (h) Any person representing or working on behalf of another person described in subdivisions (a) through (g) of this paragraph if the tangible personal property is incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.
- 26. Magazines or other periodicals or other publications by this state to encourage tourist travel.
 - 27. Tangible personal property sold to:
- (a) A person that is subject to tax under this article by reason of being engaged in business classified under section 42-5075 OR 42-5077 or to a subcontractor working under the control of a person engaged in business classified under section 42-5075 OR 42-5077, if the property so sold is any of the following: INCORPORATED INTO ANY HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT OR INTO A MANUFACTURED BUILDING.
- (i) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any real property, structure, project, development or improvement as part of the business.
- (ii) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

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(iii) Used in environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

- (b) A person that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075 and that has been provided a copy of a certificate under section 42-5009, subsection L, if the property so sold is incorporated or fabricated by the person into the real property, structure, project, development or improvement INTO A HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT described in the certificate.
 - 28. The sale of a motor vehicle to:
- (a) A nonresident of this state if the purchaser's state of residence does not allow a corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter and if the nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01.
- (b) An enrolled member of an Indian tribe who resides on the Indian reservation established for that tribe.
- 29. Tangible personal property purchased in this state by a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such property exclusively in programs for persons with mental or physical disabilities if the programs are exclusively for training, job placement, rehabilitation or testing.
- 30. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual. This paragraph does not apply to an organization that is owned, managed or controlled, in whole or in part, by a major league baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, or by a major league baseball association or professional golfing association, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, unless the organization conducted or operated exhibition events in this state before January 1, 2018 that were exempt from taxation under section 42-5073.
- 31. Sales of commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in or from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the United States commodity futures trading commission.
- 32. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the internal revenue code if the organization sponsors or operates a rodeo featuring primarily farm and

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 ranch animals and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

- 33. Sales of seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, cuttings and other propagative material to persons who use those items to commercially produce agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops in this state.
- 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are only useful to assist a person with a physical disability as defined in section 46-191 or a person who has a developmental disability as defined in section 36-551 or has a head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be more independent and functional.
- 35. Sales of natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor vehicle.
- 36. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer felts, sold to a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper manufacturing.
- 37. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and electricity sold to a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and directly used or consumed in the generation or provision of on-site power or energy solely for environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing or environmental protection. This paragraph shall apply for twenty full consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor who does not manufacture paper, the time period shall begin with the date the first manufacturing, processing or production equipment is placed in service.
- of liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals manufacturing, processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, printing, if using or consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an integrated system of chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the product is produced for the purpose of causing or permitting a chemical or physical change to occur in the materials as part of the production process. This paragraph does not include chemicals that are used or consumed in activities such as packaging, storage or transportation but does not affect any deduction for such chemicals that otherwise provided by this section. For the purposes of this paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing operation and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding.
- 39. Through December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions, conducted by a personal property liquidator. From and after December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions shall be taxable under this section provided that nothing in this subsection shall

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be construed to authorize the taxation of casual activities or transactions under this chapter. For the purposes of this paragraph:

- (a) "Personal property liquidation transaction" means a sale of personal property made by a personal property liquidator acting solely on behalf of the owner of the personal property sold at the dwelling of the owner or on the death of any owner, on behalf of the surviving spouse, if any, any devisee or heir or the personal representative of the estate of the deceased, if one has been appointed.
- (b) "Personal property liquidator" means a person who is retained to conduct a sale in a personal property liquidation transaction.
- 40. Sales of food, drink and condiment for consumption within the premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.
- 41. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property.
 - 42. Sales of:
- (a) Livestock and poultry to persons engaging in the businesses of farming, ranching or producing livestock or poultry.
- (b) Livestock and poultry feed, salts, vitamins and other additives for livestock or poultry consumption that are sold to persons for use or consumption by their own livestock or poultry, for use or consumption in the businesses of farming, ranching and producing or feeding livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or for use or consumption in noncommercial boarding of livestock. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.
- 43. Sales of implants used as growth promotants and injectable medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 8 of this subsection, for livestock or poultry owned by or in possession of persons who are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or who are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.
- 44. Sales of motor vehicles at auction to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the vehicles are shipped or delivered out of this state, regardless of where title to the motor vehicles passes or its free on board point.
- 45. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in business and subject to tax under the transient lodging classification if the tangible personal property is a personal hygiene item or articles used by human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages, that are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.

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- 46. Sales of alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, to a used oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used oil fuel under section 49-426 or 49-480.
- 47. Sales of materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded libraries including school district libraries, charter school libraries, community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, county or municipal libraries for use by the public as follows:
 - (a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.
 - (b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.
- 48. Tangible personal property sold to a commercial airline and consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for serving the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without additional charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the purposes of this paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a federal certificate of public convenience and necessity or foreign air carrier permit for air transportation to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- 49. Sales of alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was manufactured as a diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on alternative fuel and equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel fuel motor vehicle to convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel. as defined in section 1-215.
- 50. Sales of any spirituous, vinous or malt liquor by a person that is licensed in this state as a wholesaler by the department of liquor licenses and control pursuant to title 4, chapter 2, article 1.
- 51. Sales of tangible personal property to be incorporated or installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6 SITE PREPARATION, CONSTRUCTING, FURNISHING OR INSTALLING MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT OR OTHER TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING STRUCTURES NECESSARY TO PROTECT EXEMPT INCORPORATED MATERIALS OR INSTALLED MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT, AND TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY INCORPORATED INTO THE PROJECT, TO PERFORM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS IN RESPONSE TO A RELEASE OR SUSPECTED RELEASE OF A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, POLLUTANT OR CONTAMINANT FROM A FACILITY INTO THE ENVIRONMENT, UNLESS THE RELEASE WAS AUTHORIZED BY A PERMIT ISSUED BY A GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY:
- (a) ACTIONS TO MONITOR, ASSESS AND EVALUATE SUCH A RELEASE OR A SUSPECTED RELEASE.
- (b) EXCAVATING, REMOVING AND TRANSPORTING CONTAMINATED SOIL AND ITS TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL.
- (c) TREATING CONTAMINATED SOIL BY VAPOR EXTRACTION, CHEMICAL OR PHYSICAL STABILIZATION, SOIL WASHING OR BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT TO REDUCE THE CONCENTRATION, TOXICITY OR MOBILITY OF A CONTAMINANT.

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- (d) PUMPING AND TREATMENT OR IN SITU TREATMENT OF CONTAMINATED GROUNDWATER OR SURFACE WATER TO REDUCE THE CONCENTRATION OR TOXICITY OF A CONTAMINANT.
- (e) INSTALLING STRUCTURES, SUCH AS CUTOFF WALLS OR CAPS, TO CONTAIN CONTAMINANTS PRESENT IN GROUNDWATER OR SOIL AND PREVENT THEM FROM REACHING A LOCATION WHERE THEY COULD THREATEN HUMAN HEALTH OR WELFARE OR THE ENVIRONMENT.
- THIS PARAGRAPH DOES NOT INCLUDE ASBESTOS REMOVAL OR CONSTRUCTING OR USING ANCILLARY STRUCTURES SUCH AS MAINTENANCE SHEDS, OFFICES OR STORAGE FACILITIES FOR UNATTACHED EQUIPMENT, POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT, FACILITIES OR OTHER CONTROL ITEMS REQUIRED OR TO BE USED BY A PERSON TO PREVENT OR CONTROL CONTAMINATION BEFORE IT REACHES THE ENVIRONMENT.
- . Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- 53. Application services that are designed to assess or test student learning or to promote curriculum design or enhancement purchased by or for any school district, charter school, community college or state university. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Application services" means software applications provided remotely using hypertext transfer protocol or another network protocol.
- (b) "Curriculum design or enhancement" means planning, implementing or reporting on courses of study, lessons, assignments or other learning activities.
- . Sales of motor vehicle fuel and use fuel to a qualified business under section 41-1516 for off-road use in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.
- . Sales of repair parts installed in equipment used directly by a qualified business under section 41-1516 in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.
- 56. Sales or other transfers of renewable energy credits or any other unit created to track energy derived from renewable energy resources. For the purposes of this paragraph, "renewable energy credit" means a unit created administratively by the corporation commission or governing body of a public power utility to track kilowatt hours of electricity derived from a renewable energy resource or the kilowatt hour equivalent of conventional energy resources displaced by distributed renewable energy resources.
- . Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized

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 agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. For the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519.

58. Orthodontic devices dispensed by a dental professional who is licensed under title 32, chapter 11 to a patient as part of the practice of dentistry.

59. Sales of tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, that is located within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual native American Indian who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose benefit the Indian reservation was established.

(b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of the interior.

(c) "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws of the Indian tribe.

- 59. TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY SOLD TO A QUALIFIED BUSINESS UNDER SECTION 41-1516 IF THE PROPERTY SOLD IS TO BE INCORPORATED OR FABRICATED INTO A BUILDING, OR OTHER STRUCTURE, PROJECT, DEVELOPMENT OR IMPROVEMENT OWNED BY THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS FOR HARVESTING OR PROCESSING QUALIFYING FOREST PRODUCTS. TO QUALIFY FOR THIS DEDUCTION, THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS MUST PRESENT, AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE, ITS CERTIFICATION APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- 60. Sales of works of fine art, as defined in section 44-1771, at an art auction or gallery in this state to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the vendor ships or delivers the work of fine art to a destination outside this state.
- B. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by subsection A of this section, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of the following categories of tangible personal property shall be deducted from the tax base:
- 1. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining or metallurgical operations. The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job printing", "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer to and include those operations commonly understood within their ordinary

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 meaning. "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching, milling, precipitating, smelting and refining.

- 2. Mining machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and minerals.
- 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business classified under the telecommunications classification, including a person representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, and consisting of central office switching equipment, switchboards, private branch exchange equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media that are components of carrier systems.
- 4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in producing or transmitting electrical power, but not including distribution. Transformers and control equipment used at transmission substation sites constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting electrical power.
- 5. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.
- 6. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.
- 7. Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other accessories and related equipment sold to:
 - (a) A person:
- (i) Holding, or exempted by federal law from obtaining, a federal certificate of public convenience and necessity for use as, in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- (ii) That is certificated or licensed under federal aviation administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121 or 135) as a scheduled or unscheduled carrier of persons for hire for use as or in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iii) Holding a foreign air carrier permit for air transportation for use as or in conjunction with or becoming a part of aircraft to be used to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.

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- (iv) Operating an aircraft to transport persons in any manner for compensation or hire, or for use in a fractional ownership program that meets the requirements of federal aviation administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 91, subpart K), including as an air carrier, a foreign air carrier or a commercial operator or under a restricted category, within the meaning of 14 Code of Federal Regulations, regardless of whether the operation or aircraft is regulated or certified under part 91, 119, 121, 133, 135, 136 or 137, or another part of 14 Code of Federal Regulations.
- (v) That will lease or otherwise transfer operational control, within the meaning of federal aviation administration operations specification A008, or its successor, of the aircraft, instruments or accessories to one or more persons described in item (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) of this subdivision, subject to section 42-5009, subsection Q.
 - (b) Any foreign government.
- (c) Persons who are not residents of this state and who will not use such property in this state other than in removing such property from this state. This subdivision also applies to corporations that are not incorporated in this state, regardless of maintaining a place of business in this state, if the principal corporate office is located outside this state and the property will not be used in this state other than in removing the property from this state.
- 8. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.
- 9. Railroad rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipment used directly to transport persons or property.
- 10. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for commercial purposes.
- 11. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles that are used directly to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a governmentally adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program and that are sold to bus companies holding a federal certificate of convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to provide urban mass transportation.
 - 12. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.
- 13. New machinery and equipment consisting of agricultural aircraft, tractors, tractor-drawn implements, self-powered implements, machinery and equipment necessary for extracting milk, and machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and livestock, and drip irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 6 of this subsection and that are

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 used for commercial production of agricultural, horticultural, viticultural and floricultural crops and products in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph:

- (a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery and equipment that have never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals that do not total two years or more.
- (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that are electric-powered.
- 14. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing, developing or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including research and development of computer software that is embedded in or an integral part of the prototype or new product or that is required for machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under this section to function effectively. Research and development do not include manufacturing quality control, routine consumer product testing, market research, sales promotion, sales service, research in social sciences or psychology, computer software research that is not included in the definition of research and development, or other nontechnological activities or technical services.
- 15. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the following to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, control or transmit telecommunications information:
- (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.
- (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both of the following conditions are met:
- (i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or on behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.
- (ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the facility to or on behalf of those services.
- For the purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service first transmits information to its customers.
- 16. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 14 of this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this

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 paragraph, "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an environment where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and contamination are precisely controlled within specified parameters, without regard to whether the property is actually contained within that environment or whether any of the property is affixed to or incorporated into real property. Clean room:

- (a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, chemical purity or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances, as well as the production machinery and equipment operating in conjunction with the clean room environment.
- (b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable component of the building that houses the clean room environment.
- 17. Machinery and equipment used directly in the feeding of poultry, the environmental control of housing for poultry, the movement of eggs within a production and packaging facility or the sorting or cooling of eggs. This exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.
- 18. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components, that is employed in connection with manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining, mining, natural gas pipelines, metallurgical operations, telecommunications, producing or transmitting electricity or research and development and that is used directly to meet or exceed rules or regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United States environmental protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory commission, the Arizona department of environmental quality or a political subdivision of this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water or air pollution.
- 19. Machinery and equipment that are sold to a person engaged in commercial production of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural or products in this state, including a person representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, if the machinery and equipment are used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or reduce air, water or land pollution.
- 20. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United States Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order issued April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This paragraph does not exempt any of the following:

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- (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or equipment described in this paragraph.
- (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or equipment for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under this paragraph.
- (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television station has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 2009, whichever occurs first.
- 21. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 2004 through June 30, 2024 by a qualified business under section 41-1516 for harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for this deduction, the qualified business at the time of purchase must present its certification approved by the department.
- C. The deductions provided by subsection B of this section do not include sales of:
- 1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of the cost or useful life of that property.
 - 2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.
 - 3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.
- 4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in subsection B, paragraph 15 of this section.
- 5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 11 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles.
- 6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of whatever kind or character not specifically included as exempt.
 - 7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.
- 8. Machinery and equipment or other tangible personal property used by a contractor in the performance of a contract.
- D. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by subsection A of this section, there shall be deducted from the tax base the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of machinery, equipment, materials and other tangible personal property used directly and predominantly to construct a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility as described in section 41-1514.02. This subsection applies for ten full consecutive calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial construction.
- E. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income from retail sales of heavy trucks and trailers does not include any

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 amount attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States Code section 4051.

- F. If a person is engaged in an occupation or business to which subsection A of this section applies, the person's books shall be kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and the gross income from sales of services, and if not so kept the tax shall be imposed on the total of the person's gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and gross income from services.
- G. If a person is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at both wholesale and retail, the tax under this section applies only to the gross proceeds of the sales made other than at wholesale if the person's books are kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of each class, and if the books are not so kept, the tax under this section applies to the gross proceeds of every sale so made.
- H. A person who engages in manufacturing, baling, crating, boxing, barreling, canning, bottling, sacking, preserving, processing or otherwise preparing for sale or commercial use any livestock, agricultural or horticultural product or any other product, article, substance or commodity and who sells the product of such business at retail in this state is deemed, as to such sales, to be engaged in business classified under the retail classification. This subsection does not apply to:
- 1. Agricultural producers who are owners, proprietors or tenants of agricultural lands, orchards, farms or gardens where agricultural products are grown, raised or prepared for market and who are marketing their own agricultural products.
 - 2. Businesses classified under the:
 - (a) Transporting classification.
 - (b) Utilities classification.
 - (c) Telecommunications classification.
 - (d) Pipeline classification.
 - (e) Private car line classification.
 - (f) Publication classification.
 - (g) Job printing classification.
 - (h) Prime contracting classification.
 - (h) HIGHWAY, STREET AND BRIDGE CLASSIFICATION.
 - (i) MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER CLASSIFICATION.
 - (i) Restaurant classification.
- I. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the following shall be deducted from the tax base for the retail classification:
- 1. Sales made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies by a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.

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- 2. Sales made directly to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if such sales are of any ingredient or component part of products sold directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.
- 3. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is used in performing a contract between the United States government and a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract.
- 4. Sales of overhead materials or other tangible personal property to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the property by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer will be exempt under paragraph 3 of this subsection.
- J. There shall be deducted from the tax base fifty percent of the gross proceeds or gross income from any sale of tangible personal property made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies that is not deducted under subsection I of this section.
- K. The department shall require every person claiming a deduction provided by subsection I or J of this section to file on forms prescribed by the department at such times as the department directs a sworn statement disclosing the name of the purchaser and the exact amount of sales on which the exclusion or deduction is claimed.
- L. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income does not include:
- 1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.
 - 2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.
- M. There shall be deducted from the tax base the amount received from sales of solar energy devices. The retailer shall register with the department as a solar energy retailer. By registering, the retailer acknowledges that it will make its books and records relating to sales of solar energy devices available to the department for examination.
- N. In computing the tax base in the case of the sale or transfer of wireless telecommunications equipment as an inducement to a customer to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064, gross proceeds of sales or gross income does not include any sales commissions or other compensation received by the retailer as a result of the customer entering into or continuing a contract for the telecommunications services.
- O. For the purposes of this section, a sale of wireless telecommunications equipment to a person who holds the equipment for sale or transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a

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 contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064 is considered to be a sale for resale in the regular course of business.

- P. Retail sales of prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for telecommunications services, including sales of reauthorization of a prepaid card or authorization number, are subject to tax under this section.
- Q. For the purposes of this section, the diversion of gas from a pipeline by a person engaged in the business of:
- 1. Operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment to pressurize the pipeline, is not a sale of the gas to the operator of the pipeline.
- 2. Converting natural gas into liquefied natural gas, for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment used in the conversion process, is not a sale of gas to the operator of the compressor equipment.
- R. For the purposes of this section, the transfer of title or possession of coal from an owner or operator of a power plant to a person in the business of refining coal is not a sale of coal if both of the following apply:
- 1. The transfer of title or possession of the coal is for the purpose of refining the coal.
- 2. The title or possession of the coal is transferred back to the owner or operator of the power plant after completion of the coal refining process. For the purposes of this paragraph, "coal refining process" means the application of a coal additive system that aids in the reduction of power plant emissions during the combustion of coal and the treatment of flue gas.
- S. If a seller is entitled to a deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 15, subdivision (b) of this section, the department may require the purchaser to establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 15, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied. If the purchaser cannot establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 15, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied, the purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest that the seller would have been required to pay under article 1 of this chapter if the seller had not made a deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 15, subdivision (b) of this section. Payment of the amount under this subsection exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter and related to the tangible personal property purchased. The amount shall be treated as transaction privilege tax to the purchaser and as tax revenues collected from the seller to designate the distribution base pursuant to section 42-5029.
- T. For the purposes of section 42-5032.01, the department shall separately account for revenues collected under the retail classification from businesses selling tangible personal property at retail:

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- 1. On the premises of a multipurpose facility that is owned, leased or operated by the tourism and sports authority pursuant to title 5, chapter 8.
- 2. At professional football contests that are held in a stadium located on the campus of an institution under the jurisdiction of the Arizona board of regents.
- U. In computing the tax base for the sale of a motor vehicle to a nonresident of this state, if the purchaser's state of residence allows a corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter and the rate of the tax in the purchaser's state of residence is lower than the rate prescribed in article 1 of this chapter or if the purchaser's state of residence does not impose an excise tax, and the nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01, there shall be deducted from the tax base a portion of the gross proceeds or gross income from the sale so that the amount of transaction privilege tax that is paid in this state is equal to the excise tax that is imposed by the purchaser's state of residence on the nonexempt sale or use of the motor vehicle.
- V. THE SALE OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY TO A CONTRACTOR, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PROPERTY WILL BE INCORPORATED INTO A BUILDING OR STRUCTURE, IS CONSIDERED TO BE A SALE AT RETAIL AND IS SUBJECT TO TAXATION UNDER THIS SECTION UNLESS THE CONTRACTOR PROVIDES TO THE RETAILER A CERTIFICATE THAT IS SIGNED BY THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY TO BE IMPROVED AND THAT STATES THAT THE PERSONAL PROPERTY PURCHASED BY THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE USED FOR A PURPOSE IDENTIFIED IN SUBSECTION A OR B OF THIS SECTION. IF A PERSON WHO IS IN THE BUSINESS OF SELLING TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AT RETAIL ALSO ENGAGES IN BUSINESS AS A CONTRACTOR AND REMOVES TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY FROM RETAIL STOCK FOR USE IN CONTRACTING ACTIVITIES, THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THAT PERSONAL PROPERTY IS SUBJECT TO USE TAX UNDER SECTION 42-5155.
 - ₩. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Agricultural aircraft" means an aircraft that is built for agricultural use for the aerial application of pesticides or fertilizer or for aerial seeding.
 - 2. "Aircraft" includes:
- (a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.
- (b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or attached as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.
- 3. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.

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4. "Selling at retail" means a sale for any purpose other than for resale in the regular course of business in the form of tangible personal property, but transfer of possession, lease and rental as used in the definition of sale mean only such transactions as are found on investigation to be in lieu of sales as defined without the words lease or rental.

₩. X. For the purposes of subsection I of this section:

- 1. "Assembler" means a person who unites or combines products, wares or articles of manufacture so as to produce a change in form or substance without changing or altering the component parts.
- 2. "Manufacturer" means a person who is principally engaged in the fabrication, production or manufacture of products, wares or articles for use from raw or prepared materials, imparting to those materials new forms, qualities, properties and combinations.
- 3. "Modifier" means a person who reworks, changes or adds to products, wares or articles of manufacture.
- 4. "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from that would otherwise be included in the retail classification, and that are used or consumed in the performance of a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense account and allocated to various contracts based on generally accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting standards.
- 5. "Repairer" means a person who restores or renews products, wares or articles of manufacture.
- 6. "Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing of supplies or services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to the performance of one or more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken or assumed and that includes provisions causing title to overhead materials or other tangible personal property used in the performance of the subcontract to pass to the government or that includes provisions incorporating such title passing clauses in a government contract into the subcontract. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "CONTRACTOR" HAS ITS ORDINARY AND COMMON MEANING AND DOES NOT HAVE THE MEANING PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 42-5001.
- Sec. 15. Section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 104, section 15, chapter 249, section 1 and chapter 263, section 1, is amended to read:

42-5061. Retail classification; definitions

A. The retail classification is comprised of the business of selling tangible personal property at retail. The tax base for the retail classification is the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from

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the business. The tax imposed on the retail classification does not apply to the gross proceeds of sales or gross income from:

- 1. Professional or personal service occupations or businesses that involve sales or transfers of tangible personal property only as inconsequential elements.
- 2. Services rendered in addition to selling tangible personal property at retail.
- 3. Sales of warranty or service contracts. The storage, use or consumption of tangible personal property provided under the conditions of such contracts is subject to tax under section 42-5156.
- 4. Sales of tangible personal property by any nonprofit organization organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and recognized by the United States internal revenue service under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.
- 5. Sales to persons engaged in business classified under the restaurant classification of articles used by human beings for food, drink or condiment, whether simple, mixed or compounded.
- 6. Business activity that is properly included in any other business classification that is taxable under this article.
 - 7. The sale of stocks and bonds.
- 8. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, regulator and tank, on the prescription of a member of the medical, dental or veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.
- 9. Prosthetic appliances as defined in section 23-501 and as prescribed or recommended by a health professional who is licensed pursuant to title 32, chapter 7, 8, 11, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 or 29.
 - 10. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.
 - 11. Prescription eyeglasses or contact lenses.
 - 12. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.
- 13. Durable medical equipment that has a centers for medicare and medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, chapter 7, 8, 13, 14, 15, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in the home.
- 14. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the motor vehicle dealer ships or delivers the motor vehicle to a destination out of this state.
- 15. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3 of this chapter and section 42-5074.
- 16. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture coupons issued under the supplemental nutrition assistance program pursuant to the food and nutrition act of 2008 (P.L. 88-525; 78 Stat. 703;

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7 United States Code sections 2011 through 2036b) by the United States department of agriculture food and nutrition service or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; P.L. 111-296; 42 United States Code section 1786).

- 17. Textbooks by any bookstore that are required by any state university or community college.
- 18. Food and drink to a person that is engaged in a business that is classified under the restaurant classification and that provides such food and drink without monetary charge to its employees for their own consumption on the premises during the employees' hours of employment.
- 19. Articles of food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible personal property to a school district or charter school if such articles and accessory tangible personal property are to be prepared and served to persons for consumption on the premises of a public school within the district or on the premises of the charter school during school hours.
- 20. Lottery tickets or shares pursuant to title 5, chapter 5.1, article 1.
- 21. The sale of cash equivalents and the sale of precious metal bullion and monetized bullion to the ultimate consumer, but the sale of coins or other forms of money for manufacture into jewelry or works of art is subject to the tax and the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the redemption of any cash equivalent by the holder as a means of payment for goods or services that are taxable under this article is subject to the tax. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Cash equivalents" means items or intangibles, whether or not negotiable, that are sold to one or more persons, through which a value denominated in money is purchased in advance and may be redeemed in full or in part for tangible personal property, intangibles or services. Cash equivalents include gift cards, stored value cards, gift certificates, vouchers, traveler's checks, money orders or other instruments, orders or electronic mechanisms, such as an electronic code, personal identification number or digital payment mechanism, or any other prepaid intangible right to acquire tangible personal property, intangibles or services in the future, whether from the seller of the cash equivalent or from another person. Cash equivalents do not include either of the following:
- (i) Items or intangibles that are sold to one or more persons, through which a value is not denominated in money.
- (ii) Prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for telecommunications services made taxable by subsection P of this section.

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- (b) "Monetized bullion" means coins and other forms of money that are manufactured from gold, silver or other metals and that have been or are used as a medium of exchange in this or another state, the United States or a foreign nation.
- (c) "Precious metal bullion" means precious metal, including gold, silver, platinum, rhodium and palladium, that has been smelted or refined so that its value depends on its contents and not on its form.
- 22. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel that are subject to a tax imposed under title 28, chapter 16, article 1, sales of use fuel to a holder of a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 28-5739, sales of aviation fuel that are subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344 and sales of jet fuel that are subject to the tax imposed under article 8 of this chapter.
- 23. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property under the personal property rental classification if such property is to be leased or rented by such person.
- 24. Tangible personal property sold in interstate or foreign commerce if prohibited from being so taxed by the constitution of the United States or the constitution of this state.
 - 25. Tangible personal property sold to:
 - (a) A qualifying hospital as defined in section 42-5001.
- (b) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 42-5001 if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide health and medical related educational and charitable services.
- (c) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for blind and visually impaired children and children with multiple disabilities from the time of birth to age twenty-one.
- (d) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 42-5001.
- (e) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.
- (f) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that provides residential apartment housing for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide residential apartment housing for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy.

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- (g) A qualifying health sciences educational institution as defined in section 42-5001.
- (h) Any person representing or working on behalf of another person described in subdivisions (a) through (g) of this paragraph if the tangible personal property is incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.
- 26. Magazines or other periodicals or other publications by this state to encourage tourist travel.
 - 27. Tangible personal property sold to:
- (a) A person that is subject to tax under this article by reason of being engaged in business classified under section 42-5075 OR 42-5077 or to a subcontractor working under the control of a person engaged in business classified under section 42-5075 OR 42-5077, if the property so sold is any of the following: INCORPORATED INTO ANY HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT OR INTO A MANUFACTURED BUILDING.
- (i) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any real property, structure, project, development or improvement as part of the business.
- (ii) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.
- (iii) Used in environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.
- (b) A person that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075 and that has been provided a copy of a certificate under section 42-5009, subsection L, if the property so sold is incorporated or fabricated by the person into the real property, structure, project, development or improvement INTO A HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT described in the certificate.
 - 28. The sale of a motor vehicle to:
- (a) A nonresident of this state if the purchaser's state of residence does not allow a corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter and if the nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01.
- (b) An enrolled member of an Indian tribe who resides on the Indian reservation established for that tribe.
- 29. Tangible personal property purchased in this state by a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such property exclusively in programs for persons with mental or physical disabilities if the programs are exclusively for training, job placement, rehabilitation or testing.
- 30. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated

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with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual. This paragraph does not apply to an organization that is owned, managed or controlled, in whole or in part, by a major league baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, or by a major league baseball association or professional golfing association, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, unless the organization conducted or operated exhibition events in this state before January 1, 2018 that were exempt from taxation under section 42-5073.

- 31. Sales of commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in or from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the United States commodity futures trading commission.
- 32. Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the internal revenue code if the organization sponsors or operates a rodeo featuring primarily farm and ranch animals and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- 33. Sales of seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, cuttings and other propagative material to persons who use those items to commercially produce agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops in this state.
- 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are only useful to assist a person with a physical disability as defined in section 46-191 or a person who has a developmental disability as defined in section 36-551 or has a head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be more independent and functional.
- 35. Sales of natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor vehicle.
- 36. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer felts, sold to a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper manufacturing.
- 37. Petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and electricity sold to a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and directly used or consumed in the generation or provision of on-site power or energy solely for environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing or environmental protection. This paragraph shall apply for twenty full consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor who does not

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manufacture paper, the time period shall begin with the date the first manufacturing, processing or production equipment is placed in service.

- 38. Sales of liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in manufacturing, processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, printing, if using or consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an integrated system of chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the product is produced for the purpose of causing or permitting a chemical or physical change to occur in the materials as part of the production process. This paragraph does not include chemicals that are used or consumed in activities such as packaging, storage or transportation but does not affect any deduction for such chemicals that is otherwise provided by this section. For the purposes of this paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing operation and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding.
- 39. Through December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions, conducted by a personal property liquidator. From and after December 31, 1994, personal property liquidation transactions shall be taxable under this section provided that nothing in this subsection shall be construed to authorize the taxation of casual activities or transactions under this chapter. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Personal property liquidation transaction" means a sale of personal property made by a personal property liquidator acting solely on behalf of the owner of the personal property sold at the dwelling of the owner or on the death of any owner, on behalf of the surviving spouse, if any, any devisee or heir or the personal representative of the estate of the deceased, if one has been appointed.
- (b) "Personal property liquidator" means a person who is retained to conduct a sale in a personal property liquidation transaction.
- 40. Sales of food, drink and condiment for consumption within the premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.
- 41. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property.
 - 42. Sales of:
- (a) Livestock and poultry to persons engaging in the businesses of farming, ranching or producing livestock or poultry.
- (b) Livestock and poultry feed, salts, vitamins and other additives for livestock or poultry consumption that are sold to persons for use or consumption by their own livestock or poultry, for use or consumption in the businesses of farming, ranching and producing or feeding livestock,

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poultry, or livestock or poultry products or for use or consumption in noncommercial boarding of livestock. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

- 43. Sales of implants used as growth promotants and injectable medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 8 of this subsection, for livestock or poultry owned by or in possession of persons who are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products or who are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.
- 44. Sales of motor vehicles at auction to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the vehicles are shipped or delivered out of this state, regardless of where title to the motor vehicles passes or its free on board point.
- 45. Tangible personal property sold to a person engaged in business and subject to tax under the transient lodging classification if the tangible personal property is a personal hygiene item or articles used by human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages, that are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.
- 46. Sales of alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, to a used oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used oil fuel under section 49-426 or 49-480.
- 47. Sales of materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded libraries including school district libraries, charter school libraries, community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, county or municipal libraries for use by the public as follows:
 - (a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.
 - (b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.
- 48. Tangible personal property sold to a commercial airline and consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for serving the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without additional charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the purposes of this paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a federal certificate of public convenience and necessity or foreign air carrier permit for air transportation to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- 49. Sales of alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was manufactured as a diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on alternative fuel and equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel fuel motor vehicle to convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215.
- 50. Sales of any spirituous, vinous or malt liquor by a person that is licensed in this state as a wholesaler by the department of liquor licenses and control pursuant to title 4, chapter 2, article 1.

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- 51. Sales of tangible personal property to be incorporated or installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6 SITE PREPARATION, CONSTRUCTING, FURNISHING OR INSTALLING MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT OR OTHER TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING STRUCTURES NECESSARY TO PROTECT EXEMPT INCORPORATED MATERIALS OR INSTALLED MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT, AND TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY INCORPORATED INTO THE PROJECT, TO PERFORM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS IN RESPONSE TO A RELEASE OR SUSPECTED RELEASE OF A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, POLLUTANT OR CONTAMINANT FROM A FACILITY INTO THE ENVIRONMENT, UNLESS THE RELEASE WAS AUTHORIZED BY A PERMIT ISSUED BY A GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY:
- (a) ACTIONS TO MONITOR, ASSESS AND EVALUATE SUCH A RELEASE OR A SUSPECTED RELEASE.
- (b) EXCAVATING, REMOVING AND TRANSPORTING CONTAMINATED SOIL AND ITS TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL.
- (c) TREATING CONTAMINATED SOIL BY VAPOR EXTRACTION, CHEMICAL OR PHYSICAL STABILIZATION, SOIL WASHING OR BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT TO REDUCE THE CONCENTRATION, TOXICITY OR MOBILITY OF A CONTAMINANT.
- (d) PUMPING AND TREATMENT OR IN SITU TREATMENT OF CONTAMINATED GROUNDWATER OR SURFACE WATER TO REDUCE THE CONCENTRATION OR TOXICITY OF A CONTAMINANT.
- (e) INSTALLING STRUCTURES, SUCH AS CUTOFF WALLS OR CAPS, TO CONTAIN CONTAMINANTS PRESENT IN GROUNDWATER OR SOIL AND PREVENT THEM FROM REACHING A LOCATION WHERE THEY COULD THREATEN HUMAN HEALTH OR WELFARE OR THE ENVIRONMENT.
- THIS PARAGRAPH DOES NOT INCLUDE ASBESTOS REMOVAL OR CONSTRUCTING OR USING ANCILLARY STRUCTURES SUCH AS MAINTENANCE SHEDS, OFFICES OR STORAGE FACILITIES FOR UNATTACHED EQUIPMENT, POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT, FACILITIES OR OTHER CONTROL ITEMS REQUIRED OR TO BE USED BY A PERSON TO PREVENT OR CONTROL CONTAMINATION BEFORE IT REACHES THE ENVIRONMENT.
- . Sales of tangible personal property by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- 53. Application services that are designed to assess or test student learning or to promote curriculum design or enhancement purchased by or for any school district, charter school, community college or state university. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Application services" means software applications provided remotely using hypertext transfer protocol or another network protocol.
- (b) "Curriculum design or enhancement" means planning, implementing or reporting on courses of study, lessons, assignments or other learning activities.

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- . Sales of motor vehicle fuel and use fuel to a qualified business under section 41-1516 for off-road use in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.
- . Sales of repair parts installed in equipment used directly by a qualified business under section 41-1516 in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.
- 56. Sales or other transfers of renewable energy credits or any other unit created to track energy derived from renewable energy resources. For the purposes of this paragraph, "renewable energy credit" means a unit created administratively by the corporation commission or governing body of a public power utility to track kilowatt hours of electricity derived from a renewable energy resource or the kilowatt hour equivalent of conventional energy resources displaced by distributed renewable energy resources.
- 57. Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. For the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519.
- 58. Orthodontic devices dispensed by a dental professional who is licensed under title 32, chapter 11 to a patient as part of the practice of dentistry.
- 59. Sales of tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, that is located within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual native American Indian who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose benefit the Indian reservation was established.
- (b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of the interior.
- (c) "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws of the Indian tribe.

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- 59. TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY SOLD TO A QUALIFIED BUSINESS UNDER SECTION 41-1516 IF THE PROPERTY SOLD IS TO BE INCORPORATED OR FABRICATED INTO A BUILDING, OR OTHER STRUCTURE, PROJECT, DEVELOPMENT OR IMPROVEMENT OWNED BY THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS FOR HARVESTING OR PROCESSING QUALIFYING FOREST PRODUCTS. TO QUALIFY FOR THIS DEDUCTION, THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS MUST PRESENT, AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE, ITS CERTIFICATION APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- 60. Sales of works of fine art, as defined in section 44-1771, at an art auction or gallery in this state to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the vendor ships or delivers the work of fine art to a destination outside this state.
 - 61. Sales of coal.
- B. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by subsection A of this section, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of the following categories of tangible personal property shall be deducted from the tax base:
- 1. Machinery, equipment, or used directly in manufacturing, fabricating, job printing, refining or metallurgical The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job printing", "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer to and include those operations commonly understood within their ordinary meaning. "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching. precipitating, smelting and refining.
- 2. Mining machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and minerals.
- 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business classified under the telecommunications classification, including a person representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, and consisting of central office switching equipment, switchboards, private branch exchange equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media that are components of carrier systems.
- 4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in producing or transmitting electrical power, but not including distribution. Transformers and control equipment used at transmission substation sites constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting electrical power.
- 5. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of

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 breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.

- 6. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.
- 7. Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other accessories and related equipment sold to:
 - (a) A person:
- (i) Holding, or exempted by federal law from obtaining, a federal certificate of public convenience and necessity for use as, in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- (ii) That is certificated or licensed under federal aviation administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121 or 135) as a scheduled or unscheduled carrier of persons for hire for use as or in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iii) Holding a foreign air carrier permit for air transportation for use as or in conjunction with or becoming a part of aircraft to be used to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iv) Operating an aircraft to transport persons in any manner for compensation or hire, or for use in a fractional ownership program that meets the requirements of federal aviation administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 91, subpart K), including as an air carrier, a foreign air carrier or a commercial operator or under a restricted category, within the meaning of 14 Code of Federal Regulations, regardless of whether the operation or aircraft is regulated or certified under part 91, 119, 121, 133, 135, 136 or 137, or another part of 14 Code of Federal Regulations.
- (v) That will lease or otherwise transfer operational control, within the meaning of federal aviation administration operations specification A008, or its successor, of the aircraft, instruments or accessories to one or more persons described in item (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) of this subdivision, subject to section 42-5009, subsection Q.
 - (b) Any foreign government.
- (c) Persons who are not residents of this state and who will not use such property in this state other than in removing such property from this state. This subdivision also applies to corporations that are not incorporated in this state, regardless of maintaining a place of business in this state, if the principal corporate office is located outside this state and the property will not be used in this state other than in removing the property from this state.

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- 8. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft, aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.
- 9. Railroad rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipment used directly to transport persons or property.
- 10. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for commercial purposes.
- 11. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles that are used directly to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a governmentally adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program and that are sold to bus companies holding a federal certificate of convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to provide urban mass transportation.
 - 12. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.
- 13. New machinery and equipment consisting of agricultural aircraft, tractors, tractor-drawn implements, self-powered implements, machinery and equipment necessary for extracting milk, and machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and livestock, and drip irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 6 of this subsection and that are used for commercial production of agricultural, horticultural, viticultural and floricultural crops and products in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery and equipment that have never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals that do not total two years or more.
- (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that are electric-powered.
- 14. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing, developing or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including research and development of computer software that is embedded in or an integral part of the prototype or new product or that is required for machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under this section to function effectively. Research and development do not include manufacturing quality control, routine consumer product testing, market research, sales promotion, sales service, research in social sciences or psychology, computer software research that is not included in the definition of research and development, or other nontechnological activities or technical services.

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- 15. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the following to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, control or transmit telecommunications information:
- (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.
- (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both of the following conditions are met:
- (i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or on behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.
- (ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the facility to or on behalf of those services.
- For the purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service first transmits information to its customers.
- 16. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 14 of this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this paragraph, "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an environment where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and contamination are precisely controlled within specified parameters, without regard to whether the property is actually contained within that environment or whether any of the property is affixed to or incorporated into real property. Clean room:
- (a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, chemical purity or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances, as well as the production machinery and equipment operating in conjunction with the clean room environment.
- (b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable component of the building that houses the clean room environment.
- 17. Machinery and equipment used directly in the feeding of poultry, the environmental control of housing for poultry, the movement of eggs within a production and packaging facility or the sorting or cooling of eggs. This exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.
- 18. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components, that is employed in connection with manufacturing, processing,

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fabricating, job printing, refining, mining, natural gas pipelines, metallurgical operations, telecommunications, producing or transmitting electricity or research and development and that is used directly to meet or exceed rules or regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United States environmental protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory commission, the Arizona department of environmental quality or a political subdivision of this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water or air pollution.

- 19. Machinery and equipment that are sold to a person engaged in commercial production of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this state, including a person representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, if the machinery and equipment are used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or reduce air, water or land pollution.
- 20. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United States Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order issued April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This paragraph does not exempt any of the following:
- (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or equipment described in this paragraph.
- (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or equipment for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under this paragraph.
- (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television station has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 2009, whichever occurs first.
- 21. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 2004 through June 30, 2024 by a qualified business under section 41-1516 for harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for this deduction, the qualified business at the time of purchase must present its certification approved by the department.
- C. The deductions provided by subsection B of this section do not include sales of:
- 1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of the cost or useful life of that property.
 - 2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.
 - 3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.

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- 4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in subsection B, paragraph 15 of this section.
- 5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 11 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles.
- 6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of whatever kind or character not specifically included as exempt.
 - 7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.
- 8. Machinery and equipment or other tangible personal property used by a contractor in the performance of a contract.
- D. In addition to the deductions from the tax base prescribed by subsection A of this section, there shall be deducted from the tax base the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from sales of machinery, equipment, materials and other tangible personal property used directly and predominantly to construct a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility as described in section 41-1514.02. This subsection applies for ten full consecutive calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial construction.
- E. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income from retail sales of heavy trucks and trailers does not include any amount attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States Code section 4051.
- F. If a person is engaged in an occupation or business to which subsection A of this section applies, the person's books shall be kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and the gross income from sales of services, and if not so kept the tax shall be imposed on the total of the person's gross proceeds of sales of tangible personal property and gross income from services.
- G. If a person is engaged in the business of selling tangible personal property at both wholesale and retail, the tax under this section applies only to the gross proceeds of the sales made other than at wholesale if the person's books are kept so as to show separately the gross proceeds of sales of each class, and if the books are not so kept, the tax under this section applies to the gross proceeds of every sale so made.
- H. A person who engages in manufacturing, baling, crating, boxing, barreling, canning, bottling, sacking, preserving, processing or otherwise preparing for sale or commercial use any livestock, agricultural or horticultural product or any other product, article, substance or commodity and who sells the product of such business at retail in this state is deemed, as to such sales, to be engaged in business classified under the retail classification. This subsection does not apply to:

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- 1. Agricultural producers who are owners, proprietors or tenants of agricultural lands, orchards, farms or gardens where agricultural products are grown, raised or prepared for market and who are marketing their own agricultural products.
 - 2. Businesses classified under the:
 - (a) Transporting classification.
 - (b) Utilities classification.
 - (c) Telecommunications classification.
 - (d) Pipeline classification.
 - (e) Private car line classification.
 - (f) Publication classification.
 - (g) Job printing classification.
 - (h) Prime contracting classification.
 - (h) HIGHWAY, STREET AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION CLASSIFICATION.
 - (i) MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER CLASSIFICATION.
 - (i) Restaurant classification.
- I. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the following shall be deducted from the tax base for the retail classification:
- 1. Sales made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies by a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.
- 2. Sales made directly to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if such sales are of any ingredient or component part of products sold directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer.
- 3. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is used in performing a contract between the United States government and a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract.
- 4. Sales of overhead materials or other tangible personal property to a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer if the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from the property by the manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer will be exempt under paragraph 3 of this subsection.
- J. There shall be deducted from the tax base fifty percent of the gross proceeds or gross income from any sale of tangible personal property made directly to the United States government or its departments or agencies that is not deducted under subsection I of this section.
- K. The department shall require every person claiming a deduction provided by subsection I or J of this section to file on forms prescribed by the department at such times as the department directs a sworn

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 statement disclosing the name of the purchaser and the exact amount of sales on which the exclusion or deduction is claimed.

- L. In computing the tax base, gross proceeds of sales or gross income does not include:
- 1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.
 - 2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.
- M. There shall be deducted from the tax base the amount received from sales of solar energy devices. The retailer shall register with the department as a solar energy retailer. By registering, the retailer acknowledges that it will make its books and records relating to sales of solar energy devices available to the department for examination.
- N. In computing the tax base in the case of the sale or transfer of wireless telecommunications equipment as an inducement to a customer to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064, gross proceeds of sales or gross income does not include any sales commissions or other compensation received by the retailer as a result of the customer entering into or continuing a contract for the telecommunications services.
- O. For the purposes of this section, a sale of wireless telecommunications equipment to a person who holds the equipment for sale or transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064 is considered to be a sale for resale in the regular course of business.
- P. Retail sales of prepaid calling cards or prepaid authorization numbers for telecommunications services, including sales of reauthorization of a prepaid card or authorization number, are subject to tax under this section.
- Q. For the purposes of this section, the diversion of gas from a pipeline by a person engaged in the business of:
- 1. Operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment to pressurize the pipeline, is not a sale of the gas to the operator of the pipeline.
- 2. Converting natural gas into liquefied natural gas, for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment used in the conversion process, is not a sale of gas to the operator of the compressor equipment.
- R. If a seller is entitled to a deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 15, subdivision (b) of this section, the department may require the purchaser to establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 15, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied. If the purchaser cannot establish that the requirements of subsection B, paragraph 15, subdivision (b) of this section have been satisfied, the purchaser is liable in an amount equal to any tax, penalty and interest

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that the seller would have been required to pay under article 1 of this chapter if the seller had not made a deduction pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 15, subdivision (b) of this section. Payment of the amount under this subsection exempts the purchaser from liability for any tax imposed under article 4 of this chapter and related to the tangible personal property purchased. The amount shall be treated as transaction privilege tax to the purchaser and as tax revenues collected from the seller to designate the distribution base pursuant to section 42-5029.

- S. For the purposes of section 42-5032.01, the department shall separately account for revenues collected under the retail classification from businesses selling tangible personal property at retail:
- 1. On the premises of a multipurpose facility that is owned, leased or operated by the tourism and sports authority pursuant to title 5, chapter 8.
- 2. At professional football contests that are held in a stadium located on the campus of an institution under the jurisdiction of the Arizona board of regents.
- T. In computing the tax base for the sale of a motor vehicle to a nonresident of this state, if the purchaser's state of residence allows a corresponding use tax exemption to the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter and the rate of the tax in the purchaser's state of residence is lower than the rate prescribed in article 1 of this chapter or if the purchaser's state of residence does not impose an excise tax, and the nonresident has secured a special ninety day nonresident registration permit for the vehicle as prescribed by sections 28-2154 and 28-2154.01, there shall be deducted from the tax base a portion of the gross proceeds or gross income from the sale so that the amount of transaction privilege tax that is paid in this state is equal to the excise tax that is imposed by the purchaser's state of residence on the nonexempt sale or use of the motor vehicle.
- U. THE SALE OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY TO A CONTRACTOR, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE PROPERTY WILL BE INCORPORATED INTO A BUILDING OR STRUCTURE, IS CONSIDERED TO BE A SALE AT RETAIL AND IS SUBJECT TO TAXATION UNDER THIS SECTION UNLESS THE CONTRACTOR PROVIDES TO THE RETAILER A CERTIFICATE THAT IS SIGNED BY THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY TO BE IMPROVED AND THAT STATES THAT THE PERSONAL PROPERTY PURCHASED BY THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE USED FOR A PURPOSE IDENTIFIED IN SUBSECTION A OR B OF THIS SECTION. IF A PERSON WHO IS IN THE BUSINESS OF SELLING TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AT RETAIL ALSO ENGAGES IN BUSINESS AS A CONTRACTOR AND REMOVES TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY FROM RETAIL STOCK FOR USE IN CONTRACTING ACTIVITIES, THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THAT PERSONAL PROPERTY IS SUBJECT TO USE TAX UNDER SECTION 42-5155.
 - U. For the purposes of this section:

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- 1. "Agricultural aircraft" means an aircraft that is built for agricultural use for the aerial application of pesticides or fertilizer or for aerial seeding.
 - 2. "Aircraft" includes:
- (a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.
- (b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or attached as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.
- 3. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.
- 4. "Selling at retail" means a sale for any purpose other than for resale in the regular course of business in the form of tangible personal property, but transfer of possession, lease and rental as used in the definition of sale mean only such transactions as are found on investigation to be in lieu of sales as defined without the words lease or rental.
 - ₩. For the purposes of subsection I of this section:
- 1. "Assembler" means a person who unites or combines products, wares or articles of manufacture so as to produce a change in form or substance without changing or altering the component parts.
- 2. "Manufacturer" means a person who is principally engaged in the fabrication, production or manufacture of products, wares or articles for use from raw or prepared materials, imparting to those materials new forms, qualities, properties and combinations.
- 3. "Modifier" means a person who reworks, changes or adds to products, wares or articles of manufacture.
- 4. "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from that would otherwise be included in the retail classification, and that are used or consumed in the performance of a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense account and allocated to various contracts based on generally accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting standards.
- 5. "Repairer" means a person who restores or renews products, wares or articles of manufacture.
- 6. "Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing of supplies or services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to the performance of one or more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken or assumed and that includes provisions causing title to overhead materials or other tangible personal property used in

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the performance of the subcontract to pass to the government or that includes provisions incorporating such title passing clauses in a government contract into the subcontract. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "CONTRACTOR" HAS ITS ORDINARY AND COMMON MEANING AND DOES NOT HAVE THE MEANING PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 42-5001.

Sec. 16. Repeal

Section 42-5075, Arizona Revised Statutes, is repealed.

Sec. 17. Title 42, chapter 5, article 2, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding a new section 42-5075 and section 42-5077, to read:

42-5075. <u>Highway.</u> <u>street and bridge construction</u> <u>classification; exemptions; definitions</u>

- A. THE HIGHWAY, STREET AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION CLASSIFICATION IS COMPRISED OF THE BUSINESS OF CONSTRUCTING, ALTERING OR REPAIRING HIGHWAYS, STREETS AND BRIDGES THAT PRIMARILY INVOLVE SURFACE OR SUBSURFACE IMPROVEMENTS TO LAND PURSUANT TO CONTRACTS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO THE PROCUREMENT REQUIREMENTS OF TITLE 28, CHAPTER 19, 20 OR 22 OR OF TITLE 34, CHAPTER 2 OR 6, EVEN IF A CONTRACT MAY INCIDENTALLY INCLUDE VERTICAL IMPROVEMENTS.
- B. THE TAX BASE FOR THE HIGHWAY, STREET AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION CLASSIFICATION IS SIXTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALES OR GROSS INCOME DERIVED FROM THE BUSINESS. THE FOLLOWING AMOUNTS SHALL BE DEDUCTED FROM THE GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALES OR GROSS INCOME BEFORE COMPUTING THE TAX BASE:
- 1. INCOME RECEIVED FROM A CONTRACT ENTERED INTO FOR THE CONSTRUCTION, MODIFICATION OR REPAIR OF ANY HIGHWAY, ROAD, BRIDGE OR EXCAVATION LOCATED IN AN ACTIVE MILITARY REUSE ZONE AFTER THE ZONE IS INITIALLY ESTABLISHED OR RENEWED UNDER SECTION 41-1531. TO BE ELIGIBLE TO QUALIFY FOR THIS DEDUCTION, BEFORE BEGINNING WORK UNDER THE CONTRACT, THE CONTRACTOR MUST APPLY FOR A LETTER OF QUALIFICATION FROM THE DEPARTMENT.
- 2. INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO A SEPARATE WRITTEN CONTRACT FOR DESIGN PHASE SERVICES OR PROFESSIONAL SERVICES, EXECUTED BEFORE THE CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION OR REPAIR BEGINS AND WITH TERMS, CONDITIONS AND PRICING OF ALL OF THESE SERVICES SEPARATELY STATED IN THE CONTRACT FROM THOSE FOR CONSTRUCTION PHASE SERVICES, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE SERVICES ARE PROVIDED SEQUENTIALLY TO OR CONCURRENT WITH CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES THAT ARE SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER THIS SECTION. THE DEDUCTION UNDER THIS PARAGRAPH DOES NOT INCLUDE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO CONSTRUCTION PHASE SERVICES.
- 3. INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE ACTUAL DIRECT COSTS OF PROVIDING ARCHITECTURAL OR ENGINEERING SERVICES THAT ARE INCORPORATED IN A CONTRACT. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS PARAGRAPH, "DIRECT COSTS" MEANS THE PORTION OF THE ACTUAL COSTS THAT IS DIRECTLY EXPENDED IN PROVIDING ARCHITECTURAL OR ENGINEERING SERVICES.
- C. SUBCONTRACTORS WHO PERFORM SERVICES WITH RESPECT TO THE CONSTRUCTING, ALTERING OR REPAIRING HIGHWAYS, STREETS OR BRIDGES ARE NOT SUBJECT TO TAX PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION IF THEY CAN DEMONSTRATE THAT THE

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 JOB WAS WITHIN THE CONTROL OF A PRIME CONTRACTOR OR CONTRACTORS AND THAT THE PRIME CONTRACTOR IS LIABLE FOR THE TAX ON THE GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALES OR GROSS INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO THE JOB AND FROM WHICH THE SUBCONTRACTORS WERE PAID.

- D. AMOUNTS RECEIVED BY A CONTRACTOR FOR A PROJECT ARE EXCLUDED FROM THAT CONTRACTOR'S GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALES OR GROSS INCOME DERIVED FROM THE BUSINESS IF THE PERSON WHO HIRED THE CONTRACTOR EXECUTES AND PROVIDES A CERTIFICATE TO THE CONTRACTOR STATING THAT THE PERSON PROVIDING THE CERTIFICATE IS A PRIME CONTRACTOR IN THE BUSINESS OF CONSTRUCTING, ALTERING OR REPAIRING HIGHWAYS, STREETS AND BRIDGES AND IS THUS LIABLE FOR THE TAX UNDER THIS SECTION. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL PRESCRIBE THE FORM OF THE CERTIFICATE. IF THE CONTRACTOR HAS REASON TO BELIEVE THAT THE INFORMATION CONTAINED ON THE CERTIFICATE IS ERRONEOUS OR INCOMPLETE, THE DEPARTMENT MAY DISREGARD THE CERTIFICATE. IF THE PERSON WHO PROVIDES THE CERTIFICATE IS NOT LIABLE FOR THE TAX AS A PRIME CONTRACTOR, THAT PERSON IS NEVERTHELESS DEEMED TO BE THE PRIME CONTRACTOR IN LIEU OF THE CONTRACTOR AND IS SUBJECT TO THE TAX UNDER THIS SECTION ON THE GROSS RECEIPTS OR GROSS PROCEEDS RECEIVED BY THE CONTRACTOR.
- E. AGENCIES OF THIS STATE AND COUNTIES, CITIES AND TOWNS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO PROCUREMENT PROCESSES UNDER TITLE 28, CHAPTER 19, 20 OR 22 OR OF TITLE 34, CHAPTER 2 OR 6 SHALL INCLUDE IN THE REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS A NOTICE TO BIDDERS WHEN THOSE PROJECTS ARE SUBJECT TO THIS SECTION. THIS SUBSECTION DOES NOT APPLY TO CONTRACTS WITH COMMUNITY COLLEGE DISTRICTS, SCHOOL DISTRICTS AND ANY SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICT UNDER TITLE 48 IF THE DISTRICT DOES NOT SUBSTANTIALLY ENGAGE IN THE CONSTRUCTING, ALTERING OR REPAIRING HIGHWAYS, STREETS AND BRIDGES.
 - F. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION:
- 1. "CONSTRUCTION PHASE SERVICES" MEANS SERVICES TO EXECUTE AND COMPLETE ANY CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION OR REPAIR OF A HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:
- (a) ADMINISTERING OR SUPERVISING ANY WORK PERFORMED WITH RESPECT TO THE PROJECT, INCLUDING TEAM MANAGEMENT AND COORDINATION, SCHEDULING, COST CONTROLS, SUBMITTAL PROCESS MANAGEMENT, FIELD MANAGEMENT, SAFETY PROGRAM, CLOSE-OUT PROCESS AND WARRANTY PERIOD SERVICES.
- (b) ADMINISTERING OR SUPERVISING ANY WORK PERFORMED PURSUANT TO A PUNCH LIST. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, "PUNCH LIST" MEANS MINOR ITEMS OF WORK PERFORMED AFTER SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION AND BEFORE FINAL COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT.
- (c) ADMINISTERING OR SUPERVISING ANY WORK PERFORMED PURSUANT TO A CHANGE ORDER. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, "CHANGE ORDER" MEANS A WRITTEN INSTRUMENT ISSUED AFTER EXECUTION OF A CONTRACT PROVIDING FOR ALL OF THE FOLLOWING:
- (i) THE SCOPE OF A CHANGE IN THE WORK, CONTRACT FOR WORK OR OTHER CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

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- (ii) THE AMOUNT OF AN ADJUSTMENT, IF ANY, TO THE GUARANTEED MAXIMUM PRICE AS SET IN THE CONTRACT. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS ITEM, "GUARANTEED MAXIMUM PRICE" MEANS THE AMOUNT GUARANTEED TO BE THE MAXIMUM AMOUNT DUE TO A CONTRACTOR FOR THE PERFORMANCE OF ALL WORK FOR THE PROJECT.
- (iii) THE EXTENT OF AN ADJUSTMENT, IF ANY, TO THE CONTRACT TIME OF PERFORMANCE SET FORTH IN THE CONTRACT.
- (d) ADMINISTERING OR SUPERVISING ANY WORK PERFORMED PURSUANT TO A CHANGE DIRECTIVE. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, "CHANGE DIRECTIVE" MEANS A WRITTEN ORDER DIRECTING A CHANGE IN WORK BEFORE AGREEMENT ON AN ADJUSTMENT OF THE GUARANTEED MAXIMUM PRICE OR CONTRACT TIME.
- (e) INSPECTING TO DETERMINE THE DATES OF SUBSTANTIAL COMPLETION OR FINAL COMPLETION.
- (f) PREPARING ANY MANUAL, WARRANTY, AS-BUILT DRAWING, SPARE OR OTHER ITEM THE CONTRACTOR MUST FURNISH PURSUANT TO THE CONTRACT. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, "AS-BUILT DRAWING" MEANS A DRAWING THAT INDICATES FIELD CHANGES MADE TO ADAPT TO FIELD CONDITIONS, FIELD CHANGES RESULTING FROM CHANGE ORDERS OR BURIED AND CONCEALED INSTALLATION OF PIPING, CONDUIT AND UTILITY SERVICES.
- (g) PREPARING STATUS REPORTS AFTER WORK HAS BEGUN DETAILING THE PROGRESS OF WORK PERFORMED, INCLUDING PREPARING ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
 - (i) MASTER SCHEDULE UPDATES.
 - (ii) MODIFICATION WORK CASH-FLOW PROJECTION UPDATES.
 - (iii) SITE REPORTS MADE ON A PERIODIC BASIS.
- (iv) IDENTIFICATION OF DISCREPANCIES, CONFLICTS OR AMBIGUITIES IN WORK DOCUMENTS THAT REQUIRE RESOLUTION.
- (v) IDENTIFICATION OF ANY HEALTH AND SAFETY ISSUES THAT ARISE IN CONNECTION WITH THE WORK.
- (h) PREPARING DAILY LOGS, INCLUDING DOCUMENTATION OF PERSONNEL, WEATHER CONDITIONS AND ON-SITE OCCURRENCES.
- (i) PREPARING ANY SUBMITTALS OR SHOP DRAWINGS USED BY THE CONTRACTOR TO ILLUSTRATE DETAILS OF THE WORK PERFORMED.
- (j) ADMINISTERING OR SUPERVISING ANY OTHER ACTIVITIES FOR WHICH A CONTRACTOR RECEIVES A CERTIFICATE FOR PAYMENT OR CERTIFICATE FOR FINAL PAYMENT BASED ON THE PROGRESS OF THE WORK PERFORMED ON THE PROJECT.
- 2. "DESIGN PHASE SERVICES" MEANS SERVICES FOR DEVELOPING AND COMPLETING A DESIGN FOR A PROJECT THAT ARE NOT CONSTRUCTION PHASE SERVICES, INCLUDING THE FOLLOWING:
- (a) EVALUATING SURVEYS, REPORTS, TEST RESULTS OR ANY OTHER INFORMATION ON SITE CONDITIONS FOR THE PROJECT, INCLUDING PHYSICAL CHARACTERISTICS, LEGAL LIMITATIONS AND UTILITY LOCATIONS FOR THE SITE.
- (b) EVALUATING ANY CRITERIA OR PROGRAMMING OBJECTIVES FOR THE PROJECT TO ASCERTAIN REQUIREMENTS FOR THE PROJECT, SUCH AS PHYSICAL REQUIREMENTS AFFECTING COST OR PROJECTED USE OF THE PROJECT.

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- (c) PREPARING DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR ARCHITECTURAL PROGRAM DOCUMENTS, SCHEMATIC DESIGN DOCUMENTS, DESIGN DEVELOPMENT DOCUMENTS, CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION OR REPAIR DOCUMENTS OR DOCUMENTS THAT IDENTIFY THE SCOPE OF OR MATERIALS FOR THE PROJECT.
- (d) PREPARING AN INITIAL SCHEDULE FOR THE PROJECT, EXCLUDING PREPARING UPDATES TO THE MASTER SCHEDULE AFTER WORK HAS BEGUN.
- (e) PREPARING PRELIMINARY ESTIMATES OF COSTS OF CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION OR REPAIR WORK BEFORE COMPLETION OF THE FINAL DESIGN OF THE PROJECT, INCLUDING AN ESTIMATE OR SCHEDULE OF VALUES FOR ANY OF THE FOLLOWING:
- (i) LABOR, MATERIALS, MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, TOOLS, WATER, HEAT, UTILITIES, TRANSPORTATION AND OTHER FACILITIES AND SERVICES USED IN THE EXECUTION AND COMPLETION OF THE WORK, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THEY ARE TEMPORARY OR PERMANENT OR WHETHER THEY ARE INCORPORATED IN THE WORK.
- (ii) THE COST OF LABOR AND MATERIALS TO BE FURNISHED BY THE OWNER OF THE REAL PROPERTY.
- (iii) THE COST OF ANY LABOR OR MATERIALS TO BE FURNISHED BY THE OWNER OF THE REAL PROPERTY.
- (iv) ANY FEE PAID BY THE OWNER OF THE REAL PROPERTY TO THE CONTRACTOR PURSUANT TO THE CONTRACT.
 - (v) ANY BOND AND INSURANCE PREMIUMS.
 - (vi) ANY APPLICABLE TAXES.
- (vii) ANY CONTINGENCY FEES FOR THE CONTRACTOR THAT MAY BE USED BEFORE FINAL COMPLETION OF THE PROJECT.
- (f) REVIEWING AND EVALUATING COST ESTIMATES AND PROJECT DOCUMENTS TO PREPARE RECOMMENDATIONS ON SITE USE, SITE IMPROVEMENTS, SELECTION OF MATERIALS, BUILDING SYSTEMS AND EQUIPMENT, CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION OR REPAIR FEASIBILITY, AVAILABILITY OF MATERIALS AND LABOR, LOCAL CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION OR REPAIR ACTIVITY AS RELATED TO SCHEDULES AND TIME REQUIREMENTS FOR CONSTRUCTION, ALTERATION OR REPAIR WORK.
- (g) PREPARING THE PLAN AND PROCEDURES FOR SELECTION OF SUBCONTRACTORS, INCLUDING ANY PREQUALIFICATION OF SUBCONTRACTOR CANDIDATES.

42-5077. <u>Manufactured building dealer classification:</u> <u>exemptions: definitions</u>

- A. THE MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER CLASSIFICATION IS COMPRISED OF THE BUSINESS OF SELLING MANUFACTURED BUILDINGS. SALES FOR RESALE TO ANOTHER MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER ARE NOT SUBJECT TO THIS TAX. SALES FOR RESALE DO NOT INCLUDE SALES TO A LESSOR OF MANUFACTURED BUILDINGS. THE SALE OF A USED MANUFACTURED BUILDING IS NOT TAXABLE UNDER THIS CHAPTER.
- B. THE TAX BASE FOR THE MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER CLASSIFICATION IS SIXTY-FIVE PERCENT OF THE GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALES OR GROSS INCOME DERIVED FROM THE BUSINESS. THE FOLLOWING AMOUNTS SHALL BE DEDUCTED FROM THE GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALES OR GROSS INCOME BEFORE COMPUTING THE TAX BASE:

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- 1. THE SALES PRICE OF LAND, WHICH MAY NOT EXCEED THE FAIR MARKET 2 VALUE.
 - 2. THE SALES PRICE OF FURNITURE, FURNISHINGS, FIXTURES, APPLIANCES AND ATTACHMENTS THAT ARE NOT INCORPORATED AS COMPONENT PARTS OF OR ATTACHED TO A MANUFACTURED BUILDING OR THE SETUP SITE. THE SALE OF SUCH ITEMS MAY BE SUBJECT TO THE TAXES IMPOSED BY ARTICLE 1 OF THIS CHAPTER SEPARATELY AND DISTINCTLY FROM THE SALE OF THE MANUFACTURED BUILDING.
 - C. EVERY PERSON ENGAGING OR CONTINUING IN THIS STATE IN THE BUSINESS OF A MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER SHALL PRESENT TO THE PURCHASER OF THE MANUFACTURED BUILDING A WRITTEN RECEIPT OF THE GROSS INCOME OR GROSS PROCEEDS OF SALES FROM SUCH ACTIVITY AND SHALL SEPARATELY STATE THE TAXES TO BE PAID PURSUANT TO THIS SECTION.
 - D. THE FOLLOWING APPLY IN DETERMINING THE TAXABLE SITUS OF SALES OF MANUFACTURED BUILDINGS:
 - 1. FOR SALES IN THIS STATE FOR WHICH THE MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER CONTRACTS TO DELIVER THE BUILDING TO A SETUP SITE OR TO PERFORM THE SETUP IN THIS STATE, THE TAXABLE SITUS IS THE SETUP SITE.
 - 2. FOR SALES IN THIS STATE FOR WHICH THE MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER DOES NOT CONTRACT TO DELIVER THE BUILDING TO A SETUP SITE OR DOES NOT PERFORM THE SETUP, THE TAXABLE SITUS IS THE LOCATION OF THE DEALERSHIP WHERE THE BUILDING IS DELIVERED TO THE BUYER.
 - 3. FOR SALES IN THIS STATE FOR WHICH THE MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER CONTRACTS TO DELIVER THE BUILDING TO A SETUP SITE THAT IS OUTSIDE THIS STATE, THE SITUS IS OUTSIDE THIS STATE AND THE TRANSACTION IS EXCLUDED FROM TAX.
 - E. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SECTION:
 - 1. "MANUFACTURED BUILDING" MEANS A MANUFACTURED HOME, MOBILE HOME OR FACTORY-BUILT BUILDING, AS DEFINED IN SECTION 41-4001.
 - 2. "MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER" MEANS A DEALER WHO EITHER:
 - (a) IS LICENSED PURSUANT TO TITLE 41, CHAPTER 37, ARTICLE 4 AND WHO SELLS MANUFACTURED BUILDINGS TO THE FINAL CONSUMER.
 - (b) SUPERVISES, PERFORMS OR COORDINATES THE EXCAVATION AND COMPLETION OF SITE IMPROVEMENTS OR THE SETUP OF A MANUFACTURED BUILDING, INCLUDING THE CONTRACTING, IF ANY, WITH ANY SUBCONTRACTOR OR SPECIALTY CONTRACTOR FOR THE COMPLETION OF THE CONTRACT.
 - 3. SALE OF A USED MANUFACTURED BUILDING DOES NOT INCLUDE A LEASE OF A USED MANUFACTURED BUILDING.
 - Sec. 18. Section 42-5151, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5151. <u>Definitions</u>

In this article, unless the context otherwise requires:

1. "Ancillary services" means those services so designated in federal energy regulatory commission order 888 adopted in 1996 that include the services necessary to support the transmission of electricity

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 from resources to loads while maintaining reliable operation of the transmission system according to good utility practice.

- 2. "CONTRACTING" MEANS ENGAGING IN BUSINESS AS A CONTRACTOR.
- 3. "CONTRACTOR" IS SYNONYMOUS WITH THE TERM "BUILDER" AND MEANS ANY PERSON OR ORGANIZATION THAT UNDERTAKES TO OR OFFERS TO UNDERTAKE TO, OR PURPORTS TO HAVE THE CAPACITY TO UNDERTAKE TO, OR SUBMITS A BID TO, OR DOES PERSONALLY OR BY OR THROUGH OTHERS, MODIFY ANY BUILDING, HIGHWAY, ROAD, RAILROAD, EXCAVATION OR OTHER STRUCTURE, PROJECT, DEVELOPMENT OR IMPROVEMENT, OR TO DO ANY PART OF SUCH A PROJECT, INCLUDING THE ERECTION OF SCAFFOLDING OR ANOTHER STRUCTURE OR WORKS IN CONNECTION WITH SUCH A PROJECT, AND INCLUDES SUBCONTRACTORS AND SPECIALTY CONTRACTORS. FOR ALL PURPOSES OF TAXATION OR DEDUCTION, THIS DEFINITION GOVERNS WITHOUT REGARD TO WHETHER THE CONTRACTOR IS ACTING IN FULFILLMENT OF A CONTRACT.
- $\frac{2}{2}$. "Electric distribution service" means distributing electricity to retail electric customers through the use of electric distribution facilities.
- 3. 5. "Electric generation service" means providing electricity for sale to retail electric customers but excluding electric distribution or transmission services.
- 6. "Electricity" means electric energy, electric capacity or electric capacity and energy.
- 7. "Electricity supplier" means a person, whether acting in a principal, agent or other capacity, that offers to sell electricity to a retail electric customer in this state.
- 4. 8. "Electric transmission service" means transmitting electricity to retail electric customers or to electric distribution facilities so classified by the federal energy regulatory commission or, to the extent permitted by law, so classified by the Arizona corporation commission.
- 5. 9. "Electric utility services" means the business of providing electric ancillary services, electric distribution services, electric generation services, electric transmission services and other services related to providing electricity.
- 8. 10. "Natural gas" means natural or artificial gas, and includes methane and propane gas, the natural gas commodity, natural gas pipeline capacity or natural gas commodity and pipeline capacity.
- 9. 11. "Natural gas utility services" means the business of selling natural gas or providing natural gas transportation services or other services related to providing natural gas.
- $\frac{10.}{10.}$ 12. "Notice" means written notice served personally or by certified mail and addressed to the last known address of the person to whom such notice is given.
- 11. 13. "Other services" includes metering, meter reading services, billing and collecting services.

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12. 14. "Person" means an individual, firm, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation, estate, trust, receiver or syndicate, this state or a county, city, municipality, district or other political subdivision or agency thereof.

13. 15. "Purchase" means any transfer, exchange or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means, of tangible personal property for a consideration, including transactions by which the possession of property is transferred but the seller retains the title as security for payment.

14. 16. "Purchase price" or "sales price" means the total amount for which tangible personal property is sold, including any services that are a part of the sale, valued in money, whether paid in money or otherwise, and any amount for which credit is given to the purchaser by the seller without any deduction on account of the cost of the property sold, materials used, labor or services performed, interest charged, losses or other expenses, but does not include:

- (a) Discounts allowed and taken.
- (b) Charges for labor or services in installing, remodeling or repairing.
- (c) Freight costs billed to and collected from a purchaser by a retailer for tangible personal property which THAT, on the order of the retailer, is shipped directly from a manufacturer or wholesaler to the purchaser.
- (d) Amounts attributable to federal excise taxes imposed by 26 United States Code section 4001, 4051 or 4081 on sales of heavy trucks and trailers and automobiles or on sales of use fuel, as defined in section 28-5601.
- (e) The value of merchandise that is traded in on the purchase of new or pre-owned merchandise when the trade-in allowance is deducted from the sales price of the new or pre-owned merchandise before the completion of the sale.
- 15. 17. "Retail electric customer" means a person who purchases electricity for that person's own use, including use in that person's trade or business, and not for resale, redistribution or retransmission.
 - 17. 18. "Retailer" includes:

(a) Every person engaged in the business of making sales of tangible personal property for storage, use or other consumption or in the business of making sales at auction of tangible personal property owned by that person or others for storage, use or other consumption. If in the opinion of the department it is necessary for the efficient administration of this article to regard any salesmen, representatives, peddlers or canvassers as the agents of the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers under whom they operate or from whom they obtain the tangible personal property sold by them, regardless of whether they are making sales on their own behalf or on behalf of such dealers, distributors,

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supervisors or employers, the department may so regard them and may regard the dealers, distributors, supervisors or employers as retailers for purposes of this article.

- (b) A person who solicits orders for tangible personal property by mail if the solicitations are substantial and recurring or if the retailer benefits from any banking, financing, debt collection, telecommunication, television shopping system, cable, optic, microwave or other communication system or marketing activities occurring in this state or benefits from the location in this state of authorized installation, servicing or repair facilities.
- 16. 19. "Retail natural gas customer" means a person who purchases natural gas for that person's own use, including use in that person's trade or business, and not for resale, redistribution or retransmission.
- 18. 20. "Solar daylighting" means a device that is specifically designed to capture and redirect the visible portion of the solar beam, while controlling the infrared portion, for use in illuminating interior building spaces in lieu of artificial lighting.
- 19. 21. "Solar energy device" means a system or series of mechanisms designed primarily to provide heating, to provide cooling, to produce electrical power, to produce mechanical power, to provide solar daylighting or to provide any combination of the foregoing by means of collecting and transferring solar generated energy into such uses by either active or passive means, including wind generator systems that produce electricity. Solar energy systems may also have the capability of storing solar energy for future use. Passive systems shall clearly be designed as a solar energy device, such as a trombe wall, and not merely as a part of a normal structure, such as a window.
- 20. 22. "Storage" means keeping or retaining tangible personal property purchased from a retailer for any purpose except sale in the regular course of business or subsequent use solely outside this state. For the purposes of this paragraph, sale in the regular course of business does not include the transfer of title or possession of coal back and forth between an owner or operator of a power plant and a person who is responsible for refining coal if both of the following apply:
- (a) The transfer of title or possession of the coal is for the purpose of refining the coal.
- (b) The title or possession of the coal is transferred back to the owner or operator of the power plant after completion of the coal refining process. For the purposes of this subdivision, "coal refining process" means the application of a coal additive system that aids the reduction of power plant emissions during the combustion of coal and the treatment of flue gas.
- 21. 23. "Taxpayer" means any retailer or person storing, using or consuming tangible personal property OF WHICH the storage, use or

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consumption of which is subject to the tax imposed by this article when such IF THE tax was not paid to a retailer.

22. 24. "Use or consumption" means the exercise of any right or power over tangible personal property incidental to owning the property except holding for sale or selling the property in the regular course of business. For the purposes of this paragraph, selling the property in the regular course of business does not include the transfer of title or possession of coal back and forth between an owner or operator of a power plant and a person who is responsible for refining coal if both of the following apply:

- (a) The transfer of title or possession of the coal is for the purpose of refining the coal.
- (b) The title or possession of the coal is transferred back to the owner or operator of the power plant after completion of the coal refining process. For the purposes of this subdivision, "coal refining process" means the application of a coal additive system that aids the reduction of power plant emissions during the combustion of coal and the treatment of flue gas.

23. 25. "Utility business" means a person that is engaged in the business of providing electric utility services to retail electric customers or natural gas utility services to retail natural gas customers.

Sec. 19. Subject to the requirements of article IV, part 1, section 1, Constitution of Arizona, section 42-5155, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5155. Levy of tax; tax rate; purchaser's liability

- A. There is levied and imposed an excise tax on the storage, use or consumption in this state of tangible personal property purchased from a retailer or utility business, as a percentage of the sales price. A manufactured building purchased outside this state and set up in this state is subject to tax under this section and in this case the rate is a percentage of sixty-five percent of the sales price.
- B. The tax imposed by this section applies to any purchaser that purchased tangible personal property for resale but subsequently uses or consumes the property.
- C. THE PURCHASE OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY BY A CONTRACTOR, REGARDLESS OF WHETHER IT WILL BE INCORPORATED INTO A BUILDING OR STRUCTURE, IS CONSIDERED TO BE A PURCHASE AT RETAIL AND IS SUBJECT TO TAXATION UNDER THIS SECTION UNLESS THE CONTRACTOR PROVIDES TO THE RETAILER A CERTIFICATE THAT IS SIGNED BY THE OWNER OF THE PROPERTY TO BE IMPROVED AND THAT STATES THAT THE PERSONAL PROPERTY PURCHASED BY THE CONTRACTOR WILL BE USED FOR A PURPOSE IDENTIFIED IN SECTION 42-5159, SUBSECTION A OR B. IF A PERSON THAT IS IN THE BUSINESS OF SELLING TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY AT RETAIL ALSO ENGAGES IN BUSINESS AS A CONTRACTOR AND REMOVES TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY FROM RETAIL STOCK FOR USE IN CONTRACTING

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ACTIVITIES, THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THAT PERSONAL PROPERTY IS SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SUBSECTION B OF THIS SECTION.

C. D. The tax rate shall equal the rate of tax prescribed by section 42-5010, subsection A as applied to retailers and utility businesses according to the respective classification under articles 1 and 2 of this chapter for the same type of transaction or business activity.

D. E. In addition to the rate prescribed by subsection ${\mathbb C}$ D of this section, if approved by the qualified electors voting at a statewide general election, an additional rate increment of six-tenths of one per tent PERCENT is imposed and shall be collected through June 30, 2021. The taxpayer shall pay taxes pursuant to this subsection at the same time and in the same manner as under subsection ${\mathbb C}$ D of this section. The department shall separately account for the revenues collected with respect to the rate imposed pursuant to this subsection, and the state treasurer shall pay all of those revenues in the manner prescribed by section 42-5029, subsection E.

E. F. From and after June 30, 2021 through June 30, 2041, in addition to the rate prescribed by subsection \bigcirc D of this section, an additional rate increment of six-tenths of one percent is imposed and shall be collected. The taxpayer shall pay taxes pursuant to this subsection at the same time and in the same manner as under subsection \bigcirc D of this section. The department shall separately account for the revenues collected with respect to the rate imposed pursuant to this subsection, and the state treasurer shall pay all of those revenues in the manner prescribed by section 42-5029.02, subsection A.

F. G. Every person storing, using or consuming in this state tangible personal property purchased from a retailer or utility business is liable for the tax. The person's liability is not extinguished until the tax has been paid to this state.

G. H. A receipt from a retailer or utility business that maintains a place of business in this state or from a retailer or utility business that is authorized by the department to collect the tax, under such rules as it may prescribe, and that is for the purposes of this article regarded as a retailer or utility business maintaining a place of business in this state, given to the purchaser as provided in section 42-5161 is sufficient to relieve the purchaser from further liability for the tax to which the receipt refers.

Sec. 20. Section 42-5159, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5159. Exemptions

A. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the storage, use or consumption in this state of the following described tangible personal property:

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- 1. Tangible personal property, sold in this state, the gross receipts from the sale of which are included in the measure of the tax imposed by articles 1 and 2 of this chapter.
- 2. Tangible personal property, the sale or use of which has already been subjected to an excise tax at a rate equal to or exceeding the tax imposed by this article under the laws of another state of the United States. If the excise tax imposed by the other state is at a rate less than the tax imposed by this article, the tax imposed by this article is reduced by the amount of the tax already imposed by the other state.
- 3. Tangible personal property, the storage, use or consumption of which the constitution or laws of the United States prohibit this state from taxing or to the extent that the rate or imposition of tax is unconstitutional under the laws of the United States.
- 4. Tangible personal property that directly enters into and becomes an ingredient or component part of any manufactured, fabricated or processed article, substance or commodity for sale in the regular course of business.
- 5. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under title 28, chapter 16, article 1, use fuel that is sold to or used by a person holding a valid single trip use fuel tax permit issued under section 28-5739, aviation fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under section 28-8344, and jet fuel, the sales, distribution or use of which in this state is subject to the tax imposed under article 8 of this chapter.
- 6. Tangible personal property brought into this state by an individual who was a nonresident at the time the property was purchased for storage, use or consumption by the individual if the first actual use or consumption of the property was outside this state, unless the property is used in conducting a business in this state.
- 7. Purchases of implants used as growth promotants and injectable medicines, not already exempt under paragraph 16 of this subsection, for livestock and poultry owned by, or in possession of, persons who are engaged in producing livestock, poultry, or livestock or poultry products, or who are engaged in feeding livestock or poultry commercially. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.
 - 8. Purchases of:
- (a) Livestock and poultry to persons engaging in the businesses of farming, ranching or producing livestock or poultry.
- (b) Livestock and poultry feed, salts, vitamins and other additives sold to persons for use or consumption in the businesses of farming, ranching and producing or feeding livestock or poultry or for use or consumption in noncommercial boarding of livestock. For the purposes of this paragraph, "poultry" includes ratites.

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- 9. Seeds, seedlings, roots, bulbs, cuttings and other propagative material for use in commercially producing agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops in this state.
- 10. Tangible personal property not exceeding two hundred dollars \$200 in any one month purchased by an individual at retail outside the continental limits of the United States for the individual's own personal use and enjoyment.
- 11. Advertising supplements that are intended for sale with newspapers published in this state and that have already been subjected to an excise tax under the laws of another state in the United States that equals or exceeds the tax imposed by this article.
- 12. Materials that are purchased by or for publicly funded libraries including school district libraries, charter school libraries, community college libraries, state university libraries or federal, state, county or municipal libraries for use by the public as follows:
 - (a) Printed or photographic materials, beginning August 7, 1985.
 - (b) Electronic or digital media materials, beginning July 17, 1994.
 - 13. Tangible personal property purchased by:
- (a) A hospital organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes, no part of the net earnings of which inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- (b) A hospital operated by this state or a political subdivision of this state.
- (c) A licensed nursing care institution or a licensed residential care institution or a residential care facility operated in conjunction with a licensed nursing care institution or a licensed kidney dialysis center, which provides medical services, nursing services or health related services and is not used or held for profit.
- (d) A qualifying health care organization, as defined in section 42-5001, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide health and medical related educational and charitable services.
- (e) A qualifying health care organization as defined in section 42-5001 if the organization is dedicated to providing educational, therapeutic, rehabilitative and family medical education training for blind and visually impaired children and children with multiple disabilities from the time of birth to age twenty-one.
- (f) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the United States internal revenue code and that engages in and uses such property exclusively in programs for persons with mental or physical disabilities if the programs are exclusively for training, job placement, rehabilitation or testing.
- (g) A person that is subject to tax under this chapter by reason of being engaged in business classified under section 42-5075 OR 42-5077, or a subcontractor working under the control of a person that is engaged in

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business classified under section 42-5075 OR 42-5077, if the tangible personal property is any of the following: INCORPORATED INTO ANY HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT OR INTO A MANUFACTURED BUILDING.

(i) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into a structure, project, development or improvement in fulfillment of a contract.

(ii) Incorporated or fabricated by the person into any project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

(iii) Used in environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.

- (h) A person that is not subject to tax under section 42-5075 and that has been provided a copy of a certificate described in section 42-5009, subsection L, if the property purchased is incorporated or fabricated by the person into the real property, structure, project, development or improvement INTO A HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT described in the certificate.
- (i) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code if the property is purchased from the parent or an affiliate organization that is located outside this state.
- (j) A qualifying community health center as defined in section 42-5001.
- (k) A nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.
- (1) A person engaged in business under the transient lodging classification if the property is a personal hygiene item or articles used by human beings for food, drink or condiment, except alcoholic beverages, which are furnished without additional charge to and intended to be consumed by the transient during the transient's occupancy.
- (m) For taxable periods beginning from and after June 30, 2001, a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that provides residential apartment housing for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy, if the tangible personal property is used by the organization solely to provide residential apartment housing for low income persons over sixty-two years of age in a facility that qualifies for a federal housing subsidy.
- (n) A qualifying health sciences educational institution as defined in section 42-5001.
- (o) A person representing or working on behalf of any person described in subdivision (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f), (i), (j), (k), (m) or (n) of this paragraph, if the tangible personal property is incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0.

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- 14. Commodities, as defined by title 7 United States Code section 2, that are consigned for resale in a warehouse in this state in or from which the commodity is deliverable on a contract for future delivery subject to the rules of a commodity market regulated by the United States commodity futures trading commission.
 - 15. Tangible personal property sold by:
- (a) Any nonprofit organization organized and operated exclusively for charitable purposes and recognized by the United States internal revenue service under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.
- (b) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual. This subdivision does not apply to an organization that is owned, managed or controlled, in whole or in part, by a major league baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, or by a major league baseball association or professional golfing association, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, unless the organization conducted or operated exhibition events in this state before January 1, 2018 that were exempt from transaction privilege tax under section 42-5073.
- (c) A nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4), 501(c)(6), 501(c)(7) or 501(c)(8) of the internal revenue code if the organization sponsors or operates a rodeo featuring primarily farm and ranch animals and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- 16. Drugs and medical oxygen, including delivery hose, mask or tent, regulator and tank, on the prescription of a member of the medical, dental or veterinarian profession who is licensed by law to administer such substances.
- 17. Prosthetic appliances, as defined in section 23-501, prescribed or recommended by a person who is licensed, registered or otherwise professionally credentialed as a physician, dentist, podiatrist, chiropractor, naturopath, homeopath, nurse or optometrist.
 - 18. Prescription eyeglasses and contact lenses.
 - 19. Insulin, insulin syringes and glucose test strips.
 - 20. Hearing aids as defined in section 36-1901.
- 21. Durable medical equipment that has a centers for medicare and medicaid services common procedure code, is designated reimbursable by medicare, is prescribed by a person who is licensed under title 32, chapter 7, 13, 17 or 29, can withstand repeated use, is primarily and customarily used to serve a medical purpose, is generally not useful to a

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person in the absence of illness or injury and is appropriate for use in the home.

- 22. Food, as provided in and subject to the conditions of article 3 of this chapter and section 42-5074.
- 23. Items purchased with United States department of agriculture coupons issued under the supplemental nutrition assistance program pursuant to the food and nutrition act of 2008 (P.L. 88-525; 78 Stat. 703; 7 United States Code sections 2011 through 2036b) by the United States department of agriculture food and nutrition service or food instruments issued under section 17 of the child nutrition act (P.L. 95-627; 92 Stat. 3603; P.L. 99-661, section 4302; P.L. 111-296; 42 United States Code section 1786).
- 24. Food and drink provided without monetary charge by a taxpayer that is subject to section 42-5074 to its employees for their own consumption on the premises during the employees' hours of employment.
- 25. Tangible personal property that is used or consumed in a business subject to section 42-5074 for human food, drink or condiment, whether simple, mixed or compounded.
- 26. Food, drink or condiment and accessory tangible personal property that are acquired for use by or provided to a school district or charter school if they are to be either served or prepared and served to persons for consumption on the premises of a public school in the school district or on the premises of the charter school during school hours.
- 27. Lottery tickets or shares purchased pursuant to title 5, chapter 5.1, article 1.
- 28. Textbooks, sold by a bookstore, that are required by any state university or community college.
- 29. Magazines, other periodicals or other publications produced by this state to encourage tourist travel.
- 30. Paper machine clothing, such as forming fabrics and dryer felts, purchased by a paper manufacturer and directly used or consumed in paper manufacturing.
- 31. Coal, petroleum, coke, natural gas, virgin fuel oil and electricity purchased by a qualified environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor as defined in section 41-1514.02 and directly used or consumed in the generation or provision of on-site power or energy solely for environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing or environmental protection. This paragraph shall apply for twenty full consecutive calendar or fiscal years from the date the first paper manufacturing machine is placed in service. In the case of an environmental technology manufacturer, producer or processor who does not manufacture paper, the time period shall begin with the date the first manufacturing, processing or production equipment is placed in service.
- 32. Motor vehicles that are removed from inventory by a motor vehicle dealer as defined in section 28-4301 and that are provided to:

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- (a) Charitable or educational institutions that are exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code.
 - (b) Public educational institutions.
- (c) State universities or affiliated organizations of a state university if no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.
- 33. Natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor vehicle.
- 34. Machinery, equipment, technology or related supplies that are only useful to assist a person with a physical disability as defined in section 46-191 or a person who has a developmental disability as defined in section 36-551 or has a head injury as defined in section 41-3201 to be more independent and functional.
- 35. Liquid, solid or gaseous chemicals used in manufacturing, processing, fabricating, mining, refining, metallurgical operations, research and development and, beginning on January 1, 1999, printing, if using or consuming the chemicals, alone or as part of an integrated system of chemicals, involves direct contact with the materials from which the product is produced for the purpose of causing or permitting a chemical or physical change to occur in the materials as part of the production process. This paragraph does not include chemicals that are used or consumed in activities such as packaging, storage or transportation but does not affect any exemption for such chemicals that is otherwise provided by this section. For the purposes of this paragraph, "printing" means a commercial printing operation and includes job printing, engraving, embossing, copying and bookbinding.
- 36. Food, drink and condiment purchased for consumption within the premises of any prison, jail or other institution under the jurisdiction of the state department of corrections, the department of public safety, the department of juvenile corrections or a county sheriff.
- 37. A motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle sold to a motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing or renting such property.
- 38. Tangible personal property that is or directly enters into and becomes an ingredient or component part of cards used as prescription plan identification cards.
- 39. Overhead materials or other tangible personal property that is used in performing a contract between the United States government and a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, including property used in performing a subcontract with a government contractor who is a manufacturer, modifier, assembler or repairer, to which title passes to the government under the terms of the contract or subcontract. For the purposes of this paragraph:

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- (a) "Overhead materials" means tangible personal property, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from which would otherwise be included in the retail classification, that is used or consumed in the performance of a contract, the cost of which is charged to an overhead expense account and allocated to various contracts based on generally accepted accounting principles and consistent with government contract accounting standards.
- (b) "Subcontract" means an agreement between a contractor and any person who is not an employee of the contractor for furnishing of supplies or services that, in whole or in part, are necessary to the performance of one or more government contracts, or under which any portion of the contractor's obligation under one or more government contracts is performed, undertaken or assumed, and that includes provisions causing title to overhead materials or other tangible personal property used in the performance of the subcontract to pass to the government or that includes provisions incorporating such title passing clauses in a government contract into the subcontract. FOR THE PURPOSES OF THIS SUBDIVISION, "CONTRACTOR" HAS ITS ORDINARY AND COMMON MEANING AND DOES NOT HAVE THE MEANING PRESCRIBED IN SECTION 42-5151.
- 40. Through December 31, 1994, tangible personal property sold pursuant to a personal property liquidation transaction, as defined in section 42-5061. From and after December 31, 1994, tangible personal property sold pursuant to a personal property liquidation transaction, as defined in section 42-5061, if the gross proceeds of the sales were included in the measure of the tax imposed by article 1 of this chapter or if the personal property liquidation was a casual activity or transaction.
- 41. Wireless telecommunications equipment that is held for sale or transfer to a customer as an inducement to enter into or continue a contract for telecommunications services that are taxable under section 42-5064.
- 42. Alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215, purchased by a used oil fuel burner who has received a permit to burn used oil or used oil fuel under section 49-426 or 49-480.
- 43. Tangible personal property purchased by a commercial airline and consisting of food, beverages and condiments and accessories used for serving the food and beverages, if those items are to be provided without additional charge to passengers for consumption in flight. For the purposes of this paragraph, "commercial airline" means a person holding a federal certificate of public convenience and necessity or foreign air carrier permit for air transportation to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- 44. Alternative fuel vehicles if the vehicle was manufactured as a diesel fuel vehicle and converted to operate on alternative fuel and equipment that is installed in a conventional diesel fuel motor vehicle to

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convert the vehicle to operate on an alternative fuel, as defined in section 1-215.

- 45. Gas diverted from a pipeline, by a person engaged in the business of:
- (a) Operating a natural or artificial gas pipeline, and used or consumed for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment that pressurizes the pipeline.
- (b) Converting natural gas into liquefied natural gas, and used or consumed for the sole purpose of fueling compressor equipment used in the conversion process.
- 46. Tangible personal property that is excluded, exempt or deductible from transaction privilege tax pursuant to section 42-5063.
- 47. Tangible personal property purchased to be incorporated or installed as part of environmental response or remediation activities under section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6 SITE PREPARATION, CONSTRUCTING, FURNISHING OR INSTALLING MACHINERY, EQUIPMENT OR OTHER TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY, INCLUDING STRUCTURES NECESSARY TO PROTECT EXEMPT INCORPORATED MATERIALS OR INSTALLED MACHINERY OR EQUIPMENT, AND TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY INCORPORATED INTO THE PROJECT, TO PERFORM ONE OR MORE OF THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS IN RESPONSE TO A RELEASE OR SUSPECTED RELEASE OF A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, POLLUTANT OR CONTAMINANT FROM A FACILITY INTO THE ENVIRONMENT, UNLESS THE RELEASE WAS AUTHORIZED BY A PERMIT ISSUED BY A GOVERNMENTAL AUTHORITY:
- (a) ACTIONS TO MONITOR, ASSESS AND EVALUATE SUCH A RELEASE OR A SUSPECTED RELEASE.
- (b) EXCAVATING, REMOVING AND TRANSPORTING CONTAMINATED SOIL AND ITS TREATMENT OR DISPOSAL.
- (c) TREATING CONTAMINATED SOIL BY VAPOR EXTRACTION, CHEMICAL OR PHYSICAL STABILIZATION, SOIL WASHING OR BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT TO REDUCE THE CONCENTRATION, TOXICITY OR MOBILITY OF A CONTAMINANT.
- (d) PUMPING AND TREATMENT OR IN SITU TREATMENT OF CONTAMINATED GROUNDWATER OR SURFACE WATER TO REDUCE THE CONCENTRATION OR TOXICITY OF A CONTAMINANT.
- (e) INSTALLING STRUCTURES, SUCH AS CUTOFF WALLS OR CAPS, TO CONTAIN CONTAMINANTS PRESENT IN GROUNDWATER OR SOIL AND PREVENT THEM FROM REACHING A LOCATION WHERE THEY COULD THREATEN HUMAN HEALTH OR WELFARE OR THE ENVIRONMENT.
- THIS PARAGRAPH DOES NOT INCLUDE ASBESTOS REMOVAL OR CONSTRUCTING OR USING ANCILLARY STRUCTURES SUCH AS MAINTENANCE SHEDS, OFFICES OR STORAGE FACILITIES FOR UNATTACHED EQUIPMENT, POLLUTION CONTROL EQUIPMENT, FACILITIES OR OTHER CONTROL ITEMS REQUIRED OR TO BE USED BY A PERSON TO PREVENT OR CONTROL CONTAMINATION BEFORE IT REACHES THE ENVIRONMENT.
- 48. Tangible personal property sold by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization produces, organizes or promotes cultural

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or civic related festivals or events and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual.

- 49. Prepared food, drink or condiment donated by a restaurant as classified in section 42-5074, subsection A to a nonprofit charitable organization that has qualified under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and that regularly serves meals to the needy and indigent on a continuing basis at no cost.
- 50. Application services that are designed to assess or test student learning or to promote curriculum design or enhancement purchased by or for any school district, charter school, community college or state university. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Application services" means software applications provided remotely using hypertext transfer protocol or another network protocol.
- (b) "Curriculum design or enhancement" means planning, implementing or reporting on courses of study, lessons, assignments or other learning activities.
- 51. Motor vehicle fuel and use fuel to a qualified business under section 41-1516 for off-road use in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.
- . Repair parts installed in equipment used directly by a qualified business under section 41-1516 in harvesting, processing or transporting qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516.
- 53. Renewable energy credits or any other unit created to track energy derived from renewable energy resources. For the purposes of this paragraph, "renewable energy credit" means a unit created administratively by the corporation commission or governing body of a public power entity to track kilowatt hours of electricity derived from a renewable energy resource or the kilowatt hour equivalent of conventional energy resources displaced by distributed renewable energy resources.
- 54. Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. For the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519.
- 55. Coal acquired from an owner or operator of a power plant by a person who is responsible for refining coal if both of the following apply:
- (a) The transfer of title or possession of the coal is for the purpose of refining the coal.

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- (b) The title or possession of the coal is transferred back to the owner or operator of the power plant after completion of the coal refining process. For the purposes of this subdivision, "coal refining process" means the application of a coal additive system that aids the reduction of power plant emissions during the combustion of coal and the treatment of flue gas.
- 56. Tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into a project described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, that is located within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual native American Indian who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose benefit the Indian reservation was established.
- (b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of the interior.
- (c) "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws of the Indian tribe.
- 56. TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY PURCHASED BY A QUALIFIED BUSINESS UNDER SECTION 41-1516 IF THE PROPERTY SOLD IS TO BE INCORPORATED OR FABRICATED INTO A BUILDING, OR OTHER STRUCTURE, PROJECT, DEVELOPMENT OR IMPROVEMENT OWNED BY THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS FOR HARVESTING OR PROCESSING QUALIFYING FOREST PRODUCTS. TO QUALIFY FOR THIS EXEMPTION, THE QUALIFIED BUSINESS MUST PRESENT, AT THE TIME OF PURCHASE, ITS CERTIFICATION APPROVED BY THE DEPARTMENT.
- 57. Cash equivalents, precious metal bullion and monetized bullion purchased by the ultimate consumer, but coins or other forms of money for manufacture into jewelry or works of art are subject to tax, and tangible personal property that is purchased through the redemption of any cash equivalent by the holder as a means of payment for goods that are subject to tax under this article is subject to tax. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Cash equivalents" means items, whether or not negotiable, that are sold to one or more persons, through which a value denominated in money is purchased in advance and that may be redeemed in full or in part for tangible personal property, intangibles or services. Cash equivalents include gift cards, stored value cards, gift certificates, vouchers, traveler's checks, money orders or other tangible instruments or orders. Cash equivalents do not include either of the following:

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- (i) Items that are sold to one or more persons and through which a value is not denominated in money.
 - (ii) Prepaid calling cards for telecommunications services.
- (b) "Monetized bullion" means coins and other forms of money that are manufactured from gold, silver or other metals and that have been or are used as a medium of exchange in this or another state, the United States or a foreign nation.
- (c) "Precious metal bullion" means precious metal, including gold, silver, platinum, rhodium and palladium, that has been smelted or refined so that its value depends on its contents and not on its form.
- B. In addition to the exemptions allowed by subsection A of this section, the following categories of tangible personal property are also exempt:
- 1. Machinery, equipment, used directly in manufacturing, or fabricating, job printing, or processing, refining metallurgical operations. The terms "manufacturing", "processing", "fabricating", "job printing", "refining" and "metallurgical" as used in this paragraph refer to and include those operations commonly understood within their ordinary meaning. "Metallurgical operations" includes leaching. precipitating, smelting and refining. MANUFACTURING AND PROCESSING DO NOT INCLUDE ENGAGING IN THE BUSINESS OF CONTRACTING.
- 2. Machinery, or equipment, used directly in the process of extracting ores or minerals from the earth for commercial purposes, including equipment required to prepare the materials for extraction and handling, loading or transporting such extracted material to the surface. "Mining" includes underground, surface and open pit operations for extracting ores and minerals.
- 3. Tangible personal property sold to persons engaged in business classified under the telecommunications classification under section 42-5064, including a person representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, and consisting of central office switching equipment, switchboards, private branch exchange equipment, microwave radio equipment and carrier equipment including optical fiber, coaxial cable and other transmission media that are components of carrier systems.
- 4. Machinery, equipment or transmission lines used directly in producing or transmitting electrical power, but not including distribution. Transformers and control equipment used at transmission substation sites constitute equipment used in producing or transmitting electrical power.
- 5. Neat animals, horses, asses, sheep, ratites, swine or goats used or to be used as breeding or production stock, including sales of breedings or ownership shares in such animals used for breeding or production.

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- 6. Pipes or valves four inches in diameter or larger used to transport oil, natural gas, artificial gas, water or coal slurry, including compressor units, regulators, machinery and equipment, fittings, seals and any other part that is used in operating the pipes or valves.
- 7. Aircraft, navigational and communication instruments and other accessories and related equipment sold to:
 - (a) A person:
- (i) Holding, or exempted by federal law from obtaining, a federal certificate of public convenience and necessity for use as, in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- (ii) That is certificated or licensed under federal aviation administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121 or 135) as a scheduled or unscheduled carrier of persons for hire for use as or in conjunction with or becoming part of an aircraft to be used to transport persons for hire in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iii) Holding a foreign air carrier permit for air transportation for use as or in conjunction with or becoming a part of aircraft to be used to transport persons, property or United States mail in intrastate, interstate or foreign commerce.
- (iv) Operating an aircraft to transport persons in any manner for compensation or hire, or for use in a fractional ownership program that meets the requirements of federal aviation administration regulations (14 Code of Federal Regulations part 91, subpart K), including as an air carrier, a foreign air carrier or a commercial operator or under a restricted category, within the meaning of 14 Code of Federal Regulations, regardless of whether the operation or aircraft is regulated or certified under part 91, 119, 121, 133, 135, 136 or 137, or another part of 14 Code of Federal Regulations.
- (v) That will lease or otherwise transfer operational control, within the meaning of federal aviation administration operations specification A008, or its successor, of the aircraft, instruments or accessories to one or more persons described in item (i), (ii), (iii) or (iv) of this subdivision, subject to section 42-5009, subsection Q.
 - (b) Any foreign government.
- (c) Persons who are not residents of this state and who will not use such property in this state other than in removing such property from this state. This subdivision also applies to corporations that are not incorporated in this state, regardless of maintaining a place of business in this state, if the principal corporate office is located outside this state and the property will not be used in this state other than in removing the property from this state.
- 8. Machinery, tools, equipment and related supplies used or consumed directly in repairing, remodeling or maintaining aircraft,

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 aircraft engines or aircraft component parts by or on behalf of a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.

- 9. Rolling stock, rails, ties and signal control equipment used directly to transport persons or property.
- 10. Machinery or equipment used directly to drill for oil or gas or used directly in the process of extracting oil or gas from the earth for commercial purposes.
- 11. Buses or other urban mass transit vehicles that are used directly to transport persons or property for hire or pursuant to a governmentally adopted and controlled urban mass transportation program and that are sold to bus companies holding a federal certificate of convenience and necessity or operated by any city, town or other governmental entity or by any person contracting with such governmental entity as part of a governmentally adopted and controlled program to provide urban mass transportation.
 - 12. Groundwater measuring devices required under section 45-604.
- 13. and equipment consisting of agricultural New machinery aircraft, tractors, tractor-drawn implements, self-powered implements, machinery and equipment necessary for extracting milk, and machinery and equipment necessary for cooling milk and livestock, and drip irrigation lines not already exempt under paragraph 6 of this subsection and that are commercial production of agricultural. horticultural. viticultural and floricultural crops and products in this state. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "New machinery and equipment" means machinery or equipment that has never been sold at retail except pursuant to leases or rentals that do not total two years or more.
- (b) "Self-powered implements" includes machinery and equipment that are electric-powered.
- 14. Machinery or equipment used in research and development. For the purposes of this paragraph, "research and development" means basic and applied research in the sciences and engineering, and designing, developing or testing prototypes, processes or new products, including research and development of computer software that is embedded in or an integral part of the prototype or new product or that is required for machinery or equipment otherwise exempt under this section to function effectively. Research and development do not include manufacturing quality control, routine consumer product testing, market research, sales promotion, sales service, research in social sciences or psychology, computer software research that is not included in the definition of research and development, or other nontechnological activities or technical services.
- 15. Tangible personal property that is used by either of the following to receive, store, convert, produce, generate, decode, encode, control or transmit telecommunications information:

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- (a) Any direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service that operates pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.
- (b) Any satellite television or data transmission facility, if both of the following conditions are met:
- (i) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by the facility during the test period were transmitted to or on behalf of one or more direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission services that operate pursuant to 47 Code of Federal Regulations part 25.
- (ii) Over two-thirds of the transmissions, measured in megabytes, transmitted by or on behalf of those direct broadcast television or data transmission services during the test period were transmitted by the facility to or on behalf of those services.
- For the purposes of subdivision (b) of this paragraph, "test period" means the three hundred sixty-five day period beginning on the later of the date on which the tangible personal property is purchased or the date on which the direct broadcast satellite television or data transmission service first transmits information to its customers.
- 16. Clean rooms that are used for manufacturing, processing, fabrication or research and development, as defined in paragraph 14 of this subsection, of semiconductor products. For the purposes of this paragraph, "clean room" means all property that comprises or creates an environment where humidity, temperature, particulate matter and contamination are precisely controlled within specified parameters, without regard to whether the property is actually contained within that environment or whether any of the property is affixed to or incorporated into real property. Clean room:
- (a) Includes the integrated systems, fixtures, piping, movable partitions, lighting and all property that is necessary or adapted to reduce contamination or to control airflow, temperature, humidity, chemical purity or other environmental conditions or manufacturing tolerances, as well as the production machinery and equipment operating in conjunction with the clean room environment.
- (b) Does not include the building or other permanent, nonremovable component of the building that houses the clean room environment.
- 17. Machinery and equipment that are used directly in the feeding of poultry, the environmental control of housing for poultry, the movement of eggs within a production and packaging facility or the sorting or cooling of eggs. This exemption does not apply to vehicles used for transporting eggs.
- 18. Machinery or equipment, including related structural components, that is employed in connection with manufacturing, processing, fabricating, job printing, refining, mining, natural gas pipelines, metallurgical operations, telecommunications, producing or transmitting electricity or research and development and that is used directly to meet

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 or exceed rules or regulations adopted by the federal energy regulatory commission, the United States environmental protection agency, the United States nuclear regulatory commission, the Arizona department of environmental quality or a political subdivision of this state to prevent, monitor, control or reduce land, water or air pollution.

- 19. Machinery and equipment that are used in the commercial production of livestock, livestock products or agricultural, horticultural, viticultural or floricultural crops or products in this state, including production by a person representing or working on behalf of such a person in a manner described in section 42-5075, subsection 0, if the machinery and equipment are used directly and primarily to prevent, monitor, control or reduce air, water or land pollution.
- 20. Machinery or equipment that enables a television station to originate and broadcast or to receive and broadcast digital television signals and that was purchased to facilitate compliance with the telecommunications act of 1996 (P.L. 104-104; 110 Stat. 56; 47 United States Code section 336) and the federal communications commission order issued April 21, 1997 (47 Code of Federal Regulations part 73). This paragraph does not exempt any of the following:
- (a) Repair or replacement parts purchased for the machinery or equipment described in this paragraph.
- (b) Machinery or equipment purchased to replace machinery or equipment for which an exemption was previously claimed and taken under this paragraph.
- (c) Any machinery or equipment purchased after the television station has ceased analog broadcasting, or purchased after November 1, 2009, whichever occurs first.
- 21. Qualifying equipment that is purchased from and after June 30, 2004 through June 30, 2024 by a qualified business under section 41-1516 for harvesting or processing qualifying forest products removed from qualifying projects as defined in section 41-1516. To qualify for this exemption, the qualified business must obtain and present its certification from the Arizona commerce authority at the time of purchase.
- 22. Machinery, equipment, materials and other tangible personal property used directly and predominantly to construct a qualified environmental technology manufacturing, producing or processing facility as described in section 41-1514.02. This paragraph applies for ten full consecutive calendar or fiscal years after the start of initial construction.
- ${\tt C.}$ The exemptions provided by subsection B of this section do not include:
- 1. Expendable materials. For the purposes of this paragraph, expendable materials do not include any of the categories of tangible personal property specified in subsection B of this section regardless of the cost or useful life of that property.

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- 2. Janitorial equipment and hand tools.
- 3. Office equipment, furniture and supplies.
- 4. Tangible personal property used in selling or distributing activities, other than the telecommunications transmissions described in subsection B, paragraph 15 of this section.
- 5. Motor vehicles required to be licensed by this state, except buses or other urban mass transit vehicles specifically exempted pursuant to subsection B, paragraph 11 of this section, without regard to the use of such motor vehicles.
- 6. Shops, buildings, docks, depots and all other materials of whatever kind or character not specifically included as exempt.
 - 7. Motors and pumps used in drip irrigation systems.
- 8. Machinery and equipment or tangible personal property used by a contractor in the performance of a contract.
- 9. MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT OR TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY USED BY A CONTRACTOR IN THE PERFORMANCE OF A CONTRACT.
- D. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase price of electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:
- 1. Revenues received from sales of ancillary services, electric distribution services, electric generation services, electric transmission services and other services related to providing electricity to a retail electric customer who is located outside this state for use outside this state if the electricity is delivered to a point of sale outside this state.
- 2. Revenues received from providing electricity, including ancillary services, electric distribution services, electric generation services, electric transmission services and other services related to providing electricity with respect to which the transaction privilege tax imposed under section 42-5063 has been paid.
- E. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the purchase of solar energy devices from a retailer that is registered with the department as a solar energy retailer or a solar energy contractor.
- F. The following shall be deducted in computing the purchase price of electricity by a retail electric customer from a utility business:
- 1. Fees charged by a municipally owned utility to persons constructing residential, commercial or industrial developments or connecting residential, commercial or industrial developments to a municipal utility system or systems if the fees are segregated and used only for capital expansion, system enlargement or debt service of the utility system or systems.
- 2. Reimbursement or contribution compensation to any person or persons owning a utility system for property and equipment installed to provide utility access to, on or across the land of an actual utility consumer if the property and equipment become the property of the utility. This deduction shall not exceed the value of such property and equipment.

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- G. The tax levied by this article does not apply to the purchase price of electricity, natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas by:
- 1. A qualified manufacturing or smelting business. A utility that claims this deduction shall report each month, on a form prescribed by the department, the name and address of each qualified manufacturing or smelting business for which this deduction is taken. This paragraph applies to gas transportation services. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Gas transportation services" means the services of transporting natural gas to a natural gas customer or to a natural gas distribution facility if the natural gas was purchased from a supplier other than the utility.
- (b) "Manufacturing" means the performance as a business of an integrated series of operations that places tangible personal property in a form, composition or character different from that in which it was acquired and transforms it into a different product with a distinctive name, character or use. Manufacturing does not include job printing, publishing, packaging, mining, generating electricity or operating a restaurant.
- (c) "Qualified manufacturing or smelting business" means one of the following:
- (i) A business that manufactures or smelts tangible products in this state, of which at least fifty-one percent of the manufactured or smelted products will be exported out of state for incorporation into another product or sold out of state for a final sale.
- (ii) A business that derives at least fifty-one percent of its gross income from the sale of manufactured or smelted products manufactured or smelted by the business.
- (iii) A business that uses at least fifty-one percent of its square footage in this state for manufacturing or smelting and business activities directly related to manufacturing or smelting.
- (iv) A business that employs at least fifty-one percent of its workforce in this state in manufacturing or smelting and business activities directly related to manufacturing or smelting.
- (v) A business that uses at least fifty-one percent of the value of its capitalized assets in this state, as reflected on the business's books and records, for manufacturing or smelting and business activities directly related to manufacturing or smelting.
- (d) "Smelting" means to melt or fuse a metalliferous mineral, often with an accompanying chemical change, usually to separate the metal.
- 2. A business that operates an international operations center in this state and that is certified by the Arizona commerce authority pursuant to section 41-1520.

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- H. For the purposes of subsection B of this section:
- 1. "Agricultural aircraft" means an aircraft that is built for agricultural use for the aerial application of pesticides or fertilizer or for aerial seeding.
 - 2. "Aircraft" includes:
- (a) An airplane flight simulator that is approved by the federal aviation administration for use as a phase II or higher flight simulator under appendix H, 14 Code of Federal Regulations part 121.
- (b) Tangible personal property that is permanently affixed or attached as a component part of an aircraft that is owned or operated by a certificated or licensed carrier of persons or property.
- 3. "Other accessories and related equipment" includes aircraft accessories and equipment such as ground service equipment that physically contact aircraft at some point during the overall carrier operation.
- I. For the purposes of subsection D of this section, "ancillary services", "electric distribution service", "electric generation service", "electric transmission service" and "other services" have the same meanings prescribed in section 42-5063.
- Sec. 21. Section 42-5160, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-5160. Liability for tax

Any person who uses, stores or consumes any tangible personal property upon ON which a tax is imposed by this article and upon ON which the tax has not been collected by a registered retailer or utility business shall pay the tax as provided by this article, but every retailer and utility business maintaining a place of business in this state and making sales of tangible personal property for storage, use or other consumption in this state shall collect the tax from the purchaser or user unless the property is exempt under this article or the purchaser or user pays the tax directly to the department as provided by section 42-5167. In the case of a manufactured building that is purchased from a dealer outside this state and brought into this state, any person who is hired to set up the manufactured building and who is licensed pursuant to title 41, chapter 37, article 4 shall collect the tax from the owner and remit the tax with any tax that is due under the prime contracting MANUFACTURED BUILDING DEALER classification PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-5077.

Sec. 22. Title 42, chapter 6, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended by adding section 42-6001.01, to read:

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42-6001.01. <u>Municipal revenue sharing pool; allocation of monies; reports</u>
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A. BEGINNING FROM AND AFTER DECEMBER 31, 2019, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ESTABLISH AND MAINTAIN A MUNICIPAL REVENUE SHARING POOL AS PROVIDED BY THIS SECTION CONSISTING OF A PORTION OF MUNICIPAL TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE TAX REVENUES LEVIED ON AND COLLECTED EACH MONTH FROM MUNICIPAL TAXPAYERS

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 ENGAGED IN RETAIL BUSINESS. THE AMOUNT DEPOSITED IN THE POOL EACH MONTH SHALL BE DETERMINED AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. EACH MONTH DURING CALENDAR YEAR 2020, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DEPOSIT FOUR PERCENT OF THE MONTHLY RETAIL TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE TAX REVENUES FROM EACH CITY AND TOWN COLLECTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 42-6001.
- 2. THE DEPARTMENT SHALL DETERMINE THE MOST RECENT AMOUNT REPORTED AS OF JANUARY 1, 2020, JULY 1, 2020, AND SEMIANNUALLY THEREAFTER, BY THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR FOR CONSTRUCTION AS A PERCENTAGE OF ARIZONA STATE GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT.
- 3. BEGINNING JANUARY 1, 2021 AND ANNUALLY THEREAFTER, THE DEPARTMENT SHALL ADJUST THE MONTHLY PERCENTAGE AMOUNT DEPOSITED IN THE POOL PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 1 OF THIS SUBSECTION TO THE AVERAGE OF THE TWO PERCENTAGES DETERMINED IN THE PRECEDING CALENDAR YEAR PURSUANT TO PARAGRAPH 2 OF THIS SUBSECTION.
- B. EACH MONTH EACH CITY AND TOWN SHALL REPORT TO, AND IN A FORM PRESCRIBED BY, THE DEPARTMENT:
- 1. THE VALUE OF BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED BY THE CITY OR TOWN DURING THE PRECEDING MONTH.
- 2. THE VALUE OF BUILDING PERMITS CANCELED BY THE CITY OR TOWN DURING THE PRECEDING MONTH.
 - C. EACH MONTH THE DEPARTMENT SHALL:
- 1. COMPILE THE NET VALUE OF THE BUILDING PERMITS FOR EACH CITY AND TOWN, AVERAGED OVER THE PRECEDING THIRTY-SIX MONTHS.
- 2. ALLOCATE AND PAY THE MONIES IN THE REVENUE SHARING POOL AMONG THE CITIES AND TOWNS IN PROPORTION TO EACH CITY'S AND TOWN'S THIRTY-SIX-MONTH AVERAGE NET VALUE OF BUILDING PERMITS.
- Sec. 23. Section 42-6004, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 17, section 1, chapter 249, section 6 and chapter 341, section 2, is amended to read:

42-6004. Exemption from municipal tax; definitions

- A. A city, town or special taxing district shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use or other similar tax on:
- 1. Exhibition events in this state sponsored, conducted or operated by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual. This paragraph does not apply to an organization that is owned, managed or controlled, in whole or in part, by a major league baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, or by a major league baseball association or professional golfing association, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, unless the organization conducted or operated exhibition events in this state before January 1, 2018 that were exempt from state transaction privilege tax under section 42-5073.

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- 2. Interstate telecommunications services, which include that portion of telecommunications services, such as subscriber line service, allocable by federal law to interstate telecommunications service.
 - 3. Sales of warranty or service contracts.
- 4. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the motor vehicle dealer ships or delivers the motor vehicle to a destination outside this state.
 - 5. Interest on finance contracts.
 - 6. Dealer documentation fees on the sales of motor vehicles.
- 7. Orthodontic devices dispensed by a dental professional who is licensed under title 32, chapter 11 to a patient as part of the practice of dentistry.
- 8. Sales of internet access services to the person's subscribers and customers. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Internet" means the computer and telecommunications facilities that comprise the interconnected worldwide network of networks that employ the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio.
- (b) "Internet access" means a service that enables users to access content, information, electronic mail or other services over the internet. Internet access does not include telecommunication services provided by a common carrier.
- 9. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income retained by the Arizona exposition and state fair board from ride ticket sales at the annual Arizona state fair.
- 10. Leasing real property between affiliated companies, businesses, persons or reciprocal insurers. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Affiliated companies, businesses, persons or reciprocal insurers" means the lessor holds a controlling interest in the lessee, the lessee holds a controlling interest in the lessor, affiliated persons hold a controlling interest in both the lessor and the lessee, or an unrelated person holds a controlling interest in both the lessor and lessee.
- (b) "Affiliated persons" means members of the individual's family or persons who have ownership or control of a business entity.
- (c) "Controlling interest" means direct or indirect ownership of at least eighty percent of the voting shares of a corporation or of the interests in a company, business or person other than a corporation.
- (d) "Members of the individual's family" means the individual's spouse and brothers and sisters, whether by whole or half blood, including adopted persons, ancestors and lineal descendants.
- (e) "Reciprocal insurer" has the same meaning prescribed in section 20-762.
- 11. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract for the installation, assembly, repair or maintenance of

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machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property that is described in section 42-5061, subsection B and that has independent functional utility, pursuant to the following provisions:

- (a) The deduction provided in this paragraph includes the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from all of the following:
- (i) Any activity performed on machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property with independent functional utility.
- (ii) Any activity performed on any tangible personal property relating to machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property with independent functional utility in furtherance of any of the purposes provided for under subdivision (d) of this paragraph.
- (iii) Any activity that is related to the activities described in items (i) and (ii) of this subdivision, including inspecting the installation of or testing the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property.
- (b) The deduction provided in this paragraph does not include gross proceeds of sales or gross income from the portion of any contracting activity that consists of the development of, or modification to, real property in order to facilitate the installation, assembly, repair, maintenance or removal of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property described in section 42-5061, subsection B.
- (c) The deduction provided in this paragraph shall be determined without regard to the size or useful life of the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property.
- (d) For the purposes of this paragraph, "independent functional utility" means that the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property can independently perform its function without attachment to real property, other than attachment for any of the following purposes:
- (i) Assembling the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property.
- (ii) Connecting items of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property to each other.
- (iii) Connecting the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property, whether as an individual item or as a system of items, to water, power, gas, communication or other services.
- (iv) Stabilizing or protecting the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property during operation by bolting, burying or performing other dissimilar nonpermanent connections to either real property or real property improvements.
- 12. The leasing or renting of certified ignition interlock devices installed pursuant to the requirements prescribed by section 28-1461. For the purposes of this paragraph, "certified ignition interlock device" has the same meaning prescribed in section 28-1301.
- 13. Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by

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the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. For the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519.

14. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract with the owner of real property or improvements to real property for the maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of existing property, except as specified in this paragraph. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a de minimis amount of modification activity does not subject the contract or any part of the contract to tax. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) Each contract is independent of another contract, except that any change order that directly relates to the scope of work of the original contract shall be treated the same as the original contract under this paragraph, regardless of the amount of modification activities included in the change order. If a change order does not directly relate to the scope of work of the original contract, the change order shall be treated as a new contract, with the tax treatment of any subsequent change order to follow the tax treatment of the contract to which the scope of work of the subsequent change order directly relates.

(b) Any term not defined in this paragraph that is defined in section 42-5075 has the same meaning prescribed in section 42-5075.

(c) This paragraph does not apply to a contract that primarily involves surface or subsurface improvements to land and that is subject to title 28, chapter 19, 20 or 22 or title 34, chapter 2 or 6 even if the contract also includes vertical improvements. If a city or town imposes a tax on contracts that are subject to procurement processes under those provisions, the city or town shall include in the request for proposals a notice to bidders when those projects are subject to the tax. This subdivision does not apply to contracts with:

(i) Community facilities districts, fire districts, county television improvement districts, community park maintenance districts, cotton pest control districts, hospital districts, pest abatement districts, health service districts, agricultural improvement districts, county free library districts, county jail districts, county stadium districts, special health care districts, public health services districts, theme park districts or revitalization districts.

(ii) Any special taxing district not specified in item (i) of this subdivision if the district does not substantially engage in the modification, maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of surface or subsurface improvements to land.

 $\frac{15.}{14.}$ Monitoring services relating to an alarm system as defined in section 32-101.

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 $\frac{16.}{15.}$ Tangible personal property, job printing or publications sold to or purchased by, or tangible personal property leased, rented or licensed for use to or by, a qualifying health sciences educational institution as defined in section 42-5001.

- 17. 16. The transfer of title or possession of coal back and forth between an owner or operator of a power plant and a person who is responsible for refining coal if both of the following apply:
- (a) The transfer of title or possession of the coal is for the purpose of refining the coal.
- (b) The title or possession of the coal is transferred back to the owner or operator of the power plant after completion of the coal refining process. For the purposes of this subdivision, "coal refining process" means the application of a coal additive system that aids the reduction of power plant emissions during the combustion of coal and the treatment of flue gas.
- 18. Tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into a project described in paragraph 14 of this subsection, that is located within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual native American Indian who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose benefit the Indian reservation was established.
- (b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of the interior.
- (c) "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws of that Indian tribe.
- $\frac{19}{10}$. The charges for the leasing or renting of space to make attachments to utility poles as follows:
- (a) By a person that is engaged in the business of providing or furnishing electrical services or telecommunication services or that is a cable operator.
- (b) To a person that is engaged in the business of providing or furnishing electrical services or telecommunication services or that is a cable operator.
- 20. 18. Until March 1, 2017, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from entry fees paid by participants for events that consist of a run, walk, swim or bicycle ride or a similar event, or any combination of these events.

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 21. 19. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from entry fees paid by participants for events that are operated or conducted by nonprofit organizations that are exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and of which no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, if the event consists of a run, walk, swim or bicycle ride or a similar event, or any combination of these events.

- B. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor vehicle.
- C. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, gross receipts, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from any of the following:
- 1. A motor carrier's use on the public highways in this state if the motor carrier is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4.
- 2. Leasing, renting or licensing a motor vehicle subject to and on which the fee has been paid under title 28, chapter 16, article 4.
- 3. The sale of a motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle to a motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing, renting or licensing such property.
- 4. Incarcerating or detaining in a privately operated prison, jail or detention facility prisoners who are under the jurisdiction of the United States, this state or any other state or a political subdivision of this state or of any other state.
- 5. Transporting for hire persons, freight or property by light motor vehicles subject to a fee under title 28, chapter 15, article 4.
- 6. Any amount attributable to development fees that are incurred in relation to the construction, development or improvement of real property and paid by the taxpayer as defined in the model city tax code or by a contractor providing services to the taxpayer. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) The attributable amount shall not exceed the value of the development fees actually imposed.
- (b) The attributable amount is equal to the total amount of development fees paid by the taxpayer or by a contractor providing services to the taxpayer and the total development fees credited in exchange for the construction of, contribution to or dedication of real property for providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services necessary to the development. The real property must be the subject of the development fees.

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(c) "Development fees" means fees imposed to offset capital costs of providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services to a development and authorized pursuant to section 9-463.05, section 11-1102 or title 48 regardless of the jurisdiction to which the fees are paid.

- 6. SALES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY TO A PERSON THAT IS SUBJECT TO TAX BY REASON OF BEING ENGAGED IN BUSINESS CLASSIFIED UNDER THE HIGHWAY, STREET AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION CLASSIFICATION UNDER SECTION 42-5075, OR TO A SUBCONTRACTOR WORKING UNDER THE CONTROL OF A HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONTRACTOR THAT IS SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SECTION 42-5075, IF THE PROPERTY SOLD IS TO BE INCORPORATED BY THE PERSON INTO A HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE.
- 7. Any amount attributable to fees collected by transportation network companies issued a permit pursuant to section 28-9552.
- 8. Transporting for hire persons by transportation network company drivers on transactions involving transportation network services as defined in section 28-9551.
- 9. Transporting for hire persons by vehicle for hire companies that are issued permits pursuant to section 28-9503.
- 10. Transporting for hire persons by vehicle for hire drivers on transactions involving vehicle for hire services as defined in section 28-9501.
- D. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, in excess of one-tenth of one percent of the value of the entire product mined, smelted, extracted, refined, produced or prepared for sale, profit or commercial use, on persons engaged in the business of mineral processing, except to the extent that the tax is computed on the gross proceeds or gross income from sales at retail.
- E. A CITY, TOWN OR OTHER TAXING JURISDICTION SHALL NOT LEVY A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE, SALES, USE, FRANCHISE OR OTHER SIMILAR TAX OR FEE, HOWEVER DENOMINATED, ON THE GROSS PROCEEDS OR GROSS INCOME DERIVED FROM THE BUSINESS OF A PERSON THAT IS SUBJECT TO TAX BY REASON OF BEING ENGAGED IN BUSINESS CLASSIFIED UNDER THE HIGHWAY, STREET AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION CLASSIFICATION UNDER SECTION 42-5075, OR TO A SUBCONTRACTOR WORKING UNDER THE CONTROL OF A HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONTRACTOR THAT IS SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SECTION 42-5075. IF A CITY OR TOWN IMPOSES A TAX ON CONTRACTS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO PROCUREMENT PROCESSES UNDER TITLE 28, CHAPTER 19, 20 OR 22 OR TITLE 34, CHAPTER 2 OR 6, THE CITY OR TOWN SHALL INCLUDE IN THE REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS A NOTICE TO BIDDERS WHEN THOSE PROJECTS ARE SUBJECT TO THE TAX.
- F. In computing the tax base, any city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not include in the gross proceeds of sales or gross income:

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- 1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.
 - 2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.
- F. G. A city or town shall not levy a use tax on the storage, use or consumption of tangible personal property in the city or town by a school district or charter school.
 - G. H. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Cable operator" has the same meaning prescribed in section 9-505.
- 2. "Electrical services" means transmitting or distributing electricity, electric lights, current or power over lines, wires or cables.
- 3. "Telecommunication services" means transmitting or relaying sound, visual image, data, information, images or material over lines, wires or cables by radio signal, light beam, telephone, telegraph or other electromagnetic means.
- 4. "Utility pole" means any wooden, metal or other pole used for utility purposes and the pole's appurtenances that are attached or authorized for attachment by the person controlling the pole.
- Sec. 24. Section 42-6004, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 17, section 1, chapter 249, section 6, chapter 263, section 3 and chapter 341, section 2, is amended to read:
 - 42-6004. Exemption from municipal tax: definitions
- A. A city, town or special taxing district shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use or other similar tax on:
- 1. Exhibition events in this state sponsored, conducted or operated by a nonprofit organization that is exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3), 501(c)(4) or 501(c)(6) of the internal revenue code if the organization is associated with a major league baseball team or a national touring professional golfing association and no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual. This paragraph does not apply to an organization that is owned, managed or controlled, in whole or in part, by a major league baseball team, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, or by a major league baseball association or professional golfing association, or its owners, officers, employees or agents, unless the organization conducted or operated exhibition events in this state before January 1, 2018 that were exempt from state transaction privilege tax under section 42-5073.
- 2. Interstate telecommunications services, which include that portion of telecommunications services, such as subscriber line service, allocable by federal law to interstate telecommunications service.
 - 3. Sales of warranty or service contracts.

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- 4. Sales of motor vehicles to nonresidents of this state for use outside this state if the motor vehicle dealer ships or delivers the motor vehicle to a destination outside this state.
 - 5. Interest on finance contracts.
 - 6. Dealer documentation fees on the sales of motor vehicles.
- 7. Orthodontic devices dispensed by a dental professional who is licensed under title 32, chapter 11 to a patient as part of the practice of dentistry.
- 8. Sales of internet access services to the person's subscribers and customers. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Internet" means the computer and telecommunications facilities that comprise the interconnected worldwide network of networks that employ the transmission control protocol or internet protocol, or any predecessor or successor protocol, to communicate information of all kinds by wire or radio.
- (b) "Internet access" means a service that enables users to access content, information, electronic mail or other services over the internet. Internet access does not include telecommunication services provided by a common carrier.
- 9. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income retained by the Arizona exposition and state fair board from ride ticket sales at the annual Arizona state fair.
- 10. Leasing real property between affiliated companies, businesses, persons or reciprocal insurers. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Affiliated companies, businesses, persons or reciprocal insurers" means the lessor holds a controlling interest in the lessee, the lessee holds a controlling interest in the lessor, affiliated persons hold a controlling interest in both the lessor and the lessee, or an unrelated person holds a controlling interest in both the lessor and lessee.
- (b) "Affiliated persons" means members of the individual's family or persons who have ownership or control of a business entity.
- (c) "Controlling interest" means direct or indirect ownership of at least eighty percent of the voting shares of a corporation or of the interests in a company, business or person other than a corporation.
- (d) "Members of the individual's family" means the individual's spouse and brothers and sisters, whether by whole or half blood, including adopted persons, ancestors and lineal descendants.
- (e) "Reciprocal insurer" has the same meaning prescribed in section 20-762.
- 11. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract for the installation, assembly, repair or maintenance of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property that is described in section 42-5061, subsection B and that has independent functional utility, pursuant to the following provisions:

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- (a) The deduction provided in this paragraph includes the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from all of the following:
- (i) Any activity performed on machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property with independent functional utility.
- (ii) Any activity performed on any tangible personal property relating to machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property with independent functional utility in furtherance of any of the purposes provided for under subdivision (d) of this paragraph.
- (iii) Any activity that is related to the activities described in items (i) and (ii) of this subdivision, including inspecting the installation of or testing the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property.
- (b) The deduction provided in this paragraph does not include gross proceeds of sales or gross income from the portion of any contracting activity that consists of the development of, or modification to, real property in order to facilitate the installation, assembly, repair, maintenance or removal of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property described in section 42-5061, subsection B.
- (c) The deduction provided in this paragraph shall be determined without regard to the size or useful life of the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property.
- (d) For the purposes of this paragraph, "independent functional utility" means that the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property can independently perform its function without attachment to real property, other than attachment for any of the following purposes:
- (i) Assembling the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property.
- (ii) Connecting items of machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property to each other.
- (iii) Connecting the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property, whether as an individual item or as a system of items, to water, power, gas, communication or other services.
- (iv) Stabilizing or protecting the machinery, equipment or other tangible personal property during operation by bolting, burying or performing other dissimilar nonpermanent connections to either real property or real property improvements.
- 12. The leasing or renting of certified ignition interlock devices installed pursuant to the requirements prescribed by section 28-1461. For the purposes of this paragraph, "certified ignition interlock device" has the same meaning prescribed in section 28-1301.
- 13. Computer data center equipment sold to the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant of a computer data center that is certified by the Arizona commerce authority under section 41-1519 or an authorized agent of the owner, operator or qualified colocation tenant during the qualification period for use in the qualified computer data center. For

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 the purposes of this paragraph, "computer data center", "computer data center equipment", "qualification period" and "qualified colocation tenant" have the same meanings prescribed in section 41-1519.

14. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a contract with the owner of real property or improvements to real property for the maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of existing property, except as specified in this paragraph. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from a de minimis amount of modification activity does not subject the contract or any part of the contract to tax. For the purposes of this paragraph:

(a) Each contract is independent of another contract, except that any change order that directly relates to the scope of work of the original contract shall be treated the same as the original contract under this paragraph, regardless of the amount of modification activities included in the change order. If a change order does not directly relate to the scope of work of the original contract, the change order shall be treated as a new contract, with the tax treatment of any subsequent change order to follow the tax treatment of the contract to which the scope of work of the subsequent change order directly relates.

(b) Any term not defined in this paragraph that is defined in section 42-5075 has the same meaning prescribed in section 42-5075.

(c) This paragraph does not apply to a contract that primarily involves surface or subsurface improvements to land and that is subject to title 28, chapter 19, 20 or 22 or title 34, chapter 2 or 6 even if the contract also includes vertical improvements. If a city or town imposes a tax on contracts that are subject to procurement processes under those provisions, the city or town shall include in the request for proposals a notice to bidders when those projects are subject to the tax. This subdivision does not apply to contracts with:

(i) Community facilities districts, fire districts, county television improvement districts, community park maintenance districts, cotton pest control districts, hospital districts, pest abatement districts, health service districts, agricultural improvement districts, county free library districts, county jail districts, county stadium districts, special health care districts, public health services districts, theme park districts or revitalization districts.

(ii) Any special taxing district not specified in item (i) of this subdivision if the district does not substantially engage in the modification, maintenance, repair, replacement or alteration of surface or subsurface improvements to land.

 $\frac{15.}{14.}$ Monitoring services relating to an alarm system as defined in section 32-101.

16. 15. Tangible personal property, job printing or publications sold to or purchased by, or tangible personal property leased, rented or

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 licensed for use to or by, a qualifying health sciences educational institution as defined in section 42-5001.

 $\frac{17}{10}$. The sale of coal.

- 18. Tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into a project described in paragraph 14 of this subsection, that is located within the exterior boundaries of an Indian reservation for which the owner, as defined in section 42-5075, of the project is an Indian tribe or an affiliated Indian. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) "Affiliated Indian" means an individual native American Indian who is duly registered on the tribal rolls of the Indian tribe for whose benefit the Indian reservation was established.
- (b) "Indian reservation" means all lands that are within the limits of areas set aside by the United States for the exclusive use and occupancy of an Indian tribe by treaty, law or executive order and that are recognized as Indian reservations by the United States department of the interior.
- (c) "Indian tribe" means any organized nation, tribe, band or community that is recognized as an Indian tribe by the United States department of the interior and includes any entity formed under the laws of that Indian tribe.
- $\frac{19.}{10.}$ 17. The charges for the leasing or renting of space to make attachments to utility poles as follows:
- (a) By a person that is engaged in the business of providing or furnishing electrical services or telecommunication services or that is a cable operator.
- (b) To a person that is engaged in the business of providing or furnishing electrical services or telecommunication services or that is a cable operator.
- 20. 18. Until March 1, 2017, the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from entry fees paid by participants for events that consist of a run, walk, swim or bicycle ride or a similar event, or any combination of these events.
- 21. 19. The gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from entry fees paid by participants for events that are operated or conducted by nonprofit organizations that are exempt from taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the internal revenue code and of which no part of the organization's net earnings inures to the benefit of any private shareholder or individual, if the event consists of a run, walk, swim or bicycle ride or a similar event, or any combination of these events.
- B. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, on natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas used to propel a motor vehicle.
- C. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, gross receipts, use, franchise or other

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 similar tax or fee, however denominated, on gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived from any of the following:

- 1. A motor carrier's use on the public highways in this state if the motor carrier is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4.
- 2. Leasing, renting or licensing a motor vehicle subject to and on which the fee has been paid under title 28, chapter 16, article 4.
- 3. The sale of a motor vehicle and any repair and replacement parts and tangible personal property becoming a part of such motor vehicle to a motor carrier who is subject to a fee prescribed in title 28, chapter 16, article 4 and who is engaged in the business of leasing, renting or licensing such property.
- 4. Incarcerating or detaining in a privately operated prison, jail or detention facility prisoners who are under the jurisdiction of the United States, this state or any other state or a political subdivision of this state or of any other state.
- 5. Transporting for hire persons, freight or property by light motor vehicles subject to a fee under title 28, chapter 15, article 4.
- 6. Any amount attributable to development fees that are incurred in relation to the construction, development or improvement of real property and paid by the taxpayer as defined in the model city tax code or by a contractor providing services to the taxpayer. For the purposes of this paragraph:
- (a) The attributable amount shall not exceed the value of the development fees actually imposed.
- (b) The attributable amount is equal to the total amount of development fees paid by the taxpayer or by a contractor providing services to the taxpayer and the total development fees credited in exchange for the construction of, contribution to or dedication of real property for providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services necessary to the development. The real property must be the subject of the development fees.
- (c) "Development fees" means fees imposed to offset capital costs of providing public infrastructure, public safety or other public services to a development and authorized pursuant to section 9-463.05, section 11-1102 or title 48 regardless of the jurisdiction to which the fees are paid.
- 6. SALES OF TANGIBLE PERSONAL PROPERTY TO A PERSON THAT IS SUBJECT TO TAX BY REASON OF BEING ENGAGED IN BUSINESS CLASSIFIED UNDER THE HIGHWAY, STREET AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION CLASSIFICATION UNDER SECTION 42-5075, OR TO A SUBCONTRACTOR WORKING UNDER THE CONTROL OF A HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONTRACTOR THAT IS SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SECTION 42-5075, IF THE PROPERTY SOLD IS TO BE INCORPORATED BY THE PERSON INTO A HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE.

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- 7. Any amount attributable to fees collected by transportation network companies issued a permit pursuant to section 28-9552.
- 8. Transporting for hire persons by transportation network company drivers on transactions involving transportation network services as defined in section 28-9551.
- 9. Transporting for hire persons by vehicle for hire companies that are issued permits pursuant to section 28-9503.
- 10. Transporting for hire persons by vehicle for hire drivers on transactions involving vehicle for hire services as defined in section 28-9501.
- D. A city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not levy a transaction privilege, sales, use, franchise or other similar tax or fee, however denominated, in excess of one-tenth of one percent of the value of the entire product mined, smelted, extracted, refined, produced or prepared for sale, profit or commercial use, on persons engaged in the business of mineral processing, except to the extent that the tax is computed on the gross proceeds or gross income from sales at retail.
- E. A CITY, TOWN OR OTHER TAXING JURISDICTION SHALL NOT LEVY A TRANSACTION PRIVILEGE, SALES, USE, FRANCHISE OR OTHER SIMILAR TAX OR FEE, HOWEVER DENOMINATED, ON THE GROSS PROCEEDS OR GROSS INCOME DERIVED FROM THE BUSINESS OF A PERSON THAT IS SUBJECT TO TAX BY REASON OF BEING ENGAGED IN BUSINESS CLASSIFIED UNDER THE HIGHWAY, STREET AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION CLASSIFICATION UNDER SECTION 42-5075, OR TO A SUBCONTRACTOR WORKING UNDER THE CONTROL OF A HIGHWAY, STREET OR BRIDGE CONTRACTOR THAT IS SUBJECT TO TAX UNDER SECTION 42-5075. IF A CITY OR TOWN IMPOSES A TAX ON CONTRACTS THAT ARE SUBJECT TO PROCUREMENT PROCESSES UNDER TITLE 28, CHAPTER 19, 20 OR 22 OR TITLE 34, CHAPTER 2 OR 6, THE CITY OR TOWN SHALL INCLUDE IN THE REQUEST FOR PROPOSALS A NOTICE TO BIDDERS WHEN THOSE PROJECTS ARE SUBJECT TO THE TAX.
- F. F. In computing the tax base, any city, town or other taxing jurisdiction shall not include in the gross proceeds of sales or gross income:
- 1. A manufacturer's cash rebate on the sales price of a motor vehicle if the buyer assigns the buyer's right in the rebate to the retailer.
 - 2. The waste tire disposal fee imposed pursuant to section 44-1302.
- F. G. A city or town shall not levy a use tax on the storage, use or consumption of tangible personal property in the city or town by a school district or charter school.
 - G. H. For the purposes of this section:
- 1. "Cable operator" has the same meaning prescribed in section 9-505.
- 2. "Electrical services" means transmitting or distributing electricity, electric lights, current or power over lines, wires or cables.

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- 3. "Telecommunication services" means transmitting or relaying sound, visual image, data, information, images or material over lines, wires or cables by radio signal, light beam, telephone, telegraph or other electromagnetic means.
- 4. "Utility pole" means any wooden, metal or other pole used for utility purposes and the pole's appurtenances that are attached or authorized for attachment by the person controlling the pole.
- Sec. 25. Section 42-6102, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

42-6102. Administration: exception

- A. Unless the context otherwise requires, chapter 5, article 1 of this title governs the administration of the taxes imposed by this article, except that:
- 1. A separate license is not required for the taxes imposed by this article, and the taxes due under this article shall be included, reported and paid with the transaction privilege tax.
- 2. A separate bond is not required of employees of the department in administering this article.
- 3. The taxes imposed by this article may be included without segregation in any notice and lien filed for unpaid transaction privilege taxes.
- B. The taxes imposed pursuant to this article do not apply to the gross proceeds of sales or gross income derived pursuant to contracts entered into before the date of the election to authorize the tax by prime contractors and owner builders HIGHWAY, STREET AND BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTORS who are classified under sections SECTION 42-5075 and 42-5076 unless the contract contains a provision which THAT entitles the contractor to recover the amount of the tax from a purchaser. In order to qualify for this exemption, the contractor shall provide sufficient documentation, in a manner and form prescribed by the department, to verify that a contract was entered into before the date of the election to authorize the tax.
- Sec. 26. Subject to the requirements of article IV, part 1, section 1, Constitution of Arizona, section 43-1072.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

43-1072.01. Credit for increased excise taxes paid

- A. Subject to the conditions prescribed by this section and if approved by the qualified electors voting at a statewide general election, for taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2000, a credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this chapter for a taxable year for a taxpayer who is not claimed as a dependent by any other taxpayer and whose federal adjusted gross income is:
- 1. Twenty-five thousand dollars \$25,000 or less for a married couple or a single person who is a head of a household.

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- 2. Twelve thousand five hundred dollars \$12,500 or less for a single person or a married person filing separately.
- B. The credit is considered to be in mitigation of increased tax rates pursuant to section 42-5010, subsection G and section 42-5155, subsection $\frac{1}{100}$ E.
- C. The amount of the credit shall not exceed twenty-five dollars \$25 for each person who is a resident of this state and for whom a personal or dependent exemption is allowed with respect to the taxpayer pursuant to section 43-1023, subsection B, paragraph 1 and section 43-1043, but not more than one hundred dollars AND SHALL NOT EXCEED \$100 for all persons in the taxpayer's household, as defined in section 43-1072.
- D. If the allowable amount of the credit exceeds the income taxes otherwise due on the claimant's income, the amount of the claim not used as an offset against income taxes shall be paid in the same manner as a refund granted under section 42-1118. Refunds made pursuant to this subsection are subject to setoff under section 42-1122.
- E. The department shall make available suitable forms with instructions for claimants. Claimants who certify on the prescribed form that they have no income tax liability for the taxable year and who do not meet the filing requirements of section 43-301 are not required to file an individual income tax return. The claim shall be in a form prescribed by the department.
- F. For taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2002, a person who is sentenced for at least sixty days of the taxable year to the custody of the federal bureau of prisons, the state department of corrections or a county jail is not eligible to claim a credit pursuant to this section.
- G. For taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2014, any tax return or form prescribed $\frac{\text{by}}{\text{pursuant}}$ PURSUANT TO subsection E of this section must have:
- 1. A social security number that is valid for employment for the claimant.
- 2. Either a valid social security number or an individual taxpayer identification number issued by the internal revenue service for the claimant's spouse and any qualifying children of the claimant.
- Sec. 27. Section 43-1072.02, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

43-1072.02. <u>Credit for increased transaction privilege or excise tax paid for education</u>

A. Subject to the conditions prescribed by this section, for taxable years beginning from and after December 31, 2020 and ending before January 1, 2042, a credit is allowed against the taxes imposed by this chapter for a taxable year for a taxpayer who is not claimed as a

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 dependent by any other taxpayer and whose federal adjusted gross income is:

- 1. Twenty-five thousand dollars \$25,000 or less for a married couple or a single person who is a head of a household.
- 2. Twelve thousand five hundred dollars \$12,500 or less for a single person or a married person filing separately.
- B. The credit is considered to be in mitigation of increased tax rates pursuant to section 42-5010.01 and section 42-5155, subsection $\frac{E}{C}$ F.
- C. The amount of the credit may not exceed twenty-five dollars \$25 for each person who is a resident of this state and for whom a personal or dependent exemption is allowed with respect to the taxpayer pursuant to section 43-1023, subsection B, paragraph 1 and section 43-1043, but not more than one hundred dollars \$100 for all persons in the taxpayer's household, as defined in section 43-1072.
- D. If the allowable amount of the credit exceeds the income taxes otherwise due on the claimant's income, the amount of the claim not used as an offset against income taxes shall be paid in the same manner as a refund granted under section 42-1118. Refunds made pursuant to this subsection are subject to setoff under section 42-1122.
- E. A person who is sentenced for at least sixty days of the taxable year to the custody of the federal bureau of prisons, the state department of corrections or a county jail is not eligible to claim a credit pursuant to this section.
- F. The department shall make available suitable forms with instructions for claimants. Claimants who certify on the prescribed form that they have no income tax liability for the taxable year and who do not meet the filing requirements of section 43-301 are not required to file an individual income tax return. The claim shall be in a form prescribed by the department.
- ${\sf G.}$ A tax return or form prescribed by subsection ${\sf F}$ of this section must have:
- 2. Either a valid social security number or an individual taxpayer identification number issued by the internal revenue service for the claimant's spouse and any qualifying children of the claimant.
- Sec. 28. Section 44-1263, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

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44-1263. <u>Inability to conform motor vehicle to express</u>
warranty: replacement of vehicle or refund of
monies; affirmative defenses; tax refund
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A. If the manufacturer, its agents or its authorized dealers are unable to conform the motor vehicle to any applicable express warranty by repairing or correcting any defect or condition $\frac{1}{2}$ THAT substantially impairs the use and value of the motor vehicle to the consumer after a

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 reasonable number of attempts, the manufacturer shall replace the motor vehicle with a new motor vehicle or accept return of the motor vehicle from the consumer and refund to the consumer the full purchase price, including all collateral charges, less MINUS a reasonable allowance for the consumer's use of the vehicle. The manufacturer shall make refunds to the consumer and lienholder, if any, as their interests appear. A reasonable allowance for use is that amount directly attributable to use by the consumer before his THE CONSUMER'S first written report of the nonconformity to the manufacturer, agent or dealer and during any subsequent period when the vehicle is not out of service by reason of repair.

- B. It is an affirmative defense to any claim under this article that either:
- 1. An alleged nonconformity does not substantially impair the use and market value of the motor vehicle.
- 2. A nonconformity is the result of abuse, neglect or unauthorized modifications or alterations of the motor vehicle.
- C. In the case of taxes paid pursuant to title 42, chapter 5, if the manufacturer:
- 1. Accepts return of a motor vehicle from a consumer without replacing the motor vehicle, the manufacturer shall refund the amount of tax attributed to the sale of the vehicle to that consumer.
- 2. Replaces a motor vehicle with a new motor vehicle of lesser value, the manufacturer shall refund the difference between the original amount of tax attributed to the sale of that vehicle and the amount of tax attributed to the sale of the replacement vehicle, excluding the value of the motor vehicle being replaced.
- 3. Replaces a motor vehicle with a new motor vehicle of greater value, the manufacturer shall calculate the gross proceeds of sales pursuant to section 42-5001, paragraph 6-8.
- D. Pursuant to section 42-1118, subsection F, the manufacturer may apply to the department of revenue for a refund for the amount of tax that the manufacturer properly refunds to the consumer.
- Sec. 29. Section 49-290, Arizona Revised Statutes, is amended to read:

49-290. Exemption from permit requirements; definition

- A. Notwithstanding any other statute, a person who performs a remedial action or a portion of a remedial action that has been approved by the department if that action or portion is conducted in compliance with this article is not subject to any requirement to obtain any permit or approval that may otherwise be required by the department.
- B. Except as prescribed in subsection D of this section, a person who conducts a portion of a remedial action, where that portion is entirely on site and is conducted in compliance with this article, may be exempted from a requirement to obtain any other state or local permit or

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approval, other than any requirement of title 45, at the written request of the person conducting the remedial action. The written request shall identify the specific permit to be exempted and the reasons the exemption is requested. The permit may be exempted if the director finds both of the following:

- 1. The requirement does not arise out of any permit or regulatory program that is required pursuant to the laws of the United States.
- 2. The requirement presents a substantial impediment to effective performance of the remedial action selected by the department.
- C. The director may waive any regulatory requirement adopted pursuant to this title with respect to a site or portion of a site as part of a record of decision adopted pursuant to section 49-287.04 for that site or portion of a site if the regulatory requirement conflicts with the implementation of the selected remedy, provided that the waiver does not result in adverse impacts to public health or the environment. No waiver may be granted under this subsection if it is prohibited by federal law or if the waiver would jeopardize the continued delegation to the state of authority to implement a federal environmental program.
- D. Discharge of wastewater to off-site publicly owned treatment works and sewer systems does not constitute an activity conducted entirely on site for purposes of subsection B of this section.
- E. The director shall give written notice of any request for exemption made pursuant to subsection B of this section to the remedial action coordinator designated pursuant to subsection G of this section by the governmental entity whose permit requirements are the subject of the request. Before making any finding pursuant to subsection B of this section, the director or the director's designee shall meet and confer with the remedial action coordinator and the person conducting the remedial action to identify alternatives to exemption.
- F. Any finding made by the director pursuant to subsection B of this section shall be in writing. The governmental entity whose permit requirement is preempted as a result of such finding is not liable for property damage, personal injury damage or violations of state or local law resulting from the exemption. The director shall notify the affected governmental entity of any finding made pursuant to subsection B of this section. A finding of the director made pursuant to subsection B of this section is a final administrative decision as defined in section 41-1092 and is subject to judicial review pursuant to title 12, chapter 7, article 6.
- G. Each city, town and county shall designate a remedial action coordinator who shall have responsibility for monitoring and facilitating any remedial actions conducted within its jurisdiction. The designated remedial action coordinator shall:

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- 1. Regularly consult, as needed, with the department and the person conducting a remedial action throughout the duration of the remedial action.
- 2. Expedite the processing and issuance of permits, approvals or other authorizations required by the governmental entity represented by the remedial action coordinator, to facilitate the prompt conduct of a remedial action.
- 3. Provide information to the department and the person conducting the remedial action regarding applicable requirements of the governmental entity represented by the remedial action coordinator and the potential for waiver of such requirements.
- H. In order to encourage remediation activities under this article and to conserve the fund, neither this state nor any county that imposes an excise or similar tax that is levied at a rate applied as a percentage of the rates on each business class subject to the tax imposed by title 42, chapter 5, article 1 may impose a tax on the sale or purchase of tangible personal property incorporated or fabricated into any real property, structure, project, development or improvement under a contract specified in section 42-5075, subsection B, paragraph 6.
- f. H. For purposes of this section, "on site" means the areal extent of contamination and all suitable areas in close proximity to the contamination that are reasonably necessary for implementation of the remedial action.

Sec. 30. Exemption from rulemaking

For the purposes of this act, the department of revenue is exempt from the rulemaking requirements of title 41, chapter 6, Arizona Revised Statutes, through December 31, 2019.

Sec. 31. <u>Transition; applicability of taxes to preexisting</u> and subsequent contracts

- A. This act does not apply to or affect the tax and other contractual liabilities with respect to contracts that were entered into before January 1, 2020 by a person who engaged in business under the prime contracting classification pursuant to section 42-5075, Arizona Revised Statutes, before that date. The tax imposed by title 42, chapter 5, article 1, Arizona Revised Statutes, is levied and shall be collected with respect to those contracts at the same rate applied to the same tax base and subject to the same distribution of revenues, as determined pursuant to sections 42-5010 and 42-5075, Arizona Revised Statutes, as in effect on December 31, 2019.
- B. From and after December 31, 2019, the sale of tangible personal property to a contractor for incorporation or fabrication, pursuant to a contract entered into before January 1, 2020, into any project that was subject to a deduction under section 42-5075, subsection B, Arizona Revised Statutes, as in effect on December 31, 2019, is not subject to tax under section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act.

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- C. Tangible personal property that was purchased before January 1, 2020 by a person who engaged in business under the prime contracting classification, or who performed contracting services within the control of a prime contractor pursuant to section 42-5075, Arizona Revised Statutes, in effect before January 1, 2020, and that was not incorporated into a project for which the contract was entered into before January 1, 2020, is subject to use taxation pursuant to section 42-5155, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act.
- D. This act applies with respect to any contract entered into by a highway, street or bridge construction contractor, or any contract entered into pursuant to a written bid made by a highway, street or bridge construction contractor, from and after December 31, 2019 as provided by section 42-5075, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act.
- E. To verify the applicability of this section to any contract, a contractor must maintain, and provide to the department of revenue on request, sufficient documentation of the date of the contract or the written bid.

Sec. 32. Effective date: compilation of building permit data

- A. Except as provided in section 33 of this act and except for section 42-6001.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act, this act is effective from and after December 31, 2019.
- B. In preparation for allocation and payments of monies from the municipal revenue sharing pool pursuant to section 42-6001.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act, before January 1, 2020 the department of revenue shall compile and compute the net value of building permits for each city and town for each month from January 2017 through December 2019. The department shall use these values for the purposes stated in section 42-6001.01, subsection C, Arizona Revised Statutes, as added by this act.

Sec. 33. Conditional enactment

Section 42-5061, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 104, section 15, chapter 249, section 1 and chapter 263, section 1 and this act, and section 42-6004, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by Laws 2018, chapter 17, section 1, chapter 249, section 6, chapter 263, section 3 and chapter 341, section 2 and this act, become effective on the date prescribed by Laws 2018, chapter 263, section 5 but only on the occurrence of the condition prescribed by Laws 2018, chapter 263, section 5.

Sec. 34. Requirements for enactment; three-fourths vote

Pursuant to article IV, part 1, section 1, Constitution of Arizona, sections 42-5029, 42-5155 and 43-1072.01, Arizona Revised Statutes, as amended by this act, are effective only on the affirmative vote of at least three-fourths of the members of each house of the legislature.

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